THE WEATHER.

Rain Sunday and probably Monday, moderate northeast winds.

# THE MORNING STAR

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## PRESIDENT WARNS AGAINST DEFEAT

Library of Congress

### Took His Most Advanced Position For Reciprocity In Illinois Speech

### AIMED AT HIS PARTY LEADERS

Declares If High Prices Continue Protective Tariff Will Be Wiped from Statute Books—Pays Tribute to Lincoln.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 11.—President Taft today took his most advanced position with regard to the consideration of reciprocity. In an address before a joint session of an Illinois Legislature he warned the leaders of his party that if they should defeat the concession contained in the reciprocity agreement now pending in Congress and should persist in retaining in these times of high prices and gradually exhausting food supply a tariff not based solely upon the difference in cost of production at nome and abroad, with a reasonable profit to the American producer, an opposition will be aroused that will know no moderation and will wipe from the statute books the last trace of a protective tariff.

This announcement came on the heels of news from Washington that the reciprocity agreement had met with favorable report in the House Committee on Ways and Means only through the help of Democratic votes. President feels keenly the opposition to reciprocity from members of the Republican party, but he is sanguine in the hope that they will 'see the light" before it is too late. He was immensely gratified by the manner in which his reciprocity speeches were received today especially by the Legislature audience at the State capitol. His first announcement there that his theme was to be reciprocity called out a burst of applause. Proceeding then to outline some of the schedules in the Canadian pact, the President was listened to with the greatest attention. As he reached a summing up of the situation the interruptions of applause became more frequent, and when he had concluded the plauuits were fairly deafening, and this despite the fact that Speaker Cannon had sent a message from Washington to the Legislature strongly opposing any sort of reciprocity.

The President came to Sprinfield today for a double purpose. The first of those was to place a wreath upon the tomb of Abraham Lincoln and to pay a tribute to the memory of "the great emancipator."

"He was the greatest citizen of your State," the President said, "and with Washington the greatest citizen of the United States."

Mr. Taft's second purpose was to drive some additional arguments in favor of reciprocity. His speeches in this city came as the sequel of a morning campaign at Champaign, Monticello, Decatur and at Millikin University. The crowds which greeted Mr. Taft at every point were the largest of any of his tours as President. The streets of Springfield were thronged as the presidential special arrived over the Illinois Traction Trolley system.

Arriving here the President went direct to the capitol. He is the first President who ever addressed an Illinois Legislature. The State senators and representatives were in many cases accompanied by their wives or other members of their families.

Speaker Adkins introduced the President. Mr. Taft launched at once in his prepared address. He reviewed the tariff provisions of the Chicago platform of 1908, and said that the conditions of production in Canada and the United States are so nearly similar that a tariff based on a difference of cost as between this and other countries would amount in the case of Canada, to substantial free trade.

**Taft to Legislature.**

President Taft defended the proposed reciprocity agreement with Canada in an address before the Illinois Legislature here today as " the logical conclusion" of the protection plank in the last Republican National platform. He defined the protection theory as one that should impose a tariff not exceeding the difference in the cost of production in this country and abroad and allowing a fair margin of profit for the home producer. He argued, therefore, that inasmuch as the conditions of production in the United States and Canada "were substantially the same" the widest latitude was given Secretary Knox and the commissioners, who represented the United States in offering Canada a reduction of duties on goods and products coming into this country from Canada in consideration of the establishment of the same duty, or freedom from duty, on similar goods going into Canada.

The President explained that it was thought wiser on behalf of both governments not to make a formal treaty "but to make an agreement between the executives by which each, exercising the constitutional power in his government, should submit the agreement in the form or a statute to be

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## WILSON MURDERER CAPTURED

Negro Arrested at Maxton Fully Identified and Confesses to Crime. To Raleigh for Safe Keeping—Reward.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 11.—Identified today as Lewis West, one of the outlaws charged with the murder at Wilson a week ago of Deputy Sheriff Munford, the mixed-breed Croatan Indian, who was captured late last night in a negro restaurant at Maxton, today was placed behind the bars in the Munford was killed, as also was Wade

He says that Dave Young, who he was thought to be when captured last night, was with him in Wilson when Munford was killed, as also was Wawe Williams, Matthew Mebane and Ed Nelson, in pursuit of whom officers have started. West was identified by Deputy Sheriff Monaghan and by C. L. Mansfield, of Wilson.

When Captured West, who stands six feet two inches, had on him seven pistols and a quart of cartridges, weighing eight pounds. Two wounds which he bears, one above the heart and the other in the left leg, were caused, he says, by shots fired by Chief of Police Glover, of Wilson.

West said he had been hiding in the woods between Wilson and Maxton for the past week, but that last night he was so tired and hungry he had to go in the store, where he was captured, to get something to eat.

**The Maxton Story.**

Maxton, N. C., Feb. 11.—Lewis West entered the restaurant of Tom Brewington shortly after 8 o'clock last night and produced a pistol which he offered to exchange for something to eat. Brewington at once suspected the identity of West, and going out the back door quietly informed Chief of Police Dunlap that the negro was in his restaurant! The latter hastily summoned deputies and proceeding to the restaurant, got the drop on the desperado who gave up and was taken to the guard house where he remained under guard during the night. Wilson and Fayetteville were at once asked to send identification and Sheriff Sharp, of Wilson, and Mr. Lonnie Mansfield arrived on Train 85 at Fayetteville and proceeded here this morning with Sheriff McEachy, of Cumberland; Deputy Sheriff Monoghan, Policeman E. B. Hall and Mr. Howard Smith. West, upon being identified admitted he was the man wanted and told of being shot at Wilson and all the circumstances in connection with his depredations. West was taken to Raleigh on the Seaboard train this morning at 8:30 o'clock, being accompanied by Sheriff Sharp, Deputy Sheriff Monoghan, Policeman Hall, Chief of Police Dunlap, Mr. Smith and Mr. Mansfield. The total amount of reward for West aggregates $1,300. It is believed that he is at the head of a band of thieves who have been operating up and down the Coast Line between Maxton and Wilson for some time. He admitted having been seen around Fayetteville earlier in the week when the chase for him became so hot that he had to catch the first freight further south.

**Rejoicing at Wilson.**

Wilson, N. C., Feb. 11.—News of the positive arrest of Lewis West, murderer of Deputy Geo. Munford, caused great rejoicing here after so many rumors that proved unfounded. A special term of court will be requested of Governor Kitchin to try West and his suspected accomplices. Two of these, Jim Simms and Stetson, believed to have been in Mary Hough's house at the time of the murder, are still in the penitentiary at Raleigh for safe keeping. The several other suspects in jail here were examined today privately in prison and important testimony was learned which will not be made public at present.

The next regular criminal term of Superior Court will not convene until May 15th, and the people will not be satisfied to wait that long for the trial of West and the other suspects.

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 11.—Literally covered with shackles and ropes, and surrounded by a heavily armed guard of ten men, Lewis West, the outlaw, who shot to death Deputy Sheriff Munford and wounded Chief of Police Glover, in Wilson a week ago, was ushered into the State's prison here this afternoon to keep him from vengeance of an infuriated citizenship until the trial can be arranged for in the speediest way possible at Wilson.

It was Chief of Police Dunlap, of Maxton, who captured the negro last night in that town, as he was eating his first meal in three days, having purchased it through pawning one of nine revolvers he carried.

However, Sheriff Sharp, of Wilson, whom the negro had outwitted and evaded most singularly in his own bailiwick, headed the guard who brought the negro to Raleigh.

Notable in the party were Deputy Sheriff A. L. Mansfield, of Wilson, and Deputy J. McD. Monaghan, Sheriff McGeachy, of Cumberland, and Mayor Parrish, of Maxton.

Messrs. Mansfield and Monoghan knew the negro especially well, and when they joined the party for Raleigh at Thaxton and came into the presence of the prisoner, he abandoned all effort at disclaiming his identity, exclaiming: "My God, men, it is all over with me now." Other Fayetteville officers also identified him readily. It wasn't long before he made a statement to the officers as to the shooting, saying Officers Monoghan and Mansfield had warned him that he would kill somebody some time, and now he had "gone and done it." He talked of his flight from the Wilson section after

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## TREATY IN HOUSE ACTION IS URGED

### McCall Will Urge Final Consideration of Canadian Measure Tomorrow

### ANALYSIS OF THE AGREEMENT

Seven Opposing Members Will be Allowed to File Minority Report This Week—For Reciprocity Agreement.

Washington, Feb. 11.—The McCall bill carrying out the provisions of the Canadian reciprocal trade agreement was reported to the House late this afternoon by Mr. McCall, of Massachusetts, acting chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means. It came in with the favorable report of 12 of the 19 members of that committee, who urge its passage as a measure in the interest of the great mass of the people of the country.

The seven members of the committee, who opposed the bill at the committee's final session this morning, were given permission to file a minority report next week. Representatives Gaines, of West Virginia, asked for specific permission to file that statement next Wednesday. While the House agreed to this Mr. McCall declared he would not be bound by such action to delay the reciprocity bill until that time.

A motion will be made Monday afternoon, said Mr. McCall, to take the measure up for immediate discussion and final action unless the House by a majority vote refuses to consider the bill at that time, it is likely to be finally acted upon before the day is over.

The McCall report is an important analysis not only of the pending reciprocity agreement, but of the trade situation between the two countries, the development that may be expected on each side of the line and the influence that tariff barriers have had on the development of both countries. The agricultural interests, the fishing interests, and the lumber industry from whom the principal protests against the measure have come, are handled at length in the report. The opinion is expressed that the fish catching industry that centers in Gloucester will not be materially injured by the free admission of the Canadian caught fish, while the fish packing industry, and the consumers of the country, will be directly benefitted.

As to wheat, the final benefit to the consumer of bread is placed paramount to the interests of the wheat raisers. The 25 cent duty against Canadian wheat cannot greatly aid American farmers, it is claimed so long as Liverpool fixes the world wheat price, and the United States has a substantial surplus to export.

When the United States consumes all the wheat it produces, the report points out, the tariff will have a substantial effect in raising the price of wheat, and consequently of bread.

"When that condition shall exist, will it be desirable," says the report of the committee, "to employ a tariff rate to make still higher to consumers the price of wheat in the world's market.

"The most odious of all taxes ever devised by a government is a tax on bread. That food has a place near the elemental substances as air and water which are necessary to the preservation of our lives. Such a tax is not felt by the rich and well-to-do, but it bears with especial weight upon the poor."

This vigorous language is led up to with the statement that the objections have enamated from the farmers themselves or only from the official machinery of their organizations."

The trade conditions between the two countries, says the McCall report, are such that an artificial barrier has retarded greatly the growth of Canada, and hampered the United States seriously in the development of a great market that naturally would buy from this country.

"When we yielded to the influence of the lumber interests and denounced the Elgin treaty," it continues, "we suffered in consequence the tragic waste of our forests and we forced upon Canada a condition under which she has had, but a slow and cramped growth. Remove this condition and she will soon gain the strength and stature of a great nation."

It is pointed out that Canada now takes more American products than any other nation, but the United Kingdom, when the item of raw cotton is omitted from the exports. It adds:

"He must be blind indeed who cannot see the significance of her remarkable pre-eminence in the commerce of the United States. In methods of production, scale of living and in racial characteristics no other nation so strongly resembles this country.

"The forces of nature draw the two countries commercially together with a potency which cannot be multiplied by mutual tariffs and by the other devices by which the statesmen keep nations asunder."

Acting Chairman McCall was authorized by the Ways and Means

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## ARCHBISHOP YIELDS TO DEATH

Most Rev. Patrick John Ryan Passes Away in Philadelphia After Remarkable Fight for Life. His Career.

Philadelphia, Feb. 11.—Serene and prepared to meet his God whom he had served so well, the Most Rev. Patrick John Ryan, D. D. LL. D., archbishop of Philadelphia, and the metropolitan of Pennsylvania, and one of the great archbishops on the continent, passed peacefully into eternity at 4:08 this afternoon at the archiepiscopal residence adjoining the cathedral in Logan Square.

For weeks the distinguished prelate, who would have been 80 years old had he lived until the 20th of this month, fought off death, but a weak heart, enfeebled by the arduous duties of his high office, could not stand the strain and he passed away breathing the benediction, "God bless you" upon those who stood about the bedside.

The venerable archbishop had been suffering since last Fall, but his condition did not become alarming until two weeks ago when his physicians publicly admitted that he was slowly dying from a weak heart. Occasionally he showed signs of improvement and this week his condition was such as to rekindle hope that he might be about again. At dawn today, however, the fatal change came and he slowly lost ground. At noon it was thought that he was about to breathe his last, but he rallied only to again lapse into a sinking spell later. The four attending physicians, who had been resorting to artificial means to keep their aged patient alive, shook their heads at 3 o'clock and whispered that the end was not far off. About this time the stricken metropolitan roused himself and murmured the dying words of St. Paul: "I wish to be dissolved and be with Christ."

An hour later the end came.

The funeral will be held on Thursday and it is expected to be attended by practically all the prominent clergy in the American hierarchy, who can reach Philadelphia in time for the obsequies. The body will lie in state at the cathedral and will be entombed back of the altar of the great church beside those of Bishop Egan, Bishop Conwell and Archbishop Wood, who were his predecessors in the diocese. This was his wish.

Archbishop Ryan was considered the greatest of the line of bishops and archbishops that have occupied the Episcopal See of Philadelphia since its erection in 1808. He was on the friendliest terms with men of all religious denominations and was one of the foremost pulpit orators in the Catholic church in this country.

The archbishop was born in Thurles, county of Tiperrary, Ireland, on February 20, 1831. His ancestors on the paternal side were originally the O'Ryans, who figure in Irish history. His parents died when he was very young and his youthful education was received from the Christian brothers at Arles. Young Ryan studied at the Carlow Seminary and later came to St. Louis, where he was appointed a professor in Carondelet Seminary. On September 8, 1833 he was ordained a priest by Archbishop Kendrick. In 1856 he was made rector of the St. Louis Cathedral and four years later was placed in charge of the Church of the Annunciation. In 1872 Father Ryan was consecrated coadjutor bishop of St. Louis with the right of succession and in 1884 he was appointed archbishop of Philadelphia.

During his 27 years' residence in Philadelphia he was an important figure in the life of the city, participating in many of the public functions held in that time. The University of Pennsylvania gave him the degree of LL.D. an honor he had previously received from the University of Missouri.

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New York, Feb. 11.—For the second time this week Albert Poensgen, the German amateur champion billiardist, was defeated tonight in the world's series at the Liederkranz Club. Chas. F. Conklin, of the Illinois Athletic Club, won tonight's game from the Munich cueist by a score of 400 to 130 in 25 innings.

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Havana, Feb. 11.—The city council adopted a resolution today looking to the making of a loan of $28,000,000 for city improvements.

### OUTLINES.

The Ways and Means Committe acted favorably on the McCall bill carrying the provisions of the Canadian reciprocity treaty and it was reported to the House for action yesterday. Congressman McCall will urge action on the measure tomorrow——President Taft in his speech to the Illinois Legislature yesterday, warned the party leaders against the defeat of the Canadian reciprocity agreement.——Judge Collins, former Associate Justice of the Supreme Court in Panama, in an address in Chicago yesterday denounced the activity of the State Department in Central American affairs. He declared that the United States was winning the hatred of all Spanish speaking nations——Archbishop Ryan passed away at his home in Philadelphia yesterday. He has been critically ill for some time, but made a remarkable fight for life——Col. Roosevelt was a speaker at the celebration of the Lincoln Club, at Grand Rapids, Mich., last night.——New York markets: Money on call nominal. Flour quiet and easier. Wheat spot easy, No. 2 red 95 3-8 elevator and 95 7-8 f.o.b. afloat. Corn spot easy, No. 2 new 52 f.o.b. afloat. Oats spot easy, standard white 35 1-2. Turpentine steady.

## BREEDING HATRED DECLARES JUDGE

### State Department's Activity in Central America Openly Denounced

### ATTACK OF PANAMA JURIST

Overlooked Honduras Insults on Account of Morgan Loan, He Asserts—Says United States Selects the Rulers.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—Judge Lorin C. Collins, for more than five years an associate justice in the Canal Zone Supreme Court, today criticised the State Department of the United States, saying it was pursuing a policy in connection with the Central American Republics which was winning for itself the hatred of all Spanish speaking nations, was being made the victim of a malign influence, and was gaining the reputation of a country that "raises its arm to strike, but has not the courage to give the blow."

Judge Collins, after relating a series of incidents within his own observation which, he said, were specific instances that this government representatives were being insulted and affronted in the tropics with apology or reparation, declared the American hopes of increased trade from that territory would not materialize. He also said the common explanation in Spanish circles of America's overlooking insults from Honduras was that J. P. Morgan & Company, who were arranging to refund the national debt of Honduras, protested. Continuing, Judge Collins said: "How was the secession of Panama, and its recognization as a Republic by America received in Colombia? That nation asked Mexico to intercede with the United States for her and asked us to allow her to send troops to Panama to suppress the rebellion.

"These requests were denied by John Hay, Secretary of State. This was followed by a long letter from Colombia calling America's attention to the treaty of 1896 and the violation the republic. The United States in recognizing Panama as an independent. Colombia offered to submit it to The Hague. The United States declined to discuss it further.

"The result? The Colombians talked it over with every Spanish speaking race they knew. There followed the election of Obaldia, in which troops were installed by United States officials and Obaldia's opponent withdrew. This added to Isthmian distrust.

"These and other incidents cause the Central Americans to ask why, under the Monroe Doctrine, should the United States always find it necessary to select rulers for these independent republics?

"The most deplorable action of the United States in that it gave color to gossip and criticism against us, occurred last Summer in Panama. On the death of President Obaldia, Dr. Mendoza became acting president of the republic. The United States informed Dr. Mendoza that he was not eligible and that should he be elected they would not permit him to hold the office for the reason that the constitution of Panama prohibited any person from succeeding himself in that office.

"The next move of Washington was to inform the Panaman Congress that they should elect Samuel Lewis President. The pressure from Washington was so strong that one day at 1:30 o'clock in the morning, it was agreed that at that day's session Lewis should be elected. At 10 o'clock a cable came from Beverly, Mass., disclaiming any intention on the part of the United States to annex Panama or to dictate to the Congress whom the members should choose. The Lewis campaign ended then and there and Dr. Pablo Arosemona was elected President. All of this was unwise and meddlesome interference, and gave us the same reputation we bear in Nicaragua of raising out arm to strike and not having the courage to do so.

"Still we are building a canal and pluming ourselves on our wonderful undertaking. Are we building for peace or for war? For the world's development or for future aggression?

"If for peace or for the development of the Central and South Americas the trade will not be ours, but will go to our competitors, unless we change our methods."

### FAVORS COMMISSION FORM.

Democratic Senator Says It will Purge Government of Corruption.

New York, Feb. 11.—A Democratic United States Senator, Robert L. Owen, of Oklahoma, was the chief speaker at a weekly luncheon of the Republican Club today. He spoke in advocacy of the initiative, the referendum and the recall of which he is a strong endorser. "It will purge the government of every form of corruption," he said, "put the bosses out of politics and give the most stable formal government.

"The idea has swept the West, has taken root in Massachusetts, Maine and other Eastern States, and will, I think, be the principal issue in the next campaign in New York."

## TALKS OF LOST ARNOLD GIRL

Griscom Declares He Wants to Marry Her if She is Alive—Arnolds Call His Chat Nonsense. Search in Vain.

Atlantic City, N. J., Feb. 11.—"I am deeply in love with the young lady and hoped to wed her if she is alive," declared George S. Griscom, Jr., who has achieved much notoriety in connection with the disappearance of Miss Dorothy Arnold, of New York, and who came to this city last night. He added that he believes the young lady is alive, but says he absolutely does not know her present whereabouts He made the public announcement of his intentions with regard to Miss Arnold, he said, upon the advice of his father, who is here with him.

A number of newspaper correspondents followed in the wake of the Griscoms last night and young Griscom was very frank in his conversation with them on the subject of his willingness to marry Miss Arnold. He further stated that he expects to meet Mrs. Francis Arnold, the mother of the missing girl here. As Mrs. Arnold has not yet arrived from Europe it is not yet known when she will come to this place. A committee of three newspaper men went to young Mr. Griscom's room along with the father and as they entered Mr. Griscom, Sr., said to the son: "George, don't you think you had better tell these gentlemen exactly where you stand in the matter?"

The son, after a moment's hesitation, said: "I really believe that I should not say anything about my relations with Miss Arnold, but I am willing to say I am deeply in love with the young lady and hope to wed her if she is alive. I might add an expression of hope that she is alive and safe and that she will consent to marry me."

"I am prepared to meet Mrs. Arnold when she comes to Atlantic City, according to the arrangement which I believe she has made," he said.

"I shall conceal nothing from her concerning my acquaintance with Miss Dorothy."

"Do you expect to be able to tell Mrs. Arnold anything about the present whereabouts of Miss Arnold?" he was asked.

"I can say nothing along that line until I have talked with Mrs. Arnold," was his reply.

Young Griscom appeared perfectly cool during the brief interview. He consented to pose on the board walk for his photograph and agreed to meet the newspaper men later if anything develops.

Mr. Griscom's father appeared much disturbed over the position his son is in. He said: "I would, of course, consent to the marriage of my son to Miss Arnold, but I hope to be able to impress the public with the fact that myself and my wife are not in any way seeking an alliance with the family of Miss Arnold for any personal reason."

Following the interview Mr. and Mrs. Griscom and the son went out on the board walk in a rolling chair where they were recognized by many people.

**Griscom's Words Nonsense.**

New York, Feb. 11.—When Francis R. Arnold, the millionaire perfume importer, was informed tonight of dispatches from Atlantic City quoting George S. Griscom, Jr., as saying he intended to marry his missing daughter, Dorothy Arnold, the father said:

"It is nonsense. This man is pestered to death and he is likely to make any kind of a statement. His words are likely to be perverted too. The girl is lost and I am convinced that Griscom does not know where she is."

John W. Arnold, Dorothy's brother, was in the offices of Garven & Armstrong, attorneys for the Arnolds, when the dispatches came from Atlantic City. "I don't believe Griscom said such a thing," he exclaimed. "If he did, it is the height of indiscretion and almost impudence."

"Can you imagine a man so foolish as to give out a statement like that to the newspapers without consulting the family?" asked Lorino Armstrong, one of the lawyers. "I don't believe he made it."

"Griscom was never seriously considered as a fiancee of my sister," interposed young Arnold again. "I can be positive in this for the family has talked it over and the few letters from Dorothy that Griscom had verified it. That last letter she wrote to him was a perfectly normal letter. It is my conviction that her liking for Griscom had nothing to do with her leaving home. There were other men with whom she was more friendly than she was with him. He did not live in New York, you remember."

Young Arnold denied that he or any of his family intended to go to Atlantic City or Philadelphia to meet the Griscoms.

His mother is expected home on the Cunard liner tomorrow morning and he has learned he had obtained passes to board the steamer at quarantine.

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Chicago, Feb. 11.—Four men were crushed to death and five others perhaps fatally injured today when a roof of a brick shed of the Illinois Brick Company, in Blue Island, Ill., collapsed. Tons of bricks covered the men until they were dug out.

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Don't trifle with your eyes. Consult Dr. Vineberg, the eye specialist at the Masonic Temple. You will save time and money. Eyes tested free, spectacles or eye glasses from $1.00 up. **

10c Poe Mills bleached muslin for 7 1-2c at Rehder's White Sale Monday. *

## SATURDAY DULL FOR LEGISLATORS

### However, Several Important Measures in Both Houses of the Assembly

### RECORDER BILL TO COMMITTEE

Members Balk on "Recall" Features. Mutual Fire Insurance Companies—Bonds for Refunding Purposes.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 11.—In the Senate today Sykes, of Wake, introduced a bill to increase the county tax for schools in all counties from 18 to 25 cents on the $100 valuation, which is estimated to increase the school fund under the present valuation over $400,000.

The Senate made the Boyden bill for a million dollar fire proof administration building the special order next Wednesday at noon.

Senator Pharr introduced bills amending the insurance laws by allowing mutual fire insurance companies to be formed by parties engaged in the same kind of business with 25 risks, and a bill to incorporate an industrial reform and manual training school for the colored youth, a negro reformatory, carrying $5,000 appropriation.

The Senate and House both passed a joint resolution protesting against abolishing the United States Mint at Charlotte and a copy of it will be placed in the hands of North Carolina's representatives and Senators in Congress.

Unfavorable reports were made on the bills to protect human life against deadly weapons; relating to owners of automobiles in New Hanover paying license tax; prevent trespass on steam railroad tracks.

Action was deferred on the bills to establish farm life schools in the State; to increase salary of the adjutant general.

The bill placing the Recorder of Wilmington on recall was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

In the House the Battle bill empowering cities and towns to adopt the commission or other form of government and change charters at will was deferred for final recall reading until Monday on account of insistence by Mr. Quickel, that he wanted to look into the right of the Legislature to delegate so great power to municipalities.

The bill passed to transfer the powers of the State Board of Education in the development of the Mattamuskeet lake drainage scheme to the Southern Land and Reclamation Co., that has purchased the State's interest.

Representative Marshall introduced a bill to pension Confederate soldiers and their widows $5 per month.

A bill by Carr, of Duplin, would establish uniform hours of labor.

The House passed on second reading the Doughton bill for $550,000 bonds to refund bonds due in 1913 and empowering the State treasurer to give short term notes for the present $349,000 deficit until the tax revenue enables him to pay up.

Both Houses were engaged today for only short sessions and with a slim attendance, many of the members going on the noon trains to their homes in different parts of the State to spend Sunday.

Mr. Kellum introduced in the House the joint resolution prepared by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce asking for an investigation of the dismemberment of the old Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railroad.

The Wilmington Commission Bill is still in the hands of the sub-committee to which it was recently referred, but will probably be placed on the calendar some time the coming week. Mr. Kellum gave notice in the House that he would take care that the Battle bill applying to al. towns and cities would not affect his bill as to Wilmington, which will be reported in the Senate Monday or Tuesday.

Neary all the bills today were "little" measures of no consequence, many of them, not even to the localities which they affect. The Battle bill enabling a judge to direct the sheriff to go outside the Court House, if necessary, to summons jurors, was passed in the House. There was also a bill passed regulating sales under deeds of trust as amended by committee.

The House was chiefly occupied today in a discussion of the Doughton bill to issue bonds to refund the State debt and to cover the existing deficiency in the treasury.

The final hearing on the near-beer bill as amended so as not to preclude the sale of many proprietary medicines, will be reported in the Senate Tuesday of this week and there is no doubt of its immediate passage. Then it goes back to the House for concurrence in the "medicine" amendment and will become law, sealing the doom of near-beer after June 1st.

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New lawn, new linen, new batiste, new madras, at Rehder's White Sale. **

A new kind of sale starts at Gaylord's this week. See today's ad. **

Joyland is now open. **

## TEDDY FAVORS DIRECT VOTE.

### Lincoln Club Celebration — Bradley Praises the South.

Grand Rapids, Mich., February 11.—Reciprocity with Canada and the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people is favored by former President Theodore Roosevelt.

Colonel Roosevelt came here from New York to be the chief speaker at the Lincoln anniversary celebration of the Lincoln Club. His subject was: "Lincoln and Progressive Republicanism." The banquet hall, seating more than 2,000 people, was crowded.

"One of the progressive policies upon which I think the great majority of progressives are agreed, is that United States Senators should be elected by popular vote," said Colonel Roosevelt. The constitution should, in my judgment, be so amended as to provide for this.

The insistence upon the election of Senators in some way which shall not permit the people to pass directly upon them is merely a relic of the same feeling which made the founders of the constitution trust the election of the President to the Electoral College instead of to direct popular vote.

"The same fears of the people expressed now by those who are against choice of Senators by popular vote, was expressed a century and a quarter ago by the good and wise men who erroneously felt that it was not safe to trust the election of the President to direct popular vote.

"A comparatively short experience convinced the nation that the President should be voted for directly by the people. And although the form of an electoral college has been retained, the actual fact is that the vote for President is a direct vote, the electors having no function except formally to ratify the popular decree—and if it were possible even this slight function could, with advantage be abolished.

"None of the evils prophesied have resulted from the change in the case of President, and the same thing, I am perfectly sure, will happen when the change is made as regards Senators. It will be a change marked for good—just as much good as was the change in the case of the President. But the United States should under no circumstances surrender one particle of the control it now has as regards the election of Senators. To do so would be a mistake which might have grave and far-reaching consequences, and absolutely no argument worth heeding can be advanced in favor of such a change.

"I feel that we are to be congratulated as a nation upon the likelihood of obtaining a closer reciprocity of tariff and trade relations with Canada.

"Among all the powers of the earth there is with with which we should desire to be upon more intimate footing of equal rights to which we should be more closely bound in relations of mutual helpfulness, esteem and good will than in the case of our great neighbor to the north, whose prosperity and growth should be a matter of pride to all who dwell on the American continent. I welcome the proposed reciprocity treaty as making a signal advance in bringing about the closest and most friendly relations between the two countries."

United States Senator W. O. Bradley of Kentucky was a speaker at the Lincoln Club banquet tonight.

"No man has ever lived whose memory is so much cherished by our people, irrespective of party as that greatest, best and most distinguished American," he said.

After paying this tribute to Lincoln, Mr. Bradley compared the South today with what it was before the war, saying:

"The condition of the South today is far different from what it was before the war. Then men relied upon slaves for labor and felt no interest in looking after the betterment of the poorer white classes who were but the 'mudsills of society.' Even to this day, the trail of slavery has not been obliterated, and has seriously hampered the development and progress of the South.

"In ante-bellum days the South cared nothing for manufactures—it was almost entirely agricultural, and cotton was king. But the South today is resplendent with progress. Her cotton, iron, as well as many other industries, have multiplied and in the last decade her prosperity has been greater than any section of the country.

"Considering the devastated condition of the South, when it emerged from the war, with her people stricken with poverty; considering the serious troubles that grew out of the reconstruction period and that people of the East looked askance at any enterprise that was undertaken to be developed, and until comparatively within the last few years were unwilling to make investments, the progress of the South has been phenomenal.

"The people of the South are no longer supine and listless. With wonderful courage, unsurpassed energy and tireless effort, they have transformed that section into a new country, with new aspirations and new purposes. But there is something even better than all this. The coming of the Spanish war quickly proved to the world that the old-time loyalty of the Southern people was not dead.

"Today the South is as loyal and as much devoted to the Union as any other section of the country. It no longer entertains ill will or prejudice against the North, and welcomes your people with widespread arms."

## TAFT PAYS LINCOLN TRIBUTE.

### Notable Speech by the President at Springfield—Features.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 11.—At the banquet tendered in his honor tonight, President Taft paid tribute to Lincoln. The President spoke in part as follows:

"Contemporary judgment of men conspicuous in public life, or in art, or in literature, necessarily lacks a sense of proportion, and it is not until the winnowing effect of time has removed the commonplace figures of the drama in which the great man played the leading part and until distance has obscured the unessential and superficial details o his personality that the remarkable features of his character stand out and across the centuries raise him in history above the dead level of his contemporaries.

"Lincoln came up from the soil. Linscoln had been a farmer. He had lived in the humblest home on a farm; had visited New Orleans on a flat boat, had conducted a country store, and educated himself; he had studied law and practiced it; had been in the Legislature; had been once in Congress and had lived all the time the life of the plain people. He had taken part in the greatest debate of the last or any other century on the slavery question; had been defeated for the Senate which was the immediate prize of the content and then, without any executive or administrative experience, was thrust into an office requiring in the successful discharge of its duties the highest ability in selecting subordinates, the keenest political sense and shrewdness in order to secure unity of support in the loyal States, a familiarity with military strategy, and with the organization of military resources and a patience of long suffering kindness that has no superior that I know of save in the life of Jesus of Nazareth.

"Lincoln's intellectual honesty and his great sympathetic, human heart, were his two great and highest attributes, because from them flowed all his other qualities. From boyhood he had trained his reasoning faculty; from boyhood he had practiced simplicity of style and direct statement. No one could be severer with another than he was with himself in reasoning to a conclusion. He made no argument and stated no proposition until he had worked it out pro and con in his own mind, and what he wrote or spoke had a most convincing quality. He was introspective, and was severe in his self judgment. His readers or hearers saw in his treatment of his subjects no disposition to keep out of sight any formidable obstruction in the flow of reasoning to his conclusion. He hunted for opposing arguments and stated them with even more force than did his opponents before he demolished them. He captivated his audience with his fairness and with simple words led them along the path he had led himself in finding the truth.

"I cannot pass this distinguishing and most remarkable trait in his character without saying that in my opinion Lincoln would have made as great a chief justice as he made a President. But in the crisis in the nation's history through which he lived the quality was more necessary even in the executive than in the judicial branch of the government.

"His style was not only suited to the clearness of his thought, but it was biblical in its force and when his whole nature was roused, as in his second inaugural address, it was as exalted as that of one of the Psalmists or one of the prophets.

"He cherished no resentments. He was meek and lowly in weighing his qualifications to meet the problems set before him by the war and he was patient beyond belief with the men whom he thought to be the necessary instruments in accomplishing the nation's good. The trials he had with Seward and Chase and Stanton and Fremont and McClellan, and with the extreme abolitionists, no one can realize until he reads the contemporaneous correspondence of Lincoln and notes how everything that Lincoln said and did, and refrained from saying, was actuated by the purest patriotic motives and a desire to bring a united country to peace.

"Lincoln had to go down through the valley of the shadow of popular denunciation and popular distrust. He had to bear the bitterest ridicule, the most contemptuous criticism, accusations of the meanest motives. He had to see small demagogues exalted in the popular mind at the expense of his own standing and of his own reputation. But fortunately he lived through these trials and his martyr's death did not come until after the people knew of his patience, his sacrifice, his great qualities of heart and mind, his patriotism and far sighted statesmanship. And the generations that have followed and will follow him, even those whose ancestors were in conflict with him, will give him a higher and still higher place in the history of the world.

"Fifty years ago tonight he set out from Springfield and delivered that simple but eloquent farewell in which he intimated a doubt as to whether he ever might be permitted to return, but expressed his great confidence that with the aid of God he would be permitted to solve the awful and tremendous problems that faced him."

## SHOT OFFICERS IN HAITI.

### Two More Leaders of the Revolt Are Put to Death.

Cape Haitin, Haiti, Feb. 11.—General Chapuset, commander of the rebels, who captured Quanaminth, and G neral Micael Codio, woh led the insurgents at Fort Liberty, have been captured by the government forces and immediately shot to death.

President Simon will visit the scene of the executions. He has conferred with the foreign consular agents, who are using their influence to end the trouble and has assured them that no more prisoners will be put to death. He added that he had shown clemency to the rebels and would continue to do so though he regretted to see such a condition of affairs in the country as had been brought about by the uprising.

The rebellion is officially declared to be at an end, general interest is now concerned with the punishment of those who took part in it. The consulates are crowded with refugees and an effort is being made to send these to Port Au Prince. Government troops have gone to Fort Liberty.

President Simon left here today at the head of a strong force for the district of Limonade and Trou, where the revolutionists have been active.

Alexandria, Va., Feb. 11.—Rev. Dr. Berryman Green, who was recently elected bishop coadjutor of the diocese of Virginia, and who was stricken with paralysis Thursday, is showing steady improvement. Bishop Gibson, of Virginia, visited Dr. Green today.

50c Spring silks, big assortment for 39c at Rehder's White Sale. **

## POSTAL CLERKS FILE CHARGES.

### Those on Norfolk-Wilmington Division After Elam—Tariff Board.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 11.—The railway postal clerks running between Norfolk and Wilmington have filed with Senator Simmons a signed statement asking for the removal of Chief Clerk Elam, of that division, upon the ground that he is autocratic or oppressive, in other words, that he exacted of the employes of the government under him, physical impossibilities in the way of hours and labor and service and treated the men under him as machines rather than human beings.

Senator Simmons filed this protest with Mr. Vickery, Chief of the Railway Mail Service, but having heard nothing from him for a week or ten days, today demanded of Second Assistant Postmaster General Stewart that there should be a thorough-going investigation of these charges.

He made it clear that nothing short of such an investigation would meet what he regarded as the right of these faithful employes of the government, some of whom had been in the service 25 years or more. Mr. Stewart assured Senator Simmons that there would be a thorough and searching investigation.

Senator Money, in behalf of himself and Democratic associates on the Finance Committee, today offered an amendment to the bill creating a tariff board, providing that members of that board should be composed of five Senators and five members of the House. This amendment, it is supposed, will have the solid Democratic support and may get considerable support from Republicans.

If it should pass, it is understood that Senator Simmons will be a member of the board.

## SENATE ALSO FOR 'FRISCO.

### Canal Exposition Bill Was Passed Without Debate.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Without debate or amendment, the joint resolution locating the Panama Canal Exposition at San Francisco passed the Senate today. The bill was called up by Senator Perkins. Senator Swanson explained that he had intended to offer an amendment providing for a naval demonstration at Washington and Norfolk in connection with the completion of the canal, but that, owing to the fact that the incorporation of the provision would have the effect of sending the bill back to the House, thereby causing delay, he would refrain. He added that Senator Perkins, chairman of the Committee on Naval Affairs, had consented to allow his amendment to go into the Naval Appropriation bill.

When the Exposition bill had been passed, Mr. Perkins thanked his "friends from Louisiana and Virginia for their gracious courtesy in connection with the measure." Having passed the House, the resolution lacks only the signature of the President to make a law of it.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

## SALOON KEEPERS INELIGIBLE.

### Citizenship in United States Ruling in Tennessee.

Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 11.—Saloon keepers, bar tenders, and all others, whose business is to sell intoxicants in Tennessee, were declared ineligible to citizenship in the United States in a ruling announced by Federal Judge John E. McCall today.

Summarizing Judge McCall said: "No man can support the constitution of the United States and of the State of Tennessee and uphold the laws of both, as they are required to do under oath in securing naturalization papers, and at the same time engage in the unlawful vocation of selling liquor in a State where its sale is prohibited by law."

For this reason Judge McColl refused the petitions of Filipipi Vanani, an Italian, and George Congios, a Greek. The former, it was shown was engaged as a bar tender and the latter in the general sale of liquor. Others whose means of livlihood were said to be similar immediately withdrew their petitions.

## AGRICULTURAL BILL PASSES.

### Measure Carrying Appropriation of $15,500,000—Features.

Washington, Feb. 11.—The House passed the Agricultural Appropriation bill, carrying an appropriation of approximately $15,500,000 for the operations of the Department of Agriculture for the next fiscal year.

An estimate attempt was made by Representative Edwards, of Georgia, to amend the provision appropriation $80,000 for investigation of swamp lands, so as to include an authoirzation of the Department of Agriculture to survey the swamps. He wanted the $80,000 increased to $250,000. A point of order was made against the proposed amendment, but by general agreement the appropriation of $80,000 appropriation was increased to $100,000.

## SHARP REBUKE FOR HEYBURN.

### Idaho Senator Unable to Convince Hearers Against Reciprocity.

New York, Feb. 11.—Weldon B. Heyburn, United States Senator from Idaho, argued for an hour and a half tonight before 400 silk manufacturers and their guests against the proposed reciprocity trade agreement with Canada. His auditors did not agree with him, however, and he was frequently interrupted by cries of "ask Taft," and when he put the question directly, "Do you want reciprocity?" there was almost unanimous response of "Yes."

The senator was one of the chief speakers at the annual dinner of the Silk Association of America, which brought together a representative gathering of manufacturers, largely from New England.

## LIQUOR LICENSES' RULING.

### Incapable of Being Subject of Chattle Mortgage in Virginia.

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 11.—Under decision handed down here today by United States Judge Rose, of Baltimore, sitting by designation in the Eastern District of Virginia, liquor licenses in Virginia are a privilege not property right and incapable of being the subject of a chattle mortgage. he question arose in the Newport News bankruptcy case of John F. Flaherity and the effect is that breweries and brewery agencies cannot claim under mortgage, as over bankrupt estates, Virginia liquor licenses pledged as security for advances made by breweries to retailers, thus enabling the latter to take out high State and city licenses when without personal funds.

## STILL FIRM FOR SHEEHAN.

### Fourth Week of Legislative Deadlock at Albany.

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 11.—The fourth week of the Legislative deadlock over the election of a United States Senator to succeed Chauncey M. Depew, ended today with the 22nd joint ballot showing practically no change in the voting list. The insurgents are still firm in their fight against William F. Sheehan, the organization candidate.

Reports that mass meetings are to be held in the various insurgent districts by Mr. Sheehan's friends in an endeavor to add to his voting strength brought from Senator Roosevelt, the insurgent lead this comment today: "It would be an easy matter for either side to manufacture sentiment, but sentiment of that kind really amounts to nothing."

Warning has gone forth that after Tuesday more pairs will be recognized unless approved by the leaders and absent legislators may find themselves sought for by the sergeant at arms unless excused.

## TEDDY ON WOMEN'S CLUBS.

### Should Strive for Intellectual Development for the Home-Maker.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Feb. 11.—Just as he was completing an address before the Ladies' Literary here this afternoon, Col. Roosevelt was interrupted by Mrs. Anna Caulfield Mucknight, the president, who asked the colonel, "why evade it any longer—are you in favor or opposed to women's clubs?"

"The woman's club serves a high purpose," replied the coloned. "I believe in equality between men and women. If the club is a good thing for the men it is a good thing for the women. If the club interferes with the home it is bad.

"The purpose of the women's clubs should be intellectual development for the home-maker—the mother."

## FARMERS IN AN AFFRAY.

### Used Knives Freely at Fayetteville Yesterday Afternoon.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Fayetteville, N. C., Feb. 11.—In a quarrel here this afternoon about a piece of land, Frank Woodell drew a razor and made three ugly gashes in the neck of George Darden. Darden walked straight to the Highsmith Hospital and Woodell made his escape. Physicians pronounced the wounds as not dangerous. Both are prosperous farmers living near Fayetteville.

50c Spring silks, big assortment for 39c at Rehder's White Sale. **


# WINTER PARK GARDENS

## The Residential Heart of Greater Wilmington
## Watch Values Grow in This Suburb

We have only a few lots unsold. About 60 home-builders have already secured lots. You should have one of those remaining. Lots are 66 feet wide and mostly from 236 to 330 feet in depth. Prices are right and terms easy.

**These Are the Facts**

1. You can buy a large lot and build a home at Winter Park Gardens for less than the cost of a small, well located city lot.
2. You can own your own home at Winter Park on smaller monthly payments than the rent you now pay.
3. If you own a home in the city you can sell it and secure a more comfortable home at Winter Park and have money left in the bank.
4. Winter Park Gardens offers to the home-builder large, roomy lots at reasonable prices, good water, electric light, telephone and trolley service, good roads, increasing values in the investment, low taxes, and a group of good neighbors who are the most active and enterprising home builders in the community.

## Grow With Winter Park--Inspect Now--Then Call On Us

# Winter Park Gardens Co.

Phone 841 517 Southern Building

# WEEK'S NEWS AT LUMBERTON

**Court In Session—Theatre Attraction —New Residences—The Hog Incident—Bishop Haid to Lecture—Other Items.**

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., Feb. 11.—Superior Court has been going on here this week with Judge Cooke presiding and Solicitor Sinclair representing the State. Several cases have been disposed of including the case against George Roderick, who came here from Wilmington some time ago and got into trouble by lifting a suit case at the Seaboard passenger station one night in December. He was given three years in the penitentiary.

The last two days have been taken up with the case of Dan Wallace, colored, charged with killing another colored man in the Rowland section a year or so ago. The attendance at court during the week has not been large, only those having business in court being present. People are too busy to be hanging around the court house when they are not obliged to be present.

On Wednesday night, the coming week, Lumberton theatre-goers will have the opportunity of seeing what is said to be a first-class production of "St. Elmo," presented by a strong New York company. There are few people who have not read the book, and will be glad to see it played as it is written, which it is said will be done Wednesday night. Seats will go on sale Monday morning at McMillan's Drug Store. Price 75 cents, general admission 35 and 50 cents.

Work was begun yesteraay on the new residence for Mr. H. B. Jennings on North Elm street, opposite the residence of Mr. C. B. Townsend. This will be, when completed, one of the finest and most up-to-date homes in this section and will cost probably $12,000 or $15,000. Messrs. Blythe & Isehour, of Charlotte, are the contractors. They are just finishing the elegant new residence of Mr. A. E. White, which is one of the prettiest and most modern homes in Lumberton.

The weather for several days this week has been about as disagreeable as it gets to be in this section—foggy, dark and dreary. The electric light plant was kept running three nights and two days without stopping. Supt. McGuire certainly tries to give the users of electric lights good service, running if necessary, day and night. It is to be hoped that these dark days will be remembered when light bills are presented at the end of the month.

In our items last Sunday we made mention of Mr. Robert Dees' hogs getting out and being taken up by a gentleman who charged him $8.50 for shutting up the seven hogs. We gave it just as it was given to us. Messrs. Archie and Rowland Prevatt say they shut the hogs up, but our report did them a great injustice as the amount was not simply for shutting them up, $5 being for damages to a cabbage patch, and they charged 50 cents each for catching the hogs. Mr. Rowland Prevatt says he tried to get Mr. Dees to select two men and he would do the same, and have the amount of damages as the four men said was just, but that Mr. Dees declined. He says the amount collected as stated is correct, but that if Mr. Dees had agreed to his proposition it might have been more or less, and that he would have been satisfied either way. We have given both sides, as we will not knowingly misrepresent anything or anybody, and so far as we are concerned the matter is closed.

About 9 o'clock Thursday night, an alarm of fire was given and it was found that the floor of the colored waiting room at the passenger station was on fire. The fire originated underneath the floor near the fire place in the room, and was evidently caused by the floor being run in too close to the hearth. Keeping a coal fire caused the timbers to get too hot and catch on fire. The damage did not amount to much as the flames were soon extinguished.

If Dr. McPaul's fishing bill becomes a law, more people will have to fish for redbreast and trout if they eat them, as it will be a violation of the law to sell these fish, and no one will be allowed to catch over a dozen in any one day. Redbreast have for several years been bringing $2 a dozen but it looks as if that business might be broken up for awhile.

The Robeson County Baptist Sunday School Teachers' Convention met in the First Baptist Church here yesterday and will continue through Sunday. The convention is largely attended, all sections of the county being well represented. Among those in attendance from a distance are Prof. Highsmith, of Wake Forest, and Secretary Middleton, of the State Sunday School Convention. The meetings are being well attended by our home people, and nothing will be left undone to make the visitors feel at home while here. Our homes are open to them and we want them to enjoy their visit.

The Four Lessers, presenting high-class vaudeville and motion pictures, close a week's engagement here tonight. While they have done fair business, it would have been much better with more favorable weather conditions. This is undoubtedly one of the best and cleanest shows of its kind on the road. The Lesser children are a wonder to all who have seen them, Baby Catherine, 4 1-2 years old excelling any one ever seen here. But they are all great and will always be welcome here. New pictures have been shown every night, and better pictures are not seen here.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Stephens moved this week to their new residence on North Elm street. That part of town is rapidly building up——The many friends of Mr. G. G. French regret his continued confinement at home on account of illness——We saw a man in town yesterday hunting for a mechanic that could make a wooden leg for a crippled mule. We do not think, however, that he found a man who would undertake the job——In the death of Mr. W. D. McIntyre, which occurred this week, Lumberton lost one of its most popular citizens. Mr. McIntyre was a quiet, unassuming man who was well liked by every one whe knew him.

Mr. Frank C. Humphrey, one of Robeson's best citizens, who has been at the Thompson Hospital for treatment for some time, was able to return to his home in the country today. Mr. Humphrey is loud in his praise of Dr. Thompson and his efficient nurses, and advises everybody to go to the Thompson hospital when they are sick and want to be treated nicely.

It would be mighty nice if the Seaboard and the V & C. S. would make just a few minutes change in their morning trains. Passengers coming in on the Seaboard who would like to go to St. Paul or Elizabethtown, get here, if the train is on time, just time enough to see the V. & C. S. pull out. The stations are less than two blocks apart, and even if the Seaboard is on the dot, the V. & C. S. leaves just as it comes in. A wait of five minutes might mean much at times——Mrs. Elizabeth McPhaul and daughter, Miss Hattie, who have been spending some time with relatives in this section, left yesterday morning for their home in Alabama. They were accompanied to Charlotte by Mrs. W. A. McPhaul who will visit in that city——Messrs. R. R. Carlyle and R. M. Norment, Jr., spent yesterday in Charlotte——Mr. John Jones, passenger engineer on the Southern between Charleston and Columbia, is spending two or three days here with his family. He expects to return to his work the first of the week——Last night was the time appointed for the annual meeting of the Industrial and Commercial Club, but on account of other meeting it was postponed until another date, notice of which will be given later.

Chief of Police Parker, of the town of Polkton, N. C., was among the visitors to court this week, and the first night he was here, he walked up town, going as far as the opera house. The manager happened to be standing at the door and recognizing his uniform as that of an officer, invited him in. The chief said he was 57 years old and had never seen a show of any kind, not even motion pictures. He went in and after seeing the show, pronounced it "fine." And he came the second night——The busy season on the Seaboard seems to be on in earnest. There were five heavy freights in the yard here at one time yesterday——Capt. T. W. Whisnant, who was superintendent of the old Carolina Central over 20 years ago, was here yesterday——One of the largest letter mails ever handled in Lumberton was received here last Thursday morning. It was not on account of any special occasion, but good business conditions and people writing their friends.

A statement has been published to the effect that Mr. D. W. Bullock, of Rowland, was an aspirant for the office of County Auditor. Mr. Bulluck tells your correspondent that the statement is incorrect as he is not and will not be a candidate for that or any other office. Mr. Bullock is thoroughly competent to fill that or any other county office, but he says he wants it distinctly understood that he is not in the race for anything in that line.

The Rt. Rev. Leo Haid, O. S. B., of Belmont, Catholic bishop of North Carolina, will arrive in Lumberton and lecture at the Opera House Monday evening. A cordial invitation is extended to the public in general to attend the lecture.

## ATHLETICS AT A. & M.

**State Track Meet in Prospect—Basket ball and Other Sports.**

(Special Star Correspondence.)

West Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 11.—Manager Hinkle, of the track team, has announced that efforts are being made to arrange a State track meet this Spring, to be held on the A. & M. Athletic Field and participated in by all the colleges of the State interested in this branch of athletics.

It is probable that there will be in Raleigh during dual track meets with Clemson and Wake Forest, and a dual meet with Guilford at Guilford, although the dates for the meets have not as yet been definitely decided upon.

A great deal of interest is being taken in track athletics this year, more than ever before, and Captain Sherman is very optimistic concerning the 1911 team.

The loss of Cooper, Gantt and Hartsell, three of the fastest men on last years' team, will be greatly felt. However, this year the Red and White is especially strong in the weights and middle and long distance events.

Floyd, Hurtt, and Glenn are a trio of men who will prove consistent point winners for A. & M. in the weight events. A. & M. will depend on Trotter, Eason, Bruner, Kephart, F. Smith, Nichols and King to capture the long distance events. Middle distance men are Parrish, Small, Nash, Sullivan, Blount, McIver, R.; and Clements. Bryan, Sherman, Spencer, Thorne, Latham, Thompson and Rollinson will probably compose the vaulting team. Robertson, Yerby, Crowder and Floyd will be in the jumps. The sprinters are Robertson, Sherman, Craig, McCallum, Hall, A. S. Lachicotte, formerly of Clemson, and Fleet Williams, formerly of Carolina. There is some very promising material in the Freshman class which will materially strengthen the team.

Manager Davis of the basketball team, announces that efforts are now being made to arrange a game with Wake Forest for Saturday night, Feb. 18th, the game to be played in Pullen Hall at A. & M. If this game is played it will be the first game of baskeball ever played in Raleigh between two college teams, and will no doubt draw a large crowd.

The Senior cass in Textie Industry spent Tuesday in Durham inspecting the various cotton mills located there, and also the plant of the American Tobacco Company. The party was in charge of Prof. B. Moore Parker of the Textile Department.

New white shirt waists 49c to $4.50 at Rehder's White Sale. **

A new kind of sale starts at Gaylord's this week. See today's ad. **

New white shirt waists 49c to $4.50 at Rehder's White Sale. **

# AFFAIRS AT STATE CAPITAL

**Case Decided in Favor of Corporation Commission—Taxation Matters —State Game Commision— Other Raleigh News.**

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 11.—The case of J. K. Morrison Sons Company vs. the Corporation Commission, decided in favor of the Commission in Superior Court at Statesville this week, is a case of interest to a number of corporations in the State.

The point involved in the case is whether or not in appraising for taxation the value of the capital stock of corporations the Commission should deduct from such valuation of shares of stock held by the corporation in another corporation. The Commission held that the only shaes of stocks in other corporations which would be entitled to deductions was bank stock, the tax upon which was paid by the holder of the shares of stock. It is presumed the case will go to the Supreme Court for final decision.

The Senate and House Finance Committees are devoting their time to giving hearings to various corporate interests on the question of taxation. They heard a committee from the State Bankers' Association this afternoon, representatives of the Southern Express Company tonight and will hear representatives from the telegraph and telephone companies of the State Monday night. The bankers contended that the banks are already taxed too much and far out of proportion to other corporations.

The Dillard bill to create a State Game Commission to succeed the State Audubon Society has a hard road to travel from the fact that after the House Committee on game, after a hearing lasting several hours Friday evening, decided to report it favorably with eight members of the committee exempting their counties. Secretary T. Gilbert Pearson, of the Audubon Society, advocated the bill before the committee, but considerable opposition developed.

The legislative joint committee on salaries and fees has decided to report favorably the bill pending in both houses for an increase of the salary of the Adjutant General of the North Carolina National Guards from $1,600 to $2,000. The Adjutant General is now required to devote his entire time to the duties of the office and to reside in Raleigh.

Governor Kitchin is being urged to pardon James B. Allison, the Buncombe county man under sentence to die in the electric chair here February 24th. The plea is that the prisoner is mentally defective and that the principal witness for the prosecution was a man, Gentry, who is to be tried for perjury in the case. Eight of the jurors join in a petition for pardon or executive clemency.

## TRI-STATE MEDICAL SOCIETY.

**Meets in Raleigh This Month—The Programme.**

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 11.—The Tri-State Medical Society of Virginia and the Carolinas, which meets at Raleigh February 22nd-24th inclusive, although scarcely more than a decade in age, numbers among its membership the leading physicians and surgeons of the States represented. In addition to the pleasure and profit derived from all medical societies, this one has the special purpose of correlating medical thought and action in these three leading Southern States.

The Park Hotel, just one block from the union station, will be used as headquarters, and the Elks' Club, only one block from the hotel, has very kindly been tendered the society by the Elks for the reading and discussion of papers.

Governor Kitchin will open the meeting with an address of welcome Wednesday morning, February 22nd. at 11 o'clock. After this will follow an extremely interesting programme, on which will be found the names of many men of National reputation.

The president of the society is Dr. Joseph A. White, a well known oculist, of Richmond, Va.; the secretary, Dr. J. Howell Way, of Waynesville, N. C., under whose supervision the excellent programme has been prepared, is well known to the profession of these three States for his special ability as an executive officer.

A smoker has been arranged at the Capital Club, Wednesday evening, at 8:30 o'clock. Any one desiring hotel reservation may communicate with the chairman of the Committee on Arrangements, Dr. H. A. Royster, who will take pleasure in making desired reservation.

It is earnestly desired that as large a representation of the profession of this State as possible show their interest in this meeting by their attendance; they may be sure that their time will be well spent, as the programme promises to be an extremely instructive one.

## THE HAYES CASE.

**Much Interest in Preliminary Trial—Columbus Men Interested.**

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Whiteville, N. C., Feb. 11.—There are no new developments in the Hayes case. Col. D. J. Lewis, representing the father of young Floyd, visited Tabor to collect evidence for the prosecution. Several travelingmen in town this week say there is a great deal of feeling against both Hayes and his wife and 90 persons out of 100 belive that a plot was formed to entice Floyd into the house and then murder him. There is able counsel on both sides, and next Tuesday will witness a hard fought legal battle. A large crowd is expected in Whiteville on that day, as the case attracts a great deal of interest.

Mr. John M. Memory, formerly a citizen of Whiteville, and a brother of the Messrs. Memory of our town, has sold out his extensive turpentine business at Ocean Spring, Miss., and moved to Range, Ala., where he will go into co-partnership with Mr. T. D. Williamson in the turpentine business. These gentlemen have bought a large body of virgin timber, one of the finest belts in the South. They are both experienced turpentine men and are from Columbus county originally.

*Woman's Power Over Man*

Woman's most glorious endowment is the power to awaken and hold the pure and honest love of a worthy man. When she loses it and still loves on, no one in the wide world can know the heart agony she endures. The woman who suffers from weakness and derangement of her special womanly organism soon loses the power to sway the heart of a man. Her general health suffers and she loses her good looks, her attractiveness, her amiability and her power and prestige as a woman. Dr. R.V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N.Y., with the assistance of his staff of able physicians, has prescribed for and cured many thousands of women. He has devised a successful remedy for woman's ailments. It is known as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is a positive specific for the weaknesses and disorders peculiar to women. It purifies, regulates, strengthens and heals. Medicine dealers sell it. No *honest* dealer will advise you to accept a substitute in order to make a little larger profit.

**IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG, SICK WOMEN WELL.**

*Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and strengthen Stomach, Liver and Bowels.*

**Geo. O. Gaylord's**

**GREAT**

***Premium Sale.***

**Something New, Novel and Profitable to the Buying Public.**

**ONLY SALE of This Character Ever Held in This City.**

The following is a list of the Premiums to be given away:

Your purchase of $1.00 entitles you to Beautiful Placque Picture.

Your purchase of $2.00 entitles you to Kitchen Utensil Rack.

Your purchase of $3.00 entitles you to Beautiful Kid Doll.

Your purchase of $4.00 entitles you to Dresden Hall Vase.

Your purchase of $5.00 entitles you to Venetian Jardinier.

Your purchase of $6.00 entitles you to pair of Roller Skates.

Your purchase of $15.00 entitles you to Handsome Watch, guaranteed.

These Premiums will be given each day during this sale.

This sale embraces two seasons' stock. Including all Winter stock and advanced receipts of Early Spring goods.

Be wise and watch for this tidal wave of Great Reduction Selling in every department

**BEGINS**

**Thursday, February 16.**

**Geo. O. Gaylord's**

**BIG**

**Department Store,**

**210, 212, 214 North Front Street.**

## TRINITY COLLEGE NEWS.

**Judge Pritchard to Deliver Address—Basketball—Law School.**

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Trinity College, Durham, N. C., Feb. 11.—Judge Jeter C. Pritchard will make the annual address at the civic celebration in honor of Washington's birthday at Trinity College this pear. This celebration is held each year under the auspices of the "1019" Society of Trinity, and prominent speakers are always secured for the occasion. The slection of Judge Pritchard is pleasing to the entire college community and citizens of Durham in general. He is greatly admired by Bishop Kilgo, and is also a great friend of Mr. Benjamin N. Duke. The celebration will take place in Craven Memorial Hall, at 8 P. M. All exercises of the college will be suspended during the day and a general holiday will be observed.

The first basketball game will be played Monday evening at 8 o'clock, when the Charlotte Y. M. C. A. team comes for two games.

Of the 35 out of 45 young men who passed successful examinations before the Supreme Court at Raleigh last Monday, six were from the Trinity law school. This was a fine showing for the boys as well as the college. Five of that number are graduates of Trinity College. The Trinity law school has the reputation of having never had an applicant turned down by the Supreme Court.

Revival services are being conducted at the college by Rev. Harry North, pastor of Edenton Street Methodist Church, at Raleigh. These services are held every year under the auspices of the college Y. M. C. A.

**Tortured for 15 Years**

by a cure-defying stomach trouble that baffled doctors, and resisted all remedies he tried, John W. Modders, of Moddersville, Mich., seemed doomed. He had to sell his farm and give up work. His neighbors said, "he can't live much longer." "Whatever I ate distressed me," he wrote, "till I tried Electric Bitters, which worked such wonders for me that I can now eat things I could not take for years. It's surely a grand remedy for stomach trouble." Just as good for the liver and kidneys. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50c at R. R. Bellamy's.

## RELIGIOUS TRAINING SCHOOL.

**Great Work Being Done at Negro Institution—Contributions.**

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Durham, N. C., Feb. 11.—It has been announced that a new department is to be added to the National Religious Training School located in this city. The new department is to train negro women to do settlement work in Southern cities, and they will be trained along the line of sanitation and hygiene. They will be given a thorough education on this subject in order that they may be of service in making better the mode of living among the colored race in the congested negro quarters in the large Southern cities.

Dr. J. E. Shepherd, whose efforts established the school, and who is superintendent of the school, has just returned from the North, where he has been canvassing for subscriptions to aid in the new field. He reports that he has secured something like $10,000, and that among the contributors are numbered Mrs. Russell Sage, J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr., J. B. and B. N. Duke and others.

On his trip Dr. Shepherd was ably assisted by Judge J. C. Pritchard and former Governor Glenn, who are very much interested in the school. Early in March, Governor Glenn will begin an extensive canvass of the Northwest at Cleveland, Ohio. Then Judge Pritchard will make another trip some time in April.

The school is a success in every way. There are at present 139 pupils enrolled, and there are 11 teachers.

**Wife Got Tip Top Advice.**

"My wife wanted me to take our boy to the doctor to cure an ugly boil," writes D. Frankel, of Stroud, Okla. "I said, 'put Bucklen's Arnica Salve on it.' She did so, and it cured the boil in a short time." Quickest healer of burns, scalds, cuts, corns, bruises, sprains, swellings. Best pile cure on earth. Try it. Only 25c at R. R. Bellamy's.

New Spring muslin underwear in great variety at Rehder's White Sale. **

Look for Gaylord's "ad." in this issue. **

# ATLANTIC COAST LINE

These time tables are corrected to Jan 10, 1911, but their correctness nor the arrivals and departures are not guaranteed, the figures being given as the best available information as to schedules of this company and its connections.

| | 42 | 48 | *Daily. | 49 | 41 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | *7 00pm | *8 40am | Lv.. ....WILMINGTON.....Ar. | 6 15pm | 9 45am |
| | 10 06pm | 11 43am | Ar. .....Goldsboro.....Lv. | 2 59pm | 6 40am |
| | 11 00pm | 12 43pm | Ar .....Wilson.....Lv. | 1 52pm | 5 49am |
| | 11 45pm | 1 18pm | Ar.....Rocky Mount .....Lv. | 12 88pm | 5 05am |
| | 2 15am | 4 55pm | Ar.....Weldon.....Lv. | 11 30am | 2 25am |
| | 4 00am | 7 05pm | Ar. .....Petersburg.....Lv. | 9 13am | 1 36am |
| | 4 40am | 8 00pm | Ar. .....Richmond.....Lv. | 8 35am | 1 00am |
| | 8 00am | 11 50pm | Ar. .....Washington.....Lv. | 4 20am | 9 40pm |
| | 9 16am | 1 15am | Ar. .....Baltimore.....Lv. | 2 50am | 8 20pm |
| | 11 35am | 3 40am | Ar.....West Philadelphia....Lv. | 12 19am | 5 44pm |
| | 1 31pm | 5 40am | Ar. .....Manhattan Tr. (a)..Lv. | 9 50pm | 3 58pm |
| | 1 50pm | b5 50am | Ar. .....NEW YORK..... | v.*9 30pm | *3 38pm |
| | | | (7th Ave. & 32nd St.) | | |

(a)—Connections made at Manhattan Transfer with trains to and from Jersey City and thence with Desbrosses or Cortlandt street ferries and with Hudson River Terminal tubes to and from lower New York City.

b—Sleeper may be occupied until 7:30 A. M.

48 and 49—Pullman parlor cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman service.

42 and 41—Pullman Broiler buffet sleeping cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains with Pullman service.

| | 42 | 48 | *Daily. | 49 | 41 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | *7 00pm | *8 40am | Lv. ... WILMINGTON ... Ar. | 6 15pm | 9 45am |
| | 11 45pm | 1 18pm | Ar. .. .. Rocky Mount .. .. Lv. | 12 58pm | 5 05am |
| | 3 30am | 1 20pm | Lv. .. .. Rocky Mount .. .. Ar. | 12 55pm | 10 35pm |
| | 4 13am | 2 05pm | Ar. ... ... Tarboro ... ... Lv. | 12 18pm | 9 58pm |
| | 8 00am | 5 55pm | Ar. .. .. NORFOLK ... ... Lv. | *8 15am | *820pm |

42 and 41—Pullman Broiler buffet sleeping cars, Wilmington and Norfolk.
43 and 41—Pullman Broiler buffet sleeping cars, Wilmington and Norfolk.

| | 55 | 51 | *Daily. | 50 | 54 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | *3 15pm | *5 45am | Lv.....WILMINGTON.....Ar. | 11 40pm | 1 40pm |
| | 7 25pm | 9 30am | Ar.....Florence.....Lv. | 8 00pm | 9 30am |
| | 11 20pm | 12 50pm | Ar. .....Charleston.....Lv. | 4 37pm | 5 25am |
| | 2 25am | 3 25pm | Ar .....Savannah.....Lv. | 12 06pm | 12 25am |
| | 11 55am | 2 20am | Ar. .....Albany..... Lv. | 1 25am | 1 55pm |
| | 9 40am | 1 45am | Ar. .....Thomasville.....Lv. | 2 05am | 2 05pm |
| | 5 50pm | 8 50am | Ar. .....Montgomery.....Lv. | 6 50pm | 6 05am |
| | 7 15am | 8 00pm | Ar. .....JACKSONVILLE.....Lv. | 7 30am | 7 55pm |
| | 2 05pm | 2 10am | Ar. .....Sanford, Fla.....Lv. | 1 35am | 2 55pm |
| | 7 00pm | 7 00am | Ar. .....TAMPA.....Lv. | 9 00pm | 10 30am |
| | 8 55pm | 8 00am | Ar. ST. PETERSBURG....Lv. | 8 15pm | 6 45am |
| | 10 20pm | 1 05pm | Ar. .....FORT MYERS.....Lv. | *3 00pm | *6 45am |

ALL TRAINS CARRY PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS—Sleeper arriving Wilmington on No. 50 at 11:40 P. M., may be occupied until 7:00 A. M., and sleeper leaving Wilmington on No. 51 at 5:45 A. M. will be open to receive passengers at 10:00 P. M., the previous night. Seat fares sold in Pullman cars to and from Wilmington.

| | 55 | 51 | *Daily. | 32-50 | 54 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | *3 15pm | *5 45am | Lv.....WILMINGTON.....Ar. | 11 40pm | 1 40pm |
| | 7 25pm | 9 30am | Ar.....Florence.....Lv. | 8 00pm | 9 30am |
| | 9 20pm | 11 30am | Ar. .. .. .....Sumter.....Lv. | 5 55pm | 7 35am |
| | 11 10pm | 12 55pm | Ar. .. .. .....COLUMBIA.....Lv. | 4 10pm | 6 00am |
| | 9 25am | ..... | Ar.....AUGUSTA.....Lv. | 2 30pm | ..... |
| | 11:50pm | 1 10pm | Lv .....COLUMBIA, Sou. Ry. ..Ar | 2 30pm | 4 40am |
| | 5 30am | 7 40pm | Ar.....Saluda...Sou. Ry.....Lv. | 8 45am | 10 25pm |
| | 6 00am | 8 15pm | Ar.....Hendersonville..Sou. .....Lv. | 8 05am | 9 50pm |
| | 7 00am | 9 15pm | Ar.....ASHEVILLE Sou. Ry.....Lv. | 7 00am | 8 50pm |
| | 7 20pm | ..... | Ar.....Knoxville...Sou. Ry.....Lv. | *1 35am | 7 40am |
| | 8 40am | ..... | Ar.....Louisville...Sou. Ry.....Lv. | ..... | 8 00am |
| | 8 00am | ..... | Ar.....CINCINNATI Q. & C.....Lv. | ..... | *8 10pm |

51—SLEEPING CAR Wilmington to Columbia.

55—SLEEPING CARS, Wilmington to Columbia, Columbia to Asheville and Asheville to Louisville and Cincinnati.

54—SLEEPING CARS Cincinnati and Louisville to Asheville. Asheville to Columbia and Columbia to Wilmington. Sleeper from Columbia open to receive passengers at 10 P. M.

50—SLEEPING CAR Columbia to Wilmington.

Sleeping cars arriving Wilmington 11:40 P. M. and Columbia 11:10 P. M. may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.

Sleeping car leaving Wilmington 5:45 A. M. will be open receive passengers at 10:00 P. M.

| 57 | 51 | 55 | *Dly. | Dly. Ex. Sun. | xSun only. | 54 | 50 | 58 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 7 30pm | *5 45am | *3 15pm | Lv..... | WILMINGTON. | ....Ar. | 1 40pm | 11 40pm | 8 30am |
| 9 15pm | 7 28am | 5 00pm | Ar..... | CHADBOURN | ....Lv. | *11 40am | *9 50pm | 6 25am |
| 10 10pm | 11 50am | x5 15pm | Lv.... | .CHADBOURN. | ....Ar. | 7 10am | 5 00pm | 6 15am |
| 11 45pm | 1 30pm | 6 45pm | Ar..... | ...CONWAY..... | Lv. | x5 40am | 13 30pm | 14 30am |

| 59 | 53 | * Daily. | Daily ex. Sun | 60 | 52 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 6 30pm | *8 45am | Lv.....WILMINGTON..... | Ar. | 10 15am | 8 05pm |
| 9 45pm | 11 45am | Ar.....Fayetteville ..... | Lv. | 7 10am | 4 50pm |
| 9 45pm | 12 10pm | Lv.....Fayetteville ..... | Ar. | 6 30am | 4 45pm |
| 11 10pm | 1 40pm | Ar.....SANF'RD..... | Lv. | 15 05am | *3 30pm |

| 62 | 64 | *Daily. | Daily Except Sunday. | 63 | 65 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| *3 25pm | 15 50am | Lv.....WILMINGTON..... | Ar. | 12 50pm | 6 50pm |
| 6 22pm | 7 42am | Ar.....Jacksonville, N. C..... | Lv. | 10 55am | 4 55pm |
| 6 44pm | 9 05am | Ar.. .. .. .. Mor. & Sou. Junction..... | Lv. | 9 35am | 3 35pm |
| 6 50pm | 9 10am | Ar .. .. .. .. NEWBERN, N. C..... | Lv. | *9 30am | 13 30pm |

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 168.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

**SEABOARD**

**Air Line Railway**

**SCHEDULE**

Apply at Union Depot Ticket Office, 'Phone 1294, or Office of Commercial Agent, Orton Hotel, 'Phone 179.

Trains leave Wilmington, Effective Nov. 6th, 1910.

NO. 45—5:00 A. M.—For Hamlet and intermediate points to Charlotte, connects at Hamlet with No. 66, for Raleigh and points North.

No. 39—3:40 P. M.—For Charlotte, connecting at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Jacksonville, Norfolk, New York and trains in all directions. Arrive Hamlet, 7:40 P. M.; leave Hamlet, 8:00 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 10:50 P. M.

Trains Arrive at Wilmington:

No. 40—12:20 P. M.—From Charlotte.

No. 44—11:59 P. M.—From Charlotte and intermediate points.

No. 45 connects at Hamlet with No. 66, for all points North; at Monroe, with No. 53, for Atlanta.

No. 39 connects at Hamlet with No. 41, for Atlanta, Birmingham and Memphis. No. 64, for Washington and New York; No. 62, for Portsmouth, Norfolk, and No. 43, for Columbia, Savannah and Jacksonville.

Parlor car service will be maintained between Wilmington and Charlotte on No. 65, leaving Wilmington at 3:40 P. M., and No. 40, arriving at Wilmington at 12:20 P. M.

E. W. ARRINGTON, Union Ticket Agent. 'Phone No. 1294.

F. A. FETTER, Commercial Agent, Orton Hotel. 'Phone No. 178.

H. S. LEARD, Div. Passenger Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

C. B. RYAN, General Passenger Agent, Portsmouth Va.

ma18-tf

**Clyde Steamship Company**

**to**

**NEW YORK**

**and**

**GEORGETOWN, S. C.**

From New York to Wilmington.

Steamship "Carib,".. Friday, Feb. 10, 1911.
Steamship "Navahoe," Friday, Feb. 17, 1911.

From Wilmington to New York.

Steamship "Navahoe,".. Sat., Feb. 11, 1911.
Steamship "Carib," .... Sat., Feb. 18, 1911.

From Wilmington to Georgetown.

Steamship "Navahoe,".. Mon., Feb. 6, 1911.
Steamship "Carib,".. Mon., Feb. 13, 1911.

Both steamers have good passenger accommodations.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

For freight, apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

H. E. MAYNARD, Freight Traffic Manager.
H. M. RAYMOND, V.-P. & G. M.

**JOHN THAMES, M. D.**

Practice Limited to WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

Office and residence, 701 Church street.

HOURS:—9 to 11 A. M., 2 to 4 P. M., 7 to 8 P. M.

**SUBURBAN SCHEDULE**

In Effect Tuesday, Jan. 3rd, 1911.

**TO THE BEACH**

WEEK DAYS.

| Leave Front and Princess: | Leave Lumina |
|---|---|
| 6:50 A. M. | 7:45 A. M. |
| 8:30 | 9:15 |
| 10:00 | 10:45 |
| 11:30 | 12:15 |
| 1:00 P. M. | 1:45 P. M. |
| 3:00 | 3:45 |
| 4:30 | 5:25 |
| 7:10 | 7:50 |
| 8:30 | 9:15 |

SUNDAYS.

| | |
|---|---|
| 8:30 A. M. | 9:15 A. M. |
| 9:30 | 10:15 |
| 10:00 | 10:45 |
| 11:30 | 12:15 P. M. |
| 1:00 P. M. | 1:45 |
| 2:30 | 3:15 |
| and every half hour until | and every half hour until |
| 5:30 | 5:45 |
| 6:10 | 6:25 |
| 7:10 | 6:50 |
| 8:30 | 7:50 |
| | 9:15 |

**WRIGHTSVILLE.**

Leave Wilmington, for Wrightsville: Week Days—6:50, 8:00, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M.; 1:00, 3:00, 4:30, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00, 11:00 P. M.

Sundays—8:30, 9:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M.; 1:00, 2:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00 and 11:30 P. M.

Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington: Week Days—6:20, 7:30, 7:55, 8:25, 9:25, 10:55 A. M.; 12:25, 1:55, 3:55, 5:25, 6:00, 6:35, 8:00, 9:25, 10:30, 12:30 P. M.

Sundays—9:25, 10:25, 10:50 A. M.; 12:25, 1:55, 2:55, 3:25, 3:55, 4:25, 4:55, 5:25, 6:55, 6:25, 8:00, 9:25, 10:30, 11:30 P. M.

**GOLF LINKS.**

Leave Wilmington for Golf Links: Week Days—6:50, 8:00, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30, 1:00, 3:00, 4:30, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10; 8:30, 10:00, 11:00.

Leave Golf Links for Wilmington: Week Days—6:35, 7:45, 8:15, 8:45, 9:45, 11:15, 12:45, 2:15, 4:15, 5:15, 6:35, 8:15, 9:45, 10:50, 11:40.

**FREIGHT.**

Daily, Except Sunday.

Leave 9th and Orange: 3 P. M. Leave Beach: 5:15 P. M.

Freight depot open daily except Sunday, from 2 to 3 P. M.

**N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western**

Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.

Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rail.

Schedule in Effect May 15, 1910.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Lv. Norfolk | 8:15 a m | 8:30 p m |
| Lv. Petersburg | 10:50 a m | 10:40 p m |
| Lv. Durham | 7:00 a m | 5:30 p m |
| Lv. Lynchburg | 2:35 p m | 2:30 a m |
| Ar. Cincinnati | 7:30 a m | 6:25 p m |
| Ar. Columbus | 6:43 a m | 7:05 p m |
| Ar. Chicago | 5:00 p m | 7:30 a m |
| Ar. St. Louis | 6:33 p m | 8:30 a m |

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all western points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. BEVILL, Gen. Pass Agent, Roanoke, Va.
C. M. BOSLEY, Dist. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.

CLARK'S CRUISE OF THE "ARABIC" 16,000 tons, fine, large, unusually steady.

**TO THE ORIENT**

February 4 to April 16, 1911.

Seventy-one days, costing only $400.00 and up, including shore excursions. SPECIAL FEATURES: Madeira, Cadiz, Seville, Algiers, Malta, 19 days in Egypt and the Holy Land, Constantinople, Athens, Rome, the Riviera, etc.

30 Tours to Europe. Other Tours.

FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, served by carriers in the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for time actually published. Payment for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Sunday, February 12, 1911.

"Money makes the mare go," and also makes an English Lord come across.

Even a municipal row is better than stagnation. Can't somebody "start something?"

The standpatter who bought a box of smuggled Hanava cigars should be made to smoke for it.

No, Dixie, it hasn't gone out of fashion for a man to give up his seat in a street car rather than see a woman stand.

If any State is to lose a Congressman, we vote for it to be Indiana so long as Congressman Crumpacker acts so that his loss won't be felt.

A North Carolinian has invented a stump puller. Try it on Secretary Ballinger and if it budges him, it will make dynamite look like 30 cents.

Other cities have weather conditions that seriously interfere with aviation. Wilmington has airship weather all the time. This is the aeroplane truth.

A poet writes: "In her eyes are jewels rare." Something must be wrong with a fellow when the pupils of a girl's eyes look like jewels to him.

Possibly Atlanta has Dorothy Arnold concealed and will spring her on an unsuspecting public when the disclosure will attract the most attention to Atlanta.

John Bull sees Uncle Sam under the bed because of his reciprocity bouquet for Canada. Uncle Sam doesn't propose to elope with "Cannie" unless it's perfectly mutual.

Dr. Wilhelm Sievers announces that he has discovered the source of the Amazon. May be true, but the doctor would gain more fame by discovering the source of all our troubles.

Standpatters are awfully afraid of reciprocity with Canada, but government aid to special privileges and subsidies for private business enterprises look good to them. It all depends on the viewpoint.

Of all the ports from the Potomac to the Rio Grande, Wilmington floats more business on the Atlantic ocean than all others except Galveston, New Orleans and Savannah. Fourth place in Southern commerce is a big place.

A contemporary remarks: "A Senator made a telling speech on a 25 cents tomato in the Senate last week." Our recollection of it is that the tomato was not in the Senate and that the Senator was on the floor and not on the tomato.

We object to the bill pending in the General Assembly to erect a monument to the Women of the Confederacy. It only carries an appropriation of $10,000, whereas a $100,000 monument would be only a slight tribute to the memory of such incomparable women. Even a million dollar monument could not typify the grandeur of Southern womanhood. The truest and grandest women on the face of God's green earth are the heroines of a strife the like of which the world has never experienced before nor since. The mothers, the sisters and the sweethearts of the greatest soldiers who ever marched to battle represent the highest type of woman of all creation since the foundation of the world was laid. You might assemble all the precious metals and all the gems known to chystologists and they would not fitly perpetuate the fortitude, the bravery, the fidelity and the patriotism of the South's self-sacrificing women of war times.

## VALUE FEATURE OVERLOOKED

Because of an estimated saving of $5,000,000 to $6,000,000 a year for the Postoffice Department, it is quite likely that the advertising sections of a certain class of publications are to be taxed by an increase of the rate of postage. This affords us the opportunity to say that advertisements constitute a really valuable part of any publication. They afford information of a practical and beneficial kind and create business which ramifies in all directions. Advertisements frequently offer some advantage that saves the reader of a publication more than he pays for the publication. In fact, readers of most any newspaper or magazine ought to make more money out of his paper or magazine than he pays for it. Readers not only get the advantage of the reading matter, but in the advertisements they are put next to propositions which are of great advantage to them and in many instances a source of great profit. The truth is, many a man has made his fortune through an advertisement, either one that he read or inserted himself.

People ought to make a business of reading advertisements, and many do, but the custom ought to be changed. Failure to keep up with the advertisements in a newspaper or magazine has lost many a person a fine opportunity or a good bargain of some kind. Indeed, it is a negligent subscriber who does not get his money's worth out of reading matter and then something on the side by taking advantage of the advertisements and other practical information constantly coming under his eyes. If you never have read advertisements for profit and made a business of it, try it and see how you will win out. Nine times out of ten advertisments are worth something to the readers as well as the advertisers. The advertisement in this practical age is a mutual benefit proposition.

For some time Postmaster General Hitchcock has been after getting more than the second-class rate of postage out of the magazines and periodical publications of the country. Although the publishers have strenuously fought the effort to compel them to pay more postage, it seems that the Postoffice Department will succeed, in a measure, in placing a higher rate on the advertising sections of the larger magazines as distinguished from the reading matter carried by such publications. The Senate Committee on Postoffices and Postroads has favorably reported an amendment to the postoffice appropriation bill requiring a postage rate of four cents a pound on the advertising sections of publications carried as second-class matter, but it will apply only to large publications, as an exemption is provided for such periodicals of less than 4,000 pounds weight per issue.

If the rate on such publications is less than it costs the government to carry such mail, it would seem that a uniform increase should be made without reference to the matter carried, whether it is reading matter or advertising matter, making no exception in the size of the publication. It is curious that the rate should be increased on the very portion of the magazines which is profitable to the Posetoffice Department. The second-class rate on reading matter is to encourage dissemination of information and intelligence among the people, and upon that the Postoffice Department gets little or no return postal revenue. That concession is made from an educational standpoint. However, it is different with advertisements carried by publications. They create a tremendous letter mail on account of answers to advertisements and they further increase the postal receipts by reason of exchange of letters and postage on merchandise and circulars sent through the mails. So the government puts a higher tax on the magazine section which actually repays the Postoffice Department for its seond-class privileges.

The Postmaster General estimates that an increase of the postage on magazine publications will help to cut down the postal deficit by an amount ranging from $5,000,000 to $6,000,000 a year. Of course, by increasing the rate of advertising sections of specified publications it will not tend to cut down the amount of advertising, but it does bring up reflection on the curiousness of the proposition to increase the postage on a class of matter from which the Postoffice Department is sure to get a return revenue from the postage which advertisements create. We venture the assertion that the government gets back in first-class postage more than it loses in the second-class concession it makes for carrying publications of any description in the mails.

## WORLD'S MESSAGE OF PEACE.

Indeed, that was an extraordinary occurrence in the House of Representatives at Washington on Thursday when Count Apponyi, of Austria-Hungary, stood on the Speaker's rostrum and delivered to the American Congress a message of peace from the Old World to the New World. It would seem that we are on the eve of the millenium if the statesmen of all civilized nations could bear throughout the universe similar greetings of one nation to another, delivering the message that all men are brothers, and, therefore, that they should live in peace and far above the distrust, the animosities and the antagonisms that make war a possibility. Indeed, it was an unusual scene when this distinguished foreigner came to us as a nation of peace to appeal to us and impress upon this country the responsibility which rests upon us, as peace-loving people, of influencing the Old World in behalf of peace among men and nations.

The peace messenger of the Old World recognized in this country the leader in the movement for world peace and it is indeed a high compliment for the American people. He spoke with earnestness and great pathos in impressing upon us our duty and the glorious opportunity of aiding the nations of the Old World in throwing off the ancient traditions, hatreds, antagonisms and animosities which have often plunged Europe into war and which constantly menaces the peace of the civilized world. If, indeed, we are the real exemplars of 'Peace on Earth and Good Will Toward Men," as we are taken to be, then we are the people of a glorified nation, with a destiny greater than we conceive. Shall we look forward to he time when war is no more; when the tread of armies shall cease; when the startling bugle call shall not be heard; when all the devilish instruments of destruction shall be but relics of barbarism; when bloodshed and carnage among mankind shall give away to peace greetings in an era of the real brotherhood of man?

Count Apponyi himself appears to be the real messenger of peace—the peace apostle to the world—and his coming to America to talk in our nation's council chamber marks him as the pioneer in a movement that should become universal. When all the nations shall appoint their ambassadors of peace to visit the capitals and governments of the world to deliver peace messages and greetings, and shall receive the cordiality and good will which our Congressmen gave the distinguished Hungarian statesman, we may hope for the era of brotherly love that would banish the world's formidable array of battleships and frowning armaments which still betray men as being the minions of savagery instead of being the lights of civilization.

Universal peace would sweep away the last vestige of the grinding tax which preparedness for war inflicts upon mankind, and there would be a world of happiness instead of a world full of mourning and woe because men possess the instincts or are fettered by the circumstances that billow the earth with the bloody graves of the victims of "grim visaged war."

## SETTLERS COMING SOUTH.

In the New York Herald there is a column devoted daily to gossip on Wall Street, and what is picked up is published under the head of "Talked of in Wall Street." In Thursday's Herald this appears as one of the subjects which entertained "The Street."

"Not all the Westerners seeking new homes are going to the Canadian Northwest. The movement to the Southern States broke all records yesterday in Chicago, when more than 5,000 persons left for the South on Illinois Central and Frisco trains, two-thirds of them going to Florida."

For years the Star has harped on the importance and practical results that would flow from efforts to attract some of the people who have been emigrating from the Middle West and Northwestern States into Canada. If the resources of the South had been as well advertised as those of the new countries in Western Canada, this glorious Southland today would have been the home of thousands who went further North into a colder country where the opportunities cannot equal those in North Carolina.

Florida saw the opportunity and acted, and now it seems the trend of immigration is Southward—naturally to Florida, because Florida advertised and went after people with business propositions. The Atlantic Coast Line in 1910 settled 2,500 families along its lines in Florida, and with two to five to an average family, that means a settlement of several thousand people on the Coast Line alone. There is no wonder that the population of Florida gained 42 per cent. since the census of 1900! Florida's plan of getting people succeeded, and it is the same plan suggested to the people of Wilmington by the Star at different times during the past five years.

A cablegram announces that "the Filipinos demand local self government." By George, is it the kind corresponding to the Democratic view or simply the kind that Morehead and Butler thought the people of North Carolina should have?

The Philadelphia Ledger quotes Dr. Woods Hutchinson as saying: "Give a boy all the pie he wants, and let him sleep as long as he wants, because it is good for him." Dr. Hutchinson is the only doctor that a boy would call in to look at his sore toe.

The Chattanooga Times notes: "At a banquet in Chicago the other night one of the men scheduled to respond to a toast lost the power of speech." We should infer that they had him "sewed up" before the speaking began. In fact, there may have been others.

The Awaited and Welcome Annual Period to Most Economically Purchase White Goods of All Kinds.

We open the doors Monday on our greatest achievement in White Goods selling. In quantity and variety of stock involved, in superiority of quality of goods assembled and in actual lowness of prices quoted, this event attains high water mark in White Goods value giving.

Here is presented a surpassing selection of new white fabrics for garment making and household use, together with our cloud banks of new outer and under garments that will win the admiration of all who admire daintiness, beauty and worth.

IT IS A VERITABLE FAIR OF PEERLESS WHITE BEAUTY. A WHITE SALE OF WHICH WE MAY WELL BE PROUD.

Greater and greater interest is shown each year in Rehder's Linens. Why? Because Housekeepers buy their Linens from stores that Can be Depended On.

64-inch White Linen Damask; 65c. values White Sale ... 48c
58-inch Peerless Table Damask; White Sale price ... 23c
64-inch Semi-bleached Linen Table Damask; great value; White Sale ... 47c
70-inch wide White Mercerized Table Damask; special value White Sale ... 69c
72-inch wide White All-Linen Table Damask; special $1.50 value; White Sale ... $1.19
Red Table Damask; White Sale ... 19c
$1.50 Linen Napkins; full size; White Sale ... $1.29
$2.00 All-Linen Napkins; full size; White Sale ... $1.69
$1.25 White Linen and Mercerized Table Napkins; White Sale ... 98c
50c. Hemmed Table Napkins; special; White Sale ... 38c

TOWELS.

Cotton Huck Towels; good size; each White Sale ... 7½c
Medium size Cup Towels; the doz., White Sale ... 38c
15c. Turkish, Honey-Comb and Huck Towels; special value all go at White Sale ... 11c
35c. Extra large size Linen Damask Towels, fringed; White Sale ... 23c
25c. Mercerized White Damask Towels; White Sale ... 18c

WHITE LINENS.

36-inch White Linen Cambric; 35c. values; price, White Sale ... 23c
36-inch White Linen Lawn; 25c. value; price White Sale ... 18c
36-inch Very sheer All-Linen; White Sale ... 39c
36-inch Sheer Linen, Art Linen, Linen Cambric; White Sale ... 45c
90-inch wide Linen Sheeting; a real Bargain; White Sale ... 69c
90-inch wide All-Linen Sheeting; $1.25 value; to go quick at the White Sale, we have marked them ... 98c

DOMESTICS PRICED TO A SAVING.

10c. Poe Mills Bleaching, one yard wide; the yard, White Sale ... 7 1-2c
12 1-2c. Cambric, one yard wide; 10 yards for, White Sale ... 89c
10 yards Unbleached Homespun, for ... 29c
10 yards Bleaching, for ... 39c
10 yards, one yard wide Bleaching, for ... 49c
10 yards 39-inch wide Unbleached Homespun for ... 49c

EMBROIDERY AND LACES.

8c. and 10c. Embroidery Swiss, Nainsook and Cambric Edge and Insertion to match; White Sale ... 5c
15c. and 18c. Embroidery, in great assortment; White Sale ... 10c
35c. to 50c. All-Over Embroidery; White Sale ... 25c
Swiss, Nainsook and Cambric Match Sets are of Wonderful Values. You will make no mistake buying to satisfy your future needs.
Valenciennes Laces, big variety, big assortment; prices White Sale ... 5c

LUNA LAWN.

This fabric is Well Adapted for Embroidering, the yarns being Especially Durable for their weight, while the Crisp and Lustrous Finish Closely Resembles the More Costly Linen.

36-inch Luna Lawn; 25c. value, White Sale ... 19c
30-inch Luna Lawn; 19c. value, White Sale ... 15c
50c. White Sheets, 72x90; White Sale ... 39c
$1.25 White Sheets, 81x90; White Sale ... 89c
Pillow Cases; White Sale ... 10c
$1.50 White Bed Spreads; White Sale ... $1.29

WHITE LAWNS.

36-inch White Lawn, in short lengths; some 2 to 10 yards; 10c. values; price only, White Sale ... 6½c
40-inch Kilkenny Linen Suitings; white, crisp Linen Finish; price, White Sale ... 10c
27-inch White Madras; short lengths, 2 1-2 to 10 yard pieces; 10c. values, price, White Sale ... 8c
36-inch Flaxon; 19c. values, snowy white, crisp and new; White Sale ... 15c
36-inch Flaxon; 25c. values; beautiful, fine, sheer; price, White Sale ... 18c
40-inch White Lingerie Cloth; 15c. values; White Sale ... 10c
40-inch Mercerized Batiste; 25c. values; fine, sheer; White Sale ... 18c
Fine White Nainsook, 12 yards to box; Special value, $2.50, but price, per box, White Sale ... $1.98
15c. Linen Finish Duck, white, only, White Sale ... 12c

CRISP, SNOW WHITE MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

Perfectly tailored; perfect fit; honest merchandise.
Children's White Muslin Pants; White Sale price ... 10c
Children's White Muslin Skirts; White Sale price ... 10c
Women's Fine Muslin Pants and Corset Covers; many styles to select from; White Sale price ... 23c
Women's White Muslin Pants, Corset Covers, Skirts and Gowns; a great choice; White Sale ... 48c
Women's White Muslin Gowns and Skirts, Corsets and Pants; White Sale ... 98c
Women's White Muslin Gowns, beautifully trimmed, at ... $1.48

MAN-TAILORED WHITE WAISTS.

$1.25 Man-Tailored Waist; fine cambric; laundered cuffs and collar; White Sale ... 89c
$1.25 White Lawn Waist, trimmed Lace or Embroidered Front; White Sale ... 98c

MAN-TAILORED WHITE WAISTS.

New White Waist, well made; big assortment; White Sale ... 49c
Linen Man-Tailored Waist; laundered cuffs and collars; White Sale ... $1.48

J. H. Rehder & Co.

The Firm That Pays Your Car Fare.


## CURRENT COMMENT.

Senator Graham's petition from a citizen of Orange to prevent frequent changes of fashion and the dog tax seem to have the Legislature at bay so far.—Raleigh Times.

Some of you fellows may not believe it, but they are going to keep the thing up until you will have considerable trouble in having it shipped from one State to another.—Durham Herald.

You might offer to pay any man who has become accustomed to good roads ten times what it actually cost him to get them, to do without them, and he would promptly and emphatically decline the offer.—Greensboro News.

President Taft had the courage to appoint a Southern man as chief justice of the Supreme Court, and to state his views on the reciprocity treaty—which is far more than Roosevelt, with all his gush and buncombe, ever dared do.—Charlotte News.

Will the Legislature adjourn without passing a Statewide primary law? If so, they will fail in one of the great things that the people are looking for and expecting. The common people, the masses, want the primary and many politicians in the last campaign promised that such a law should be enacted. What will they do about it?—Dunn Guide.

The bill to establish a State Commission of Game and Fisheries, is a move in the right direction, and the State would do well to provide for its support. The Audubon Society recommends this course in its report to the Legislature. Gilbert Pearson stated to the game committee of the Assembly yesterday that a State-wide commission is the only course by which the birds and game of the State can be preserved and he ought to know, if anyone in the State does.—Raleigh News and Observer.

The action of the joint Appropriations Committee of the House and the Senate in unanimously voting to report favorably the Horne-Boyden bill to construct a beautiful and modern million dollar Administration Building will be received with approval by the thousands who have long been urging the construction of a fire-proof building that will preserve the records, the libraries and valuables of the State and afford room for all the administration offices. The presentation of the needs of a modern and fit structure was such as to convince all present that the Boyden-Horne bill should become a law.—Raleigh News and Observer.

The local optionists of Wilmington have not yet despaired. The Dispatch of yesterday says: "A petition was circulated yesterday afternoon addressed to the General Assembly with the idea in view of securing 'local option' for New Hanover county on the liquor question. There are several copies of the petition in circulation. It is stated that there have been a number of signatures. The petition will be forwarded to Raleigh within the next day or two and it is presumed will be placed in the hands of Representative Woodus Kellum for presentation to the Legislature." By environment and heredity, Wilmington is one town that is entitled to cry aloud for local self government, but we are inclined to believe it will cry in vain. Both the daily papers there are "agin" it, but even if they were not and if the whole town were to petition for it, the Legislature could not be budged. There is no disposition, whatever, at Raleigh, to make a hole in the State prohibition law. And in Wilmington, not the grasshopper, but prohibition, shall be a burden, and desire shall fail, and the mourners go about the streets.—Charlotte Chronicle.

The most astonishing thing we have been up against in some time is a proposition by the Legislature to hit the Atlantic Coast Line for the formation of some kind of a benefit society to take care of its sick and injured men. We are not familiar with the organization, but it is a mutual affair and hundreds of men have been cared for by the fund. In this town right now is an employe of the Coast Line who has been sick since last August, who is getting benefits from the organization that enables him to get along. Without it his family would have been in sore straits. The contention of the gentleman who introduced the bill is that the road, by this scheme, gets its employes to help it take care of its men who get hurt. What rot! The roads always do this and a great deal more. The Coast Line pays a certain amount of dues to the organization and the men working for it pay a certain per cent. of their earnings, which a small amount, so that when a member becomes incapacitated for work he has something to fall back on. It is charged that lawyers are at the bottom of the effort to disrupt the organization on the ground that the Coast Line gets out of a number of law suits by being able to take care of its men—in other words, that its men are being held up to help the road. The bill should be killed. We came near saying that the man who introduced it should have been disposed of before he introduced it.—Greensboro Record.


DOCTOR PRAISES D. D. D.

Although an M. D., I acknowledge to my patients and patrons that your remedy, D. D. D., reaches cases of Eczema and permanently cures them—Dr. Ira T. Gabbert, Caldwell, Kan.

"My cure began from the first application of D. D. D. My skin is now as smooth as a baby's. I wouldn't take a thousand dollars for what D. D. D. has done for me," writes August Santo, of Chillicotne Ohio.

These are just samples of letters we are receiving every day from grateful patients all over the country.

"Worth its weight in gold," "All my pimples washed away by D. D. D." "I found instant relief," "D. D. D. is little short of miraculous." These are the words of others in describing the great skin remedy, D. D. D.

Proven by thousands of cures, for en years to be absolutely harmless and reliable in every case of skin trouble, no matter what it is.

Get a trial bottle today! Instant relief—only 25c.

Rob't R. Bellamy, Wilmington, N. C.

# STRAWBERRIES IN BLOOM

**Plants Look Fine and Healthy in Chadbourn Section—Meeting of Business Men and Growers at Mount Tabor.**

From a person arriving in the city yesterday from Mount Tabor, Columbus county, it is learned that many strawberries in that section are in bloom and that growers are using pine straw very liberally to protect the plants from frost and freezing weather, which may come before the Winter breaks. The plants are said to look fine and healthy, and indications are for a splendid yield of berries this season, which will open about the middle of April.

It was learned that a large number of prominent business men of Mount Tabor and strawberry growers of that vicinity have issued a call for a meeting of all those interested to be held at Mount Tabor Saturday of this week at 2 o'clock, for the purpose of thoroughly acquainting the growers of that section with the plans of the Carolina Fruit Exchange, which handled the business of many growers in that section last year, and will look after the marketing of this year's crop. At the meeting any growers not now members of the Exchange, but who desire to join, will be admitted to membership. The Carolina Fruit Exchange, which will operate more extensively in the strawberry section of Eastern Carolina this year than last, having recently signed contracts with a number of new members, has no connection with the Georgia Fruit Exchange, except that the officers are the same and the employes of the latter are used in handling the strawberry business. By using the same employes better and more experienced men can be had, because they can be given employment for a longer time.

The primary object of the meeting at Mount Tabor Saturday of this week is to formulate plans for taking the strawberry business out of the hands of buyers, sent there from a distance, who apparently have an understanding among themselves that berries will bring so much on a certain day and no more, regardless of the prevailing prices on the Northern markets. It is said that the business men of that section and not a few growers desire to do away with what they call a monopoly. The meeting will very likely be largely attended.

The person just in from Mount Tabor was asked about the tragedy which occurred there last Saturday night, when Mr. Robert M. Floyd was shot and instantly killed by Mrs. N. M. Hayes, and he stated that there were no new developments so far as he could learn; that the people of the town talked of the affair among themselves, but would close up like clams when a stranger appeared, fearing, perhaps, that they would be summoned as a witness, to appear at the hearing to be held in Whiteville Tuesday. Already some 25 witnesses have been summoned by the State, in an effort to prove a plot to take the life of Floyd. Mrs. Hayes, her husband and his 14-year-old brother are in jail at Whiteville awaiting the preliminary hearing on the conspiracy charge. The indications are that a big portion of the town of Mount Tabor will go up to Whiteville Tuesday, and the number will be augmented by scores of others throughout that section, who are greatly interested in the case.

## BASKETBALL LAST NIGHT.

**Two Fast and Snappy Games at Y. M. C. A. Gymnasium.**

By far the best games of the season were witnessed by a large number of spectators at the basketball of the Y. M. C. A. last night. The games were fast from the start and every man showed much improvement over the previous games. The first game, between the Seminoles and the Athletics, was fast and snappy, and was anybody's until the last few minutes of play, when several pretty goals by Hugh Hines, who was the star of the game, won the game for the Athletics.

Delamar, at guard for the Athletics, was in great form, and kept his man from throwing more than two goals from field. Houston's foul shooting was also a feature of the game. The final score was 33 to 23 in favor of the Athletics. The line-up was as follows: Athletics—Hanson (captain) and King, forwards; Hines, Hugh, center; Miller, Richardson and Delamar, guards. Seminoles—Houston (captain) and LeMoyne, forwards; Loring, center; Shepherd and Davis, K., Seminoles.

The second game, while not as fast as the first game, was a fine exhibition of this popular sport, and though a little one-sided, was very interesting from the spectator's standpoint. Kessler and Fillyaw, the captains, respectively, of the Actives and Pirates, both played excellent ball. The latter team was unable to find the goal a single time from field, while Kessler's men threw seven. With one or two exceptions, this game as well as the first game were free from the rough playing that usually goes with match games. The final score was 22 to 5, in favor of the Actives. The line-up was as follows: Actives—Kessler (captain), center; Murphy and Little, forwards; Andrews and McClellan, guards. Pirates—Fillyaw (captain), center; Hines, Ed., and Strauss, forwards; Goldberg and Whitted, guards. Scorer, Lewis, R. B. The standing of the teams is as follows: Athletics, 1000; Actives, .250; Pirates, .500; Seminoles, .250.

**Brooklyn Baptist Church Today.**

At Brooklyn Baptist Church this morning at 11 o'clock, the pastor, Rev. C. F. Whitlock, will have as his subject, "Who Should be Excluded from the Church; Why and How?" The sermon will be practical and doubtless will prove of much interest to the large congregation expected to be in attendance. This evening Mr. Whitlock will have as his subject, "The Greatest Saying in the World."

Something always new, novel and profitable at Gaylord's. See today's ad. **

## CHANGE IN BUSINESS SALE.

**Platt & Haar Offer Big Reduction on Entire Stock of Goods.**

Having decided to change their business from a cash and credit plan to a strictly cash basis, and realizing that not quite so large a stock is required under the new arrangements, Messrs. Platt & Haar, the well known and progressive dry goods merchants, of this city, announce to their many patrons throughout this section a big reduction sale beginning Wednesday morning at 9 o clock and continuing for ten days, during which the entire stock will be placed at the disposal of shoppers at greatly reduced prices, every item in the store being marked down during this period. It is expected that during this sale the stock will be reduced $15,000 to $20,000. By reference to a page advertisement in today's Star some idea may be had as to the bargains offered during the sale.

The sale has been well advertised within a radius of 100 miles of Wilmington and shoppers throughout this section are awaiting with no little interest the opening of the sale. Free excursions are offered shoppers living within 100 miles of Wilmington, conditioned upon the distance and amount of purchases. The sale is made more attractive to the shoppers by the announcement that the firm will give away some goods and money during this period.

Messrs. Platt & Haar have been doing an extensive business in this city for a number of years and their straightforward dealings, honesty and integrity will verify any statement they make and shoppers may expect to find excellent bargains in every department of the store. Any article bought during the sale and not proving satisfactory or just as represented or advertised, will be gladly exchanged or money refunded.

The sale formally inaugurates the change of business—the abandonment of the old cash and credit system and the adoption of the strictly cash plan, and it has a two-fold purpose—the reduction of the mammoth stock carried in every department, and to show their patrons that much better prices may obtain where a store does only a cash business. The store will be closed Monday and Tuesday and an army of clerks will be busy marking down prices and arranging the goods for the big sale which begins Wednesday morning.

Messrs. Platt & Haar also announce that they will have on exhibition at their store from February 15th to the 25th, the latest models of LaGrecque corsets and have engaged a New York corsetiere for the period.

## HEARING AT GOLDSBORO.

**Additional Service on W. & W. Railroad Will Attract Many.**

As announced in the Raleigh dispatches to the Star yesterday morning the hearing before the Corporation Commission as to additional service needed on the W. & W. railroad between this city and Goldsboro, will be held in the latter city Monday week. The hour is noon and it is expected that many people from along the line of the road will be in attendance to press their claims for this service. The Goldsboro Chamber of Commerce is thoroughly aroused over the question and in Mr. L. M. Michaux, their secretary, they have a live wire, who will be able to present facts and figures. Duplin and Pender counties will be represented by Dr. R. L. Carr, of Magnolia, who originated the fight for the service in the Legislature and by State Senator Rivers D. Johnson, of Warsaw. The Warsaw and Mount Olive, and perhaps the Burgaw Commercial Club, will also send representatives. Wilmington will be represented by several business men and the United Commercial Travelers will likely send a man to represent the small army of Knights of the Grip in this city, who have now to depend on private conveyance for covering much of their Wilmington & Weldon territory.

Dr. Carr arrived at home last night and states that several members of the General Assembly will attend the hearing. Parties along the Wilmington & Weldon, who would like to see the service inaugurated, are requested to attend the hearing.

## PROPOSED NEW CUSTOM HOUSE.

**Architect Instructed to Begin Sketch of Plans—Appropriation.**

It was learned yesterday that Assistant Secretary of the United States Treasurer Hilles, who spent last Sunday in Wilmington, the guest of Collector of Customs B. F. Keith, has instructed the chief architect to begin the preparation of the preliminary sketch of the proposed new custom house at this port. After the preliminary sketches have been completed it will then be about five months before the adoption of the plans for the structure.

In the meantime a determined effort is being made by the business men of the city to have the original appropriation of $475,000 for the building restored. The business men have been in correspondence the past week with Congressmen Godwin and Morehead and also Assistant Secretary Hilles. The latter, while here last Sunday, stated to local business men the appropriation for the building should be increased $200,000 and stated that this could be secured at this session by having it tacked on to the sundry civil service appropriation bill. It is understood that Messrs. Godwin and Morehead will endeavor to secure the appropriation in this manner, and it is also understood that Senator Overman does not think the appropriation can be gotten through at this session of Congress.

## WILL PAY OFFICIAL VISIT.

**Salvation Army Officer Will Spend Tuesday in City.**

Adjutant Williams, in charge of the local post of the Salvation Army, has been advised that Adjutant W. S. Quirk, secretary to Major White, with headquarters in Atlanta, Ga., will pay a visit to Wilmington Tuesday of this week. This is the regular quarterly inspection of the local post. The visiting officer will probably be accompanied by Staff Captain Dodd, an old Salvation Army worker. Adjutant Quirk will be here only one day and will conduct services in the hall on Second street Tuesday evening, to which the public is invited.

Great assortment of laces and embroideries at wonderfully low prices at Rehder's White Sale. **

# CHAMBER OF COMMERCE BUSY

**Executive Committee Revises List of Sub-Committees and Includes Many Energetic Young Men—Campaign.**

Preparatory to a united and determined effort through the agency of the organization to bring to Wilmington new industrial plants and other enterprises with a view of registering a more substantial growth of the city during the year than has been recorded in many years, the executive committee of the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce held a meeting yesterday at noon and revised the list of sub-committees, inserting the names of many energetic and prominent young business men.

These committees will be expected to get busy at once and formulate plans for thoroughly advertising the city and placing the advantages of Wilmington before persons who are in search of a suitable point to locate, either for manufacturing, or commercial or other purposes. The legislative, membership, agriculture and immigration, industrial and business enterprises and advertising committees are called to meet with the executive committee in the rooms of the Chamber Tuesday, February 14th, at 12 o'clock, at which it is hoped to formulate plans for an active campaign in the interest of the industrial and commercial expansion of Wilmington. It is believed that all those now composing the sub-committees will take pride and interest in the work assigned to them and that their efforts will result in material advancement of the city along all lines during the next few months.

The executive committee meeting yesterday was presided over by President Tayor, with a large attendance. The following are the other members of the committee: Mr. Wm. E. Worth, vice president; Messrs. M. J. Corbett, Sam Bear, L. E. Hall, J. H. Brown and R. A. Parsley. The revised list of the sub-committees is given below. The first named is chairman, with the exception of the arbitration committee, which elects its own chairman:

Arbitration Committee—Wm. Calder, George R. French, Samuel Bear, D. L. Gore.

Bank and Currency—H. C. McQueen, C. N. Evans, C. E. Taylor, W. B. Cooper.

Insurance—M. S. Willard, J. A. Springer, Wm. Gilchrist.

Health and Sanitation—Dr. R. B. Slocum, Walker Taylor, H. DeW. Rapalje, D. C. Love. A. D. O'Brien.

Public Entertainment—M. W. Jacobi, J. H. Watters, J. H. Rehder, T. C. James, T. H. Wright, J. VanB. Metts.

Legislative—L. B. Rogers, Walker Taylor, G. H. Smith, D. McEachern.

New York and Chicago Quotation—M. J. Corbett, H. L. Vollers, L. B. Rogers, R. H. Pickett, Jas. I. Metts.

Membership—J. VanB. Metts, R. C. DeRosset, J. Holmes Davis, T. H. Wright, Jas. Kyle, Eduard Ahrens, L. E. Hall, B. O. Stone, Meares Harriss, W. D. MacMillan, Jr.

Agricultural and Immigration—Hugh MacRae, E. N. Clark, B. F. Keith, Chas. J. Mitchell, Thos. F. Bagley, S. P. McNair.

Harbor, Shipping and Commerce—Jas. Sprunt, H. G. Smallbones, B. F. Hall, J. H. Brown, W. E. Worth, E. T. Taylor, F. A. Fetter, Edgar Williams.

Towage and Pilotage—R. A. Parsley, H. G. Smallbones, T. D. Love, J. W. Brooks.

Quotation of Cotton—D. L. Gore, P. Fearsall, W. H. Sprunt, Wm. Calder, W. B. Cooper, T. D. Love.

Public Utilities—M. W. Jacobi, L. B. Rogers, George R. French, M. W. Divine, P. Q. Moore, A. B. Skelding.

Industrial and Business Enterprises—W. E. Worth, W. H. Brown, R. A. Brand, E. C. Holt.

Advertising—M. F. H. Gouverneur, W. E. Springer, Louis Einstein, L. B. Rogers.

Classification and Traffic—J. A. Taylor, J. G. McCormick, R. A. Parsley.

Information and Statistics—W. H. Sprunt, B. Solomon, J. H. Chadbourn, Meares Harriss, H. G. Smallbones, B. F. Keith, J. O. Reilly, Z. W. Whitehead.

Quotation on Naval Stores—H. C. McQueen, J. Wilder, F. A. Thompson, J. S. McEachern, L. E. Hall.

Finance and Grievance—J. H. Chadbourn, L. Bluethenthal, W. E. Perdew, W. B. Cooper, E. C. Holt, H. A. Burr.

Postoffice, Telegraph, Railway and Express Service—George R. French, M. W. Divine, T. E. Wallace.

Inspection of Grain—Jas. I. Metts, M. J. Corbett, G. J. Boney.

## CHARGED WITH LARCENY.

**Negro Woman Arrested Yesterday For Stealing Ladies' Garments.**

Confessing to the larceny of a number of garments from the residence of Mrs. R. W. Montgomery, where she was employed as a servant, when Constable Savage went to search her home, on Nun, between Sixth and Seventh streets, for the stolen property, Florence Williams, alias Florence Green, was arrested late yesterday afternoon and committed to jail in default of bond to await hearing before Justice Harriss tomorrow. The negress had been employed as a servant at the home of Mr. Montgomery. She did not report for duty yesterday morning and a short time later a voil skirt and a number of other things were missed. The negress was suspected and a search warrant was issued. While Constable Savage was searching her house yesterday afternoon, the negress entered. She at first denied the theft of the property, but later admitted the crime. She was wearing the skirt. Other articles were also recovered.

50c fine linen 39c; 25c white mercerised Batiste 18c, at Rehder's White Sale—Starts Monday. **

Something always new, novel and profitable at Gaylord's. See today's ad. **

Did you know that Joyland was open? Why, of course it is. **

## THE RECORDER'S COURT.

**Several Cases Were Called for Trial Yesterday Morning.**

The Recorder had several cases for his consideration at yesterday's session of his court, though they were disposed of in short order. Boy Mitchell, a colored man of unsavory reputation, was arraigned on the charge of stealing five pounds of sausage casing from Hopkins & Davis, the warrant being sworn out by Mr. Hopkins. The negro succeeded in establishing his innocence and the case was dismissed at the cost of the prosecutor. Wm. Dry, a colored youth, was called to answer two charges—carrying concealed weapon and firing his pistol in the city limits. He was found guilty of both offenses. He was sentenced to three months on the county roads for carrying a concealed weapon while judgment in the other case was suspended. Wm. Holmes, colored, was found not guilty of the charge of driving a hack without license.

The case against Sam Moore, colored charged with the violation of a city ordinance regulating hack fare in the city limits, was again continued on account of the absence from the city of the prosecutor, Capt. C. R. Branch.

Cases against John McGhee, colored, a Pullman car porter, charged with assault and disorderly conduct, were continued until Wednesday. If the circumstances are as reported, the negro should be severely dealt with and will doubtless get all that is "coming to him" if the evidence substantiates the allegations. The prosecutor is Mr. D. J. Bond, of No. 309 Bladen street. It appears that the eight-year-old son of Mr. Bond and the 14-year-old daughter of McGhee had a quarrel in the street near the home of the former Friday afternoon. It is charged that McGhee came up and remarked that he "would stamp h—— out of the white boy." Mrs. Bond chanced to come up at the time and it is asserted that the negro reiterated the remark in her presence and further, shook both his fists in the lady's face. Mr. Bond is employed on the local yards of the Coast Line and when he returned home Friday night the circumstances were related to him. Naturally Mr. Bond was greatly incensed and had he been able to find the negro he would very likely dealt with him severely. He could not locate the negro, however, and he then swore out warrants for him. The police arrested the negro later in the night. In the Recorder's court yesterday morning Wm. J. Bellamy, Esq., counsel for the negro, offered to submit his client on both charges provided the prosecution, represented by L. Clayton Grant, Esq., would not seek the full limit of the law against the defendant. Mr. Grant would not agree to the proposition and the hearing was then postponed until Wednesday.

## MRS. C. T. TOWNLEY DEAD.

**Passed Away at Hospital Yesterday Afternoon—Funeral.**

Friends will learn with regret of the death of Mrs. C. T. Townley, beloved wife of Mr. C. T. Towley, which occurred 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the James Walker Memorial Hospital, whither she was taken for treatment about two weeks ago. Mr. Townley recently moved here with his wife from Raleigh to take a position as salesman for the Wilmington Furniture Company. They have made many friends in Wilmington who will be pained to learn of the passing of Mrs. Townley and deeply sympathize with the grief stricken husband. Mrs. Townley was 33 years old and besides her husband is survived by two brothers, one being Mr. R. L. Weaver, of Dukes.

The funeral services will be held from Mr. W. E. Yopp's funeral parlors, on Princess street, this morning at 10 o'clock, conducted by Rev. C. F. Whitlock, pastor of Brooklyn Baptist Church, and the interment will be in Bellevue cemetery. The pallbearers will be: E. S. Hancock, Thos. Williams, E. C. Lewis and Sam Matthews.

## THE GIBBES MACHINERY CO.

**Columbia Firm Will Open Automobile Business in Wilmington.**

The Gibbes Machinery Co. one of the best known and most progressive firms of Columbia, S. C., will open an automobile business in Wilmington about February 15th, having already leased from Mr. S. A. Schloss his store building at No. 111 Chesnut street, next east of the Southern Express Co., which will be used by the firm for the display of its automobiles. Mr. Cates, an officer of the company, spent yesterday in the city arranging for the opening of the branch house in this city. The firm will handle the Hudson and other well known cars and expects to do a big business in this section. It was stated that the firm did a $1,000,000 automobile business in Columbia last year. The Wilmington house will be in charge of an experienced and capable automobile man and the first shipment of cars are expected to arrive this week.

**Robbed Cart at Market House.**

A side of meat, box of tobacco, box of snuff, some onion sets and a basket of groceries were stolen from the cart of Mr. Elijah Orrell, of Masonboro Sound, near Front street market house early last night. The theft was reported to Patrolman Preston Merritt, on that beat, and he found the meat in an alley nearby, but the other property was not located. Mr. Orrell said that he had not have the remotest idea who got his property. The police are looking for the other articles and are also trying to find a clue to the robber.

Joyland is now open. **

**Begin Today**

If you want money, you will have to start gathering it. Most people wait for a whole fortune to come at once. You probably have a fortune coming to you, but it will come a little at a time. If you keep spending it as it comes, of course you will never have your fortune. Start storing it. Open an account with this Bank today, and make it grow.

**The Southern National Bank**

fe12-tf

AIM HIGH

*And Consider Yourself Capable of GREAT THINGS*

*Make up your mind to save a THOUSAND DOLLARS*

*Start a bank account with this bank and persevere. You can do it as easily as others have. You must START before you can FINISH. : : : : : : : :*

*OLD AND STRONG*

**THE PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK**

*Front and Princess Streets.*

*Your Money Earns Four Per Cent. Interest Here.*

THE WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST CO.

**Oldest Bank in Wilmington**

**Largest Savings Bank in North Carolina**

Capital and Earned Surplus.....$ 280,000.00
Resources.....$1,900,000.00

*4% Interest allowed on Deposits.*

C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., .....President
H. WALTERS, .....Vice-President
J. W. NORWOOD, Vice-President
J. L. WILLIAMS, .....Cashier.
W. H. MOORE, ....Ass't Cashier.

## "THE HOLY LAND."

**Subject of Lecture This Afternoon—The Yoke Fellows.**

Under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A., Dr. J. H. Foster, pastor of the First Baptist Church, will deliver an illustrated lecture on "Holy Land" at the Bijou theatre this afternoon at 5 o'clock. The public generally, both men and women, is cordially invited to attend and are assured that they will receive much pleasure and profit from the meeting.

The Yoke Fellows' appointments for today are as follows: City prison, 10 A. M., Mr. E. Cavanaugh; county home, 3 P. M., Rev. G. D. Webster and Mr. R. G. Davis; Wrightsboro Union School, Messrs. R. F. Coleman and W. A. McGirt; Wrightsville Sound 4 P. M., Messrs. W. W. Koch and P. Heinsberger; Castle Haynes, 11 A. M., Rev. G. D. Webster and Mr. R. G. Davis; revenue cutter Seminole, Y. M. C. A. employed force.

## THE LAST CHANCE.

**Big Sale at I. Shrier's Fast Drawing to a Close Now.**

Mr. I. Shrier, the "Old Reliable" clothier at northeast corner of Front and Princess streets, has an announcement of interest to well dressed men elsewhere in today's paper. The big sale is now fast drawing to a close and some unusual bargains on fine fabrics are being offered. There are just three days more and the finest imported domestic and two-piece suits will certainly attract the attention of the discriminating buyer.

If your eyes trouble you go and see an eye specialist, Dr. Vineberg at the Masonic Temple has over 20 years' experience. Eyes tested free. Spectacles and eye glasses from $1.00 up. **

Look for Gaylord's "ad." in this issue. **

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

"The Store That's Always Busy"

*FEBRUARY 15th to FEBRUARY 25th.*

**ANNIVERSARY SALE.** *Retrospect.*

1905. 1911.

Six years ago this month this great store opened its doors in a comparatively new district for a first-class Retail Dry Goods Department Store. At that time there existed in many minds a doubt—but never in our own as to the success of our venture. Our then 20 years before the public taught us that good store keeping would be appreciated—store keeping which never permitted that a customer suffered disappointment; where an error would be gladly corrected; where goods were offered at the lowest margin; where a low price never meant a doubtful quality.

*PROSPECT.*

It shall be our aim to give you a thoroughly satisfactory store—as good and nearly perfect as we can make it. To this end we solicit your criticisms and suggestions, for this is your store as well as ours, and we mean to so conduct it that you will take a personal pride in the greatest store in this section.

We will have a full page advertisement in Tuesday's paper. Watch for it.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

# SOCIAL and PERSONAL

**Brief Mention, News of Societies, Meetings, Etc.**

Miss Mary Wiggins is in Washington, D. C., visiting Mrs. George P. James.

* * *

Mr. Wright Murphy, of Greensboro, is in the city the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Covington, on Grace street.

* * *

Mr. Gaston D. Phares, Jr., will leave this morning for Jacksonville, Fla., to spend two weeks with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Phares.

* * *

Quite a number of young people received invitations yesterday to a Valentine party to be given Tuesday night at the residence of Mrs. L. A. Bangle, 1026 North Third street.

* * *

The Reds of the Ladies' Aid Society of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church will have an apron and candy sale, at the residence of Mrs. W. H. McEachern, 322 South Fifth street, on Tuesday, February 14th, from 2 to 6 o'clock. The ladies will have for sale packages of candy with valentines for children.

* * *

The meeting of the Literature Department of Sorosis on Thursday afternoon was devoted to the study of Schiller. There was an interesting sketch of his life and character given by Mrs. McC. McIntosh; a graphic outline of his drama "William Tell," by Mrs. H. C. Prince, with several readings by Mrs. J. O. Carr, and a general discussion by the entire Department of the subjects for the afternoon.

* * *

Wallace, N. C., Feb. 10.—Mr. and Mrs. Howard James, assisted by Mrs. Herbert Creecy, Misses Jennie Boney, Emma Parrish, Lilly and Ethel Carter, Nina McIntyre and Messrs. Duncan and Jeff McIntyre and Charlie Hussey, gave a very enjoyable dance Friday evening at their residence. The band from Willard furnished the music. It was partly in honor of Mrs. Herbert Creecy and her sister, Miss Parrish, who left the next morning for Charleston, S. C.

* * *

The regular meeting of the Brotherhood of St. James' Church last Thursday night was largely attended and was of more than usual interest. Short talks were made by Rev. Dr. Wm. H. Milton, rector of the church, and others, after which refreshments were served by the ladies of the Parish. Among those in attendance were: Dr. Milton, Messrs. W. N. Harriss, James Stevenson, Joe Jacobs, John Slocum, R. B. Green, Geo. L. Peschau, E. A. Metts, W. G. Pulliam, Ashly St. Amand, Ross Beckwith and others.

* * *

The annual meeting of the Women's Home Mission Society of Grace Methodist Church was held Wednesday afternoon with a large attendance. There was much business of importance, among which was the annual election of officers, resulting as follows: President, Mrs. M. H. Shepherd; first vice president, Mrs. L. A. Blue; second vice president, Mrs. D. W. Bullock; third vice president, Mrs. N. H. D. Wilson; treasurer, Mrs. Lewis Williams; recording secretary, Mrs. Jas. Northam; corresponding secretary, Mrs. E. L. Hart; press reporter, Mrs. D. Munson.

* * *

Mrs. J. H. Foster, wife of Rev. Dr. Foster, pastor of the First Baptist Church, is visiting in Anniston, Ala., her old home, and while there a number of social affairs are being given in her honor. The Anniston Hot Blast notes a series of social affairs in her honor, among them being a reception by Mrs. Foster's sister, Mrs. Samuel Crook, a complimentary dinner by Dr. and Mrs. Bowcock, a tea by Mrs. R. L. Bowcock, a reception by Mrs. J. K. Landing and a social meeting of the Foster Missionary Band, a large corps of workers named in honor of Mrs. Foster.

### PRETTY JAPANESE TEA ON TAPIS WEDNESDAY.

The Daughters of the Confederacy have completed arrangements for the delightful Japanese Tea announced during the past week. The time is Wednesday afternoon and evening from 5 until 11 o'clock and the place is the parlors of The Orton, which lend themselves most charmingly to an entertainment of this kind. The decorations will be significant of the occasion and the ladies in charge have arranged a most delightful programme for the tea. The music will be a decided feature and some of the very finest talent in the city has been enlisted for the tea. The soloists are such Wilmington favorites as Mrs. E. K. Bryan, Mrs. Cameron MacRae, Mrs. H. W. Longfellow and Mrs. Robert C. Merritt. Then among the instrumental soloists will be Mrs. R. G. Grady and Miss Julia Post, piano; Mrs. J. D. Edwards, violin. The quartette singing will also be a feature of the programme, there being a ladies' quartette composed of Mrs. Longfellow Mrs. Muse, Mrs. Edwards and Mrs. Merritt and also the ever favorite Acme Male Quartette, composed of the Messrs. Dosher, Mr. W. B. Muse and Mr. W. A. McGirt.

The ladies cordially invite the public and assure everyone of a most delightful afternoon and evening.

* * *

### ROMANTIC MARRIAGE TO FORMER WILMINGTONIAN.

Many Wilmington friends of Mr. Jos. G. Littig, Jr., who went West from this city several years ago, will read with interest the following from the Rochester, N. Y., Herald, of January 26th, 1911:

"A dispatch received in Rochester yesterday morning from Spokane, Wash., states that Miss Rose Louise Valente, until two weeks ago private secretary of Superintendent T. H. Yawger, of the Railway and Light Company, was married last Saturday morning to James G. Littig, Jr., of wealthy Idaho mine owner. The ceremony, which took place at the Hotel Coeur D'Alene, Spokane, was performed by a clergyman of that city.

"The news of the marriage came as a surprise to Miss Valente's friends here, and her former associates in the offices of the Railway and Light Company, where she had been employed for more than three years. The marriage was the climax of a romantic story of love at first sight, which had its beginning in this city.

"Not long ago Miss Valente went to a dinner party. There she was casually introduced to the young mining engineer from Idaho who happened to be in Rochester on a visit. The brief acquaintanceship grew into something more lasting, and when Mr. Littig returned to Idaho he continued to correspond with Miss Valente. Owing to the fact that the young engineer was working an important claim in Idaho, he was unable to come to Rochester for the wedding ceremony; and at his request, his intended bride left Rochester two weeks ago, stating at that time that she was going to fill a position in Seattle.

"She was met at Spokane by Miss Cora Butler, formerly connected with a Rochester publication, and who acted as Miss Valente's chaperone until the wedding took place. The bridegroom is a descendant of an old Virginia family, his father having been an officer in the United States navy. Mr. and Mrs. Littig will reside at St. Marie's, Alder Creek, Idaho. Before leaving Rochester, the bride resided with her parents at 109 Scio street."

## PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. Thos. H. Wright returned yesterday morning from a business and pleasure trip to New York City.

—Mr. W. C. Peterson, Jr., student and assistant in biology at Wake Forest College, is here for a few days, visit to his parents.

—Mr. S. A. Barber, of Bolton, was here yesterday on a business trip and was pleasantly greeted by his many Wilmington friends.

—Mr. Chas E. Taylor, Jr., president of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company, returned yesterday from New York city, where he went some days ago on business.

—Friends will regret to learn that Mar. Chas. F. Norwood, Deputy Register of Deeds, has been confined to his home, on South Second street, for the past few days, on account of an attack of the grip.

## LOCAL DOTS.

—The schooner John W. Hall, Capt. Bennett, cleared yesterday for Georgetown, S. C., and the schooner Collins W. Walton, Capt. Megee, cleared for Fernandina, Fla. Both schooners cleared light.

—By deed filed for record yesterday James H. Whitfield and wife transfer to John H. Niggel, Jr., for $500 and other considerations, 10 acres of land in Masonboro township, adjoining lands of Alfred Bunting, J. V. Grainger and others.

—Friends of Mr. and Mrs. Newton Rowan will sympathize with them in the death of their four-months-old daughter, which occurred at the family residence at Delgado Friday. The interment was in Bellevue cemetery yesterday.

—The adjourned annual meeting of the Cape Fear Club was held last night with the president, Geo. B. Elliott, presiding, and a large number of members in attendance. The old governing board was re-elected and reports of the year were received. The officers for the year were elected at the meeting some weeks ago.

It is stated that Gladys Fullwood, a nine-year-old colored girl, has been missing from the home of her adopted parents, Fullwoods, at No. 709 North Eleventh street, for the past two weeks, and a thorough search during this period has revealed no trace of her. The child is a daughter of Ella Dix, of this city, and she says that she does not know anything of the disappearance of the girl.

—It is stated that the case on appeal of J. C. Holly, convicted at the last term of the Superior Court of the murder of young Edward Cromwell, will probably be heard at the Spring term of the Supreme Court. The papers in the case have to be filed by Monday, February 27th, in order that the appeal may be heard at this term. The lawyers for the defendant are now engaged in preparing the statement on appeal.

—Justice Harriss had two cases to claim his attention yesterday morning and the prosecutor in each case came to grief. Blanche Banks charged Walter Davis with assault with deadly weapon and a similar charge was made by Velina Southerland against Cornelius Stone. In both cases the prosecution was adjudged frivolous and malicious and the prosecutors were taxed with the costs. They could not pay the amounts and were given 30 days each on the county farm.

### DISTINGUISHED PYTHIAN.

**Rev. John Hallowell Dickinson, of Goldsboro, Coming Next Week.**

Wilmington Pythians generally will be interested and pleased to know that on Tuesday evening, February 21st, they will have the rare pleasure of a visit from Rev. John Hallowell Dickinson, now rector of St. Stephens' Episcopal Parish, Goldsboro, N. C., but formerly of Virginia. Rev. Mr. Dickinson was for three successive terms Grand Chancellor of the Domain of Virginia and is one of the most talented and gifted men of the order in the South. After much correspondence, he has been secured for a visitation to Clarendon Lodge No. 2, on the date named and the Pythians of the city propose to make his visit the occasion for a great joint open meeting, the details for which are now being worked out. All lodges will be asked to join in and bring members of their families, if they so desire. Dr. Dickinson was chairman of the Hines Memorial Committee, which had for its object the building of a memorial to commemorate the heroic act of Samuel Holder Hines, who lost his life in the Spottswood Hotel fire in Richmond, December 25th, 1870, in his efforts to save a brother Pythian from death. He is one of the most active, progressive men in his State and under his leadership the order in Virginia was increased both in numbers and in influence. He is a very attractive man personally and a delightful speaker.

50c fine linen 39c; 25c white mercerised Batiste 18c, at Rehder's White Sale—Starts Monday. **

Joyland is now open. Send your children there. They will be taken care of. **

# ..Theatrical..

**Grand Theatre.**

Motion pictures as an adjunct to modern methods of education is a subject that has received wide attention. While pictures have found their greatest utility so far as a means of popular amusement, there have been produced many subjects of distinct educational value and many others that are adaptable for educational purposes, though not distinctly educational pictures. The Grand in its seven weeks of existence, has done its share in providing for the public both amusing and educational pictures. Mr. Solky is continually on the lookout for something new and novel and his efforts to please have more than met with approval by patrons of the Grand."

The management never tires of mentioning the one big feature of the house, namely the orchestra. It is a source of delight to listen to the latest music as well as the classics during intermissions, and "Grandites" are getting to like the intermissions on account of the music, so there is not a dull moment during the entire evening. Mr. Morgan has a new song every day, and for next week has selected a number of songs the like of which has never before been heard in the city. The "Grand" has a big show every day, and with the comfortable seats, good fresh air every minute and all the modern conveniences, it certainly is a most attractive amusement place and one that is getting more popular every day. Doors open at 11 A. M.

**Herrmann, Jr., the Great, at Palace.**

A nephew of the world renowned magician of that name, will present an act of magic that compares in every way with the performances of his famous uncle. Having been an understudy of Herrmann, the Great, he has mastered all his tricks, using the same paraphernalia. He brings with him several performers of note, including La Petite Gladys, the wonderful Russian Cross inquisition. This in itself is a worthy attraction, but two other acts are to be presented, viz: Fred H. Robb, the "Minstrel Man," singing and talking comedian, and Mr. Frank Nash, an excellent banjo soloist. Wilmington's new singer, Mr. Whitten, will open the week with a recent favorite "Take Me With You in Your Dreams." Mr. Whitten is a Southerner and has the pleasing Southern style; he is "making a hit" at the palace. Monday's pictures are as follows: "Vera, the Gypsy Girl." "Launching of An Italian Dreadnought." "The Scare Crow," and another to be selected. Last week the programme at the Palace was quite extensive, and was well patronized; the coming week promises even more.

**Joyland.**

Did you know that Joyland was open again? I should say so. There will be an extra large programme on for Monday. The feature film will be "The Tenderfoot's Round Up," a Western comedy-drama that is full of thrilling scenes as well as plenty of good comedy. The next will be a powerful Italian drama, "Mother's Photographs." Mr. Reilly has selected for his song one of the very latest out, "You Stole My Gal." Programme changes daily.

### OBJECTION TO BILL.

**Many Citizens Do Not Favor Civil Jurisdiction for Recorder.**

Objection was manifested yesterday to the bill which has passed the House and is pending third reading in the Senate providing for the trial of civil matters by the Recorder, increase of salary of the Recorder and the clerk of the court, and telegrams were sent to Raleigh asking that the bill be held up on third reading until those entering the objection could be heard. They asked that the bill be re-submitted to a committee until the objections could be presented some time this week.

The bill, it is said, provides for an increase in the jurisdiction of the Recorder's court so that civil matters up to $500 can be heard; increase of salary of the Recorder from $1,200 a year to $2,000; increase of the clerk's salary from $600 to $900 a year, and that the grand jury shall have restored to it the right to investigate violations of the prohibition law, any information coming back to the Recorder's court, where the trials must first be held.

It is said that a number of local attorneys object to the bill. It was stated in Raleigh at the time the bill passed the House that it met with the general approval of the members of the bar. It is argued, among other things, that the office of the Clerk of Superior Court will be greatly affected by the bill and that there will be no saving of costs as a jury for civil matters, if tried in the Recorder's court, would require the same costs. They state that the bill would not only not mean a saving to the county, but make the fees in the office of the Clerk of Superior Court so small that a man could scarcely make a living from the receipts of the office.

### VERY COLD YESTERDAY.

**Some Truck in East Wilmington Destroyed—Snow in Asheville.**

Yesterday morning was one of the coldest of the year, the thermometer having registered at the freezing point with a very heavy frost. Following so closely upon the balmy Spring weather since Christmas, the change was quite noticeable and early vegetation which had put out during the extremely mild period, was cut off. Inquiry in East Wilmington developed the fact that early radishes were cut completely off and will have to be replanted. On the fine farm of ex-Mayor Wm. E. Springer seven acres of the plants that were showing above ground were cut completely off and Messrs. W. H. Mills & Son also lost some of their early crop of radishes, which were quite promising up to this time. But while the weather was quite severe, Wilmington was cold only by comparison, snow having been falling in Asheville when the observation was taken by the U. S. Weather Bureau at 8 o'clock last night.

New lawn, new linen, new batiste, new madras, at Rehder's White Sale. **

Make Joyland your headquarters. **

A new kind of sale starts at Gaylord's this week. See today's ad. **

# PRESIDENT WARNS AGAINST DEFEAT

(Continued from Page 1.)

enacted and to go into force on contion that a similar statute was passed by the Legislature of the other country."

The President declared that the criticism that reductions had purposely been avoided on manufactured articles was wholly unfounded and that a reciprocity agreement between the United States and Canada must of necessity relate more to agricultural products than to manufactures.

"It will give to the United States much greater control of the wheat market than it has ever had before," continued the President.

"It will enable its milling plants to turn Canadian wheat into flour and send abroad the finished product, and it will stimulate the sale of manufactures and other things that we have to sell to Canada.

"We shall be blind indeed if we reject this golden opportunity to add to the strength and virility of our country by thus increasing our self-supporting capacity."

The President asserted that "no step could be taken more in the interest of a reasonable policy of protection than the approval of the treaty," and that insistency on too much protection would in the end rouse an opposition in the country "that will know no moderation." He suggested that the tariff board might re-examine or modify other schedules if necessary "but a reciprocity agreement with Canada is not a revision of the tariff and in the nature of things cannot present the balance and the adjustment of all the duties against foreign countries which a consideration of a tariff as a whole would involve."

In conclusion the President said:

"We have taken up those things that are involved in a Canadian reciprocity treaty by opportunity offered. Now is the accepted time! She is at the parting of the ways! Shall she be an isolated country, as such separated from us as if she were across the ocean, or shall her people and our people profit by the proximity that our geography furnishes and stimulate the trade across the border that nothing but a useless, illogical and unnecessary tariff wall creates?"

After the conclusion of his address he was driven in an automobile to the old Lincoln home, where he spent nearly an hour going over the historical collections maintained by the government. Next the President proceeded to the Lincoln tomb, where with head beared he reverently placed a wreath on the sarcophagus. From 4 to 6 P. M. the President held a reception at the Governor's manision.

The banquet tonight of the Lincoln Centennial Association was the largest ever held in Springfield.

In addition to the President, the speakers included Martin W. Littleton, of New York, spoken of as a compromise Democratic nominee as Senator from that State.

Mr. Taft will leave early tomorrow morning for Washington arriving there Monday at 8:40 A. M.

### SUNDAY SERVICES.

**Announcements by Wilmington Pastors for Pulpits Today.**

St. Thomas' Catholic church: First mass 7 A. M. Last mass and sermon 10:30 A. M. vespers, 7:45 P. M.

Grace M. E. Church, corner Fourth and Grace streets, Rev. J. C. Wooten, pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school in afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Mr. K. W. Price, superintendent. Public cordially invited.

St. Paul's Episcopal church, Fourth and Orange streets, Rev. A. W. Seabreese, rector. Sunday services, morning, 11 A. M.; Sunday school, 3:30 P. M.

First Church of Christ, Scientist, Market and 17th streets.—Services at 11 A. M. and 8:15 P. M. Subject of lesson sermon, "Soul." All are invited.

St. Matthew's English Lutheran church, North Fourth street, Rev. H. E. Beatty, pastor.—Services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school at 10 A. M. Young People's Mission Study Class at 8 o'clock Thursday evening.

Trinity Methodist church, Rev. E. C. Sell, pastor.—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M. Sunday school at 3:30 P. M. The public is cordially invited.

The subject of Dr. Foster's sermon at the First Baptist church this morning will be: "Limiting the Savior's Power;" in the evening, "The Portrait of the Devil." Sunday school at 3:30 P. M. Prayer service Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. B. Y. P. U., Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Cordial welcome extended to visitors and strangers.

St. James' church, Rev. W. H. Milton, D. D., rector.—Morning prayer and sermon at 11 A. M.; evening prayer and sermon at 8 P. M. A cordial welcome to all, especially to strangers and visitors.

Dock Street Christian church.—Regular services Lord's Day morning and evening. Bible school at 10 A. M. Preaching services at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Christian Endeavor, 6:45 P. M. Mid-week prayer service, Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. At the evening service today the holy ordinance of baptism will be administered. Special music. Public cordially invited to every service. Rev. C. Manly Morton, pastor.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, corner of Sixth and Market streets, Rev. W. A. Snyder, pastor.—German service, 11 A. M.; English service, 7:30 P. M.; Sunday school, 3:30 P. M. Seats, free.

Fifth Street Methodist church — (the homelike church).—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M., by the pastor, Rev. G. T. Adams. A cordial invitation extended to all. Plenty of congregational chorus, and quartette singing.

St. John's church, Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. W. E. Cox, rector.—Holy communion, 7:30 A. M.; service and sermon, 11 A. M.; Sunday school, 4 P. M.; evening service and sermon, 8 P. M. Seats free at all services. All are cordially invited.

### SIREN OFF FOR NICARAGUA.

**Gunboat Was Searched by U. S. Custom Officers.**

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 11.—The former American gunboat Siren sailed for Nicaragua today. The Siren started for Nicaragua on Friday by the inside route, but had trouble with her machinery and put back to Norfolk. She was again made ready for sea today and instead of taking the inside route, the daring little craft shot out to the open sea. She passed out the Virginia capes shortly after 5 o'clock and incoming vessels passing her say she was proudly flying the blue and white colors of Nicaragua, and "had a bone in her teeth." It was said that the Nicaraguan government might take up with the State Department the rights of custom officials to search the Siren. Customs officials boarded the boat twice while at this port, and it is said on one of these occasions the captain was not on board. To search a vessel in the absence of the master, it is claimed, is irregular.

10c Poe Mills bleached muslin for 7 1-2c at Rehder's White Sale Monday. **


# GOWANS
## King of Externals

**Reduces all forms of Inflammation and Congestion, thus making Gowans an invaluable Household Remedy, as Inflammation is the seat of a half hundred troubles. In Pneumonia, Grip, Coughs, Colds, Croup, Pleurisy, and kindred ailments, Gowans always gives speedy relief.**

Being External and entirely absorbed, it quickly reaches the affected part. Many ethical physicians enthuiastically recommend Gowans. Druggists guarantee GOWANS---Keep it in the Home!

**What an Ethical Physician Says About Gowans**

I have given Gowan's Preparation a thorough test and can say it is the best preparation on the market today for the relief of pneumonia, whooping cough, croup, colds in the head and chest.
Augusta, Ga. JAS. P. SMITH, M. D.

**All Druggists---$1, 50c., 25c. Take no substitute. Buy To-Day and buy GOWANS**

GOWAN MEDICAL CO., DURHAM, N. C.



# THE LAST CHANCE.

## DON'T YOU MISS IT.

It is Positively the Last Opportunity You will Have This Season To Get In On The

# I. SHRIER BIG SALE.

It is fast drawing to a close. It was one big rush, but everything must have an end. The end in this case is

**Wednesday, February Fifteenth.**

There will positively be no reserve. The same "rock bottom" prices still prevail. The finest domestic and imported woolens in the market at competition defying prices. Opportunity is now making its last knock on your door. Don't let it pass. Just THREE days more—

**FEBRUARY THIRTEENTH,**
**FEBRUARY FOURTEENTH,**
**FEBRUARY FIFTEENTH,**

FINEST DOMESTIC TWO-PIECE SUIT $13.50.
FINEST IMPORTED TWO-PIECE SUIT $19.50.

**I. SHRIER,**

Front & Princess Sts. **The Reliable Clothier.** Phone Number 885.

N. B.—Though orders will not be received at Sale Prices after the fifteenth (15th) you can place your order up to the closing of the sale for future delivery


### BATTLE RAGED IN MEXICO.

**Official Government Advices Received at San Antonio.**

San Antonio, exas, Feb. 11.—Official government advices received here today are to the effect that the Mexican Federal troops have suffered severe defeat at Mulato, where a battle raged for 36 hours.

Officers here who are familiar with that section of Mexico believe the Federals were caught in a pocket and hemmed in by the enemy.

At last accounts of the Mexican troops were retreating. Presidio, Texas, is the nearest American town to Mulato and the advices were received by way of that place. The dispatches are vague, but it is believed they refer to a continuation of the fight reported Wednesday. The Federals are said to have numbered 300 and the rebels 200.

Mexicali, Mex., Feb. 11.—Gen. Simon Berthold and his band of insurgents recaptured Mexicali early today. The insurgents camped about two miles below Mexicali last night, and marched into the town at dawn. The Mexican officials hurriedly crossed to the American side.

Berthold later crossed the American line and held a conference with Capt. Babcock, of the United States troops stationed just across the border, in Calexi county.

### RESULT OF CONSPIRACY.

**Cause of Proposed Advance in Freight Rate on Pennsylvania.**

Washington, Feb. 11.—A conspiracy instigated by the Pennsylvania Railroad is declared to be the cause of a propose advance in he freight rates on coal intended to be shipped from West Virginia and Kentucky fields to ports on the lakes. The declaration is made in a complaint filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission today by the Columbus Iron and Steel Company, of Columbus, Ohio, and avers that the attempt to increase the rates on "lake coal" due to a conspiracy "solely the result of an alleged combination and agreement" is to drive the coal mines located along railways operating in Southern West Virginia out of the lake coal market.

It is alleged that the officials of the Kanawha and Michigan were coerced into making the proposed increase by the Pennsylvania and other lines operating in Eastern Ohio. The increase which is approximately 9 1-4 cents a ton has been suspended by the commission pending an inquiry into the situation.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Feb. 11—Permanent headquarters were opened here today from which will be directed the work of organizing throughout the country for the nomination of Governor Judson Harmon for President on the Democratic ticket in 1912.

White Sale at Rehder's Big Store starts Monday. **

Washington, Feb. 11.—For failure in studies in their recent semi-annual examinations 37 midshipmen have been dropped from the rolls of the Naval Academy at Annapolis. The recommendation of the Academic Board to that effect was approved by Acting Secretary of the Navy Wynthrop today. Of the boys who failed three were in the first class, eight in the second, five in the third and twenty-one in the fourth.

White Sale at Rehder's Big Store starts Monday. **


# GET AN EMF "30"

and you will be pleased.

**W. D. MacMILLAN, JR.**

Motor Cars.

feb12-tf

**A Representative**

of this store is now in the Northern Market searching for the newest and most beautiful wares.

**HONNET**

Conservative Progress.



## Christmas Goods.

All the New Illustrated Books and Novels. Books for the Boys and Girls, Xmas Cards, Calendars and Booklets. Pictures, Leather Goods, Fine Paper put up in Xmas Boxes. Brass Desk Sets and other Novelties.

**ROBERT C. DeROSSET**

Phone 26. Bookseller & Stationer.



COMING—MONDAY, FEBRUARY 20TH.
CHAS. A. SELLON, In the New Musical Extravaganza,
"THE COW AND THE MOON"
A Companion to "THE CAT AND THE FIDDLE."

# FINANCIAL and COMMERCIAL

## STOCKS DISPLAYED STRENGTH

**Trading Declined to a Point Where It Ceased to Have Much Significance—Closing Prices Best of the Day.**

New York, Feb. 11.—Considerable strength was displayed by the stock market at the close of today's otherwise dull session, which in the main was suggestive of the approaching holiday.

Trading declined to a point where it ceased to have much significance, and the undertone was hesitating, when not irregular, in keeping with its record of the previous few days. The Canadian group, Canadian Pacific, Minneapolis, St. Paul and Salt Ste Marie and Duluth, Southshore and Atlantic, made pronounced gains, Canadian Pacific touching the highest point in its history but otherwise prices showed general recessions during most of the day from the high level of the week. United States steel made no response to yesterday's tonnage figures but International Harvester retained the greater part of its advantages of the week. Closing was at the best prices of the day.

The fortnightly statement of the number of idle cars shows an increase of 34,000 to 156,000.

Government figures of January exports of the principles of trade place the total at $108,000 which compares with $66,500,000 in January of 1910. This increase, however, was accounted for almost in its entirety by the gain in cotton exports. Bonds were steady. Total sales par value $1,654,000. United States 3s and is registered advanced quarter and the 4s 1-2 on call on the week. Total sales 153,400 shares.

### THE BOND MARKET.

| | |
|---|---|
| U. S. ref. 2s, registered | 100¾ |
| U. S. ref. 2s, coupon | 100¾ |
| U. S. 3s, registered | 102½ |
| U. S. 3s coupon | 102½ |
| U. S. 4s, registered | 116 |
| U. S. 4s, coupon | 116 |
| Allis-Chalmers 1st 5s | 78⅝ |
| American Agricultural 5s | 102⅜ |
| American Tel and Tel cv. 4s | 108 |
| American Tobacco 4s | 83½ |
| American Tobacco 6s | 109⅜ |
| Armour and Co. 4½s | 93 |
| Atchison gen. 4s | 99¾ |
| Atchison cv. 4s | 109 |
| Atchison cv. 5s | 110 |
| Atlantic Coast Line 1st 4s | 94 |
| Baltimore and Ohio 4s | 98⅝ |
| Baltimore and Ohio 3½s | 92½ |
| Baltimore and Ohio S. W. 3½s | 90⅝ |
| Brooklyn Transit cv. 4s | 84 |
| Central of Georgia 5s | 108 |
| Central Leather 5s | 99¾ |
| Central R. R. of N. J. gen. 5s | 123¾ |
| Chesapeake and Ohio 4½s | 101¾ |
| Chesapeake and Ohio ref. 5s | 96⅝ |
| Chicago and Alton 3½s | 71½ |
| Chicago, B. and Quincy joint 4s | 96⅜ |
| Chicago, B. and Quincy gen. 4s | 97⅝ |
| Chicago, Mil. and St. P. gen. 3½s | 94½ |
| Chicago, R. I. and Pac. R. R. col. 4s | 74¾ |
| Chicago, R. I. and Pac. Ry. rfg. 4s | 80¾ |
| Colorado Industrial 5s | 79½ |
| Colorado Midland 4s | 67¾ |
| Colo. and Southern ref and ext 4½s | 98⅜ |
| Delaware and Hudson cv. 4s | 98½ |
| Denver and Rio Grande 4s | 91½ |
| Denver and Rio Grande ref. 5s | 92⅜ |
| Distillers' 5s | 79 |
| Erie, prior lien 4s | 85¾ |
| Erie gen. 4s | 76 |
| Erie cv. 4s, series "A" | 78⅝ |
| Erie cv. 4s, series "B" | 71½ |
| General Electric cv. 5s | 130½ |
| Illinois Central 1st ref. 4s | 97⅛ |
| Interborough-Met. 4½s | 79 |
| Inter. Merc. Marine 4½s | 67⅜ |
| Japan 4s | 89½ |
| Japan 4½s | 95½ |
| Kansas City Southern 1st 5s | 73⅝ |
| Lake Shore deb. 4s (1931) | 93¾ |
| Louisville and Nashville Un. 4s | 98½ |
| Missouri, Kan. and Texas 1st 4s | 97¾ |
| Mo., Kan. and Texas gen. 4½s | 86⅞ |
| Missouri Pacific 4s | 77⅝ |
| Nat. Rys of Mexico 4½s | 94⅝ |
| New York Central deb. 4s | 93⅜ |
| N. Y., N. H. and Hartford cv. 6s | 134¾ |
| Norfolk and Western 1st con. 4s | 99 |
| Norfolk and Western cv. 4s | 106⅜ |
| Northern Pacific 4s | 100½ |
| Northern Pacific 3s | 71 |
| Oregon Short Line rfdg. 4s | 93½ |
| Penn. cv. 3½s (1915) | 96¾ |
| Penn. con. 4s | 103¾ |
| Reading gen. 4s | 97⅝ |
| St. Louis and San Fran. fg. 4s | 81¾ |
| St. Louis and San Fran. gen. 5s | 87½ |
| St. Louis Southwestern con. 4s | 78½ |
| St. Louis Southwestern 1st gold 4s | 90⅜ |
| Seaboard Air Line 4s | 76 |
| Southern Pacific col. 4s | 92⅝ |
| Southern Pacific cv. 4s | 98⅝ |
| Southern Pacific R. R. 1st ref. 4s | 95⅛ |
| Southern Railway 5s | 108 |
| Southern Railway gen. 4s | 77⅜ |
| Union Pacific cv. 4s | 100½ |
| Union Pacific cv. 4s | 105¾ |
| Union Pacific 1st and ref. 4s | 90⅞ |
| U. S. Rubber 6s | 103⅜ |
| U. S. Steel 2d 5s | 105⅛ |
| Virginia-Carolina Chem. 5s | 101¾ |
| Wabash, 1st 5s | 108⅞ |
| Wabash 1st and ext. 4s | 63⅞ |
| Western Maryland 4s | 80⅜ |
| Westinghouse Electric cv. 5s | 93 |
| Wisconsin Central 4s | 93¼ |

### CLOSING STOCK LIST.

| | |
|---|---|
| Allis-Chalmers, pfd | 32 |
| Amalgamated Copper | 65¾ |
| American Agricultural | 51 |
| American Beet Sugar | 44⅝ |
| American Can | 9⅜ |
| American Car and Foundry | 36⅝ |
| American Cotton Oil | 60 |
| American Hide and Leather, pfd | 24½ |
| American Ice Securities | 21 |
| American Linseed | 11½ |
| American Locomotive | 41½ |
| American Smelting and Refining | 80 |
| Amer. Smelting and Refining, pfd | 105⅝ |
| Am. Steel Foundries | 30½ |
| American Sugar Refining | 118 |
| American Tel and Tel | 145⅜ |
| American Tobacco, pfd | 95½ |
| American Woolen | 32¾ |
| Anaconda Mining Co | 40 |
| Atchison | 107 |
| Atchison, pfd | 102½ |
| Atlantic Coast Line | 123 |
| Baltimore and Ohio | 105⅛ |
| Bethlehem Steel | 32½ |
| Brooklyn Rapid Transit | 78⅝ |
| Canadian Pacific | 212⅝ |
| Central Leather | 31½ |
| Central Leather, pfd | 104¼ |
| Central of New Jersey | 272 |
| Chesapeake and Ohio | 83⅝ |
| Chicago and Alton | 25 |
| Chicago Great Western | 23⅝ |
| Chicago Great Western, pfd | 47⅜ |
| Chicago and Northwestern | 148½ |
| Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul | 128⅛ |
| C., C., C. and St. Louis | 62 |
| Colorado Fuel and Iron | 35½ |
| Colorado and Southern | 58½ |
| Consolidated Gas | 144½ |
| Corn Products | 14⅞ |
| Delaware and Hudson | 170 |
| Denver and Rio Grande | 33 |
| Denver and Rio Grande, pfd | 71½ |
| Distillers' Securities | 36½ |
| Erie | 31⅝ |
| Erie, 1st pfd | 50½ |
| Erie, 2nd pfd | 39 |
| General Electric | 155 |
| Great Northern, pfd | 129¼ |
| Great Northern Ore Ctfs | 62½ |
| Illinois Central | 136 |
| Interborough-Met | 20¼ |
| Interborough-Met., pfd | 55 |
| Inter-Harvester | 110 |
| Inter-Marine, pfd | 16½ |
| International Paper | 11½ |
| International Pump | 43¼ |
| Iowa Central | 19 |
| Kansas City Southern | 34⅜ |
| Kansas City Southern, pfd | 66 |
| Laclede Gas | 111¼ |
| Louisville and Nashville | 146¼ |
| Minneapolis and St. Louis | 29½ |
| Minn., St. P. and Sault Ste Marie | 140 |
| Missouri, Kansas and Texas | 35⅜ |
| Missouri, Kansas and Texas, pfd | 66½ |
| Missouri Pacific | 57 |
| National Biscuit | 123½ |
| National Lead | 57⅜ |
| Nat. Rys of Mexico, 2nd pfd | 36⅜ |
| New York Central | 113½ |
| New York, Ontario and Western | 43 |
| Norfolk and Western | 106⅜ |
| North American | 71⅛ |
| Northern Pacific | 126⅜ |
| Pacific Mail | 28 |
| Pennsylvania | 127½ |
| People's Gas | 106 |
| Pittsburg, C. C. and St. Louis | 98 |
| Pittsburg Coal | 21¾ |
| Pressed Steel Car | 35½ |
| Pullman Palace Car | 160½ |
| Railway Steel Spring | 35 |
| Reading | 160¾ |
| Republic Steel | 35 |
| Republic Steel, pfd | 98½ |
| Rock Island Co | 32⅜ |
| Rock Island Co., pfd | 63 |
| St. Louis and San Fran., 2nd pfd | 43¾ |
| St. Louis Southwestern | 33 |
| St. Louis Southwestern, pfd | 67⅛ |
| Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron | 54½ |
| Southern Pacific | 119½ |
| Southern Railway | 28⅛ |
| Southern Railway, pfd | 65¼ |
| Tennessee Copper | 38¼ |
| Texas and Pacific | 20⅛ |
| Toledo, St. Louis and Western | 24 |
| Toledo, St. Louis and Western, pfd | 53 |
| Union Pacific | 179½ |
| Union Pacific, pfd | 95⅜ |
| United States Realty | 68½ |
| United States Rubber | 40⅜ |
| United States Steel | 81⅞ |
| United States Steel, pfd | 119 |
| Utah Copper | 45⅜ |
| Virginia-Carolina Chemical | 65 |
| Wabash | 10⅜ |
| Wabash, pfd | 37⅛ |
| Western Maryland | 51 |
| Westinghouse Electric | 69⅜ |
| Western Union | 74 |
| Wheeling and Lake Erie | 5 |

### THE GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—Extensive profit-taking by shorts in view of 45 hours' holidays ahead, acted as an offset in part today to stop loss selling of wheat by holders fearful of reciprocity. The close was fairly steady, at a net decline of ⅛@⅜ to ½c. Corn finished a shade above last night; oats, up ⅛@¼ to ¼c, and provisions 5 to 7½@10c down.

Cash grain:

Wheat, No. 2, red, 91¼@91½; No. 3, red, 90@92; No. 2, hard, 91½@94½; No. 3, hard, 90@93; No. 1, northern, 99@1.02; No. 2, northern, 98@1.01; No. 3, northern, 97@1.00; No. 2, spring, 92@98c.; No. 3, spring, 90@96; velvet chaff, 85@96; durum, 85@90.

Corn—No. 2, 46½@47; No. 2, white, 46½@47; No. 2, yellow, 47@47½; No. 3, 44@44½; No. 3, white, 44@44½; No. 3, yellow, 44@44½; No. 4, 42¾@43¼; No. 4, white, 42½@43¾; No. 4, yell w, 42¾@43¾.

Oats—No. 2, 31@31¼; No. 2, white, 31¾@32¼; No. 3, white, 30@30¾, to 31¼; No. 4, white, 30@31; standard, 31¼@31¾.

| Wheat: | Open. | High. | Low. | Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | 93⅛ | 93⅞ | 92½ | 92⅞ |
| July | 91⅞ | 91⅞ | 91¼ | 91⅝ |
| Sept | 90⅝ | 90⅝ | 90½ | 90⅝ |
| Corn: | | | | |
| May | 48¾ | 49 | 48⅝ | 48⅝ |
| July | 49⅝ | 50 | 49¼ | 49⅞ |
| Sept | 50⅜ | 50⅝ | 50½ | 50⅝ |
| Oats: | | | | |
| May | 31⅞ | 31⅞ | 31¼ | 31⅜ |
| July | 31¼ | 31⅝ | 31⅛ | 31½ |
| Sept | 31¼ | 31½ | 31⅛ | 31½ |
| Mess Pork, per barrel: | | | | |
| May | 17.75 | 17.82½ | 17.67½ | 17.70 |
| July | 17.30 | 17.30 | 17.17½ | 17.17½ |
| Lard, per 100 pounds: | | | | |
| May | 9.50 | 9.50 | 9.45 | 9.47½ |
| July | 9.47½ | 9.47½ | 9.37½ | 9.40 |
| Short Ribs, per 100 pounds: | | | | |
| May | 9.42½ | 9.50 | 9.42½ | 9.45 |
| July | 9.35 | 9.45 | 9.25 | 9.25 |

### THE PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Net receipts, 4,879; gross receipts, 4,879; stock, 178,503.

New Orleans—Stock, 168,302.

Mobile—Quiet, 14¼; sales, 75; stock, 31,-339.

Savannah—Net receipts, 5,359; gross receipts, 5,359; stock, 125,505; Great Britain, 1,804; coastwise, 2,855.

Charleston—Net receipts, 141; gross receipts, 141; stock, 23,341; continent, 9,000; coastwise, 167.

Wilmington—Nominal; net receipts, 155; gross receipts, 155; stock, 9,036.

Norfolk—Holiday; net receipts, 1,081; gross receipts, 1,081; stock, 23,017; coastwise, 1,119.

Baltimore—Stock, 6,794.

New York—Holiday; stock, 298,724.

Boston—Quiet, 14.35; net receipts, 47; gross receipts, 2,921; stock, 6,632; Great Britain, 393.

Philadelphia—Quiet, 14.60; stock, 4,866.

Minor Ports—Stock, 22,046.

Total today at all ports—Net, 11,602; Great Britain, 2,197; continent, 9,900; stock, 808,415.

Consolidated at all ports—Net, 11,602; Great Britain, 2,197; continent, 9,900.

Total since Sept. 1, at all ports—Net, 7,367,871; Great Britain, 2,762,464; France, 757,050; continent, 2,124,927; Japan, 102,770; Mexico, 1,625.

### INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Net receipts, 5,113; gross receipts, 5,113; shipments, 5,754; stock, 87,024.

Augusta—Stock, 55,993.

Memphis—Net receipts, 1,552; gross receipts, 2,840; shipments, 3,040; stock, 194,016.

St. Louis—Holiday; net receipts, 184; gross receipts, 2,606; shipments, 2,552; stock, 22,204.

Cincinnati—Net receipts, 1,514; gross receipts, 1,514; shipments, 1,125; stock, 18,643.

Little Rock—Firm, 14½; net receipts, 448; gross receipts, 448; shipments, 282; stock, 32,075.

Louisville—Firm, 15.

Total today—Net receipts, 8,811; gross receipts, 13,611; shipments, 12,733; stock, 409,955.

### LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

**Spot Quiet, Prices Eleven Points Lower—Futures.**

Liverpool, Feb. 11.—Spot cotton quiet, prices 11 points lower. American middling fair 8.10; good middling 7.78; middling 7.66; low middling 7.46; good ordinary 7.20; ordinary 6.95. The sales of the day were 7,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export and included 6,800 American. Receipts 300 bales, all American.

Futures opened easier and closed easy. February 7.48; February and March 7.42; March and April 7.43; April and May 7.44 1-2; May and June 7.45 1-2; June and July 7.44 1-2; July and August 7.44; August and September 7.28; September and October 7.02 1-2; October and November 6.82 1-2; November and December 6.81; December and January 6.81; January and February 6.81.

### THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, Feb. 11.—Money on call nominal. Time loans dull with demand slacker; 60 days 3 per cent., 90 days 3 1-4; six months 3 1-2 to 3 3-4. Prime mercantile paper 4 to 4 1-2 per cent. Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers bills at 4.8345 to 4.8355 for 60 day bills and at 4.8630 for demand. Commercial bills 4.83 to 4.83 1-4. Bar silver 51 7-8. Government bonds steady.

### NUMBER—TWO THE DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Feb. 11.—The cotton goods market holds fairly steady but quiet. Amoskeag lines of fancy napped cottons have been withdrawn having been sold up for the Fall season. Linens are very active and feverish in consequence of a sharp advance in flax. Fine cottons are quiet.

10c Poe Mills bleached muslin for 7 1-2c at Rehder's White Sale Monday. **

## MARINE

**Arrived.**

Dan. str. Jellinge, 1,068 tons, Anderson, Bremen, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Dan. str. Annette Furness, 1,125 tons, Larsen, Villa Real, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

**Cleared.**

Str. Carib, Hale, New York, H. G. Smallbones.

Schr. Collins W. Walton, Megee, Fernandina, C. D. Mafflitt.

Schr. John W. Hall, Bennett, Georgetown, S. C., by master.

**MARINE DIRECTORY.**

**List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, N. C.**

**Steamers.**

Anglo-Chilian (Br.), 2,442 tons, Fremantle, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Ger. str. Erika, 1,682 tons, Paulsen, Hamburg, Heide & Co.

Majory Brown, 1,061 tons, Hensen, C. D. Mafflitt.

Delta (Ger.), 1,261 tons, Krag, Heide & Co.

Potomac, 2,335 tons, Wamsley, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

**Schooners.**

G. J. Cherry, 468 tons, Carteret, C. D. Mafflitt.

Robert H. McCurdy, 602 tons, Watts, C. D. Mafflitt.

John B. Biemiller, 878 tons, Adams, C. D. Mafflitt.

Augustus Welt, 1,111 tons, Sproul, C. D. Mafflitt.

**BY RIVER AND RAIL.**

C. C. Railroad—33 barrels tar.

Atlantic Coast Line—135 bales cotton; 2 casks spirits turpentine; 14 barrels rosin; 24 barrels tar.

Total—155 bales cotton; 2 casks spirits turpentine; 14 barrels rosin; 57 barrels tar.

### THT PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, Feb. 11.—Flour quiet and easier; Spring patents 5.00 to 5.15; Winter patents 4.25 to 4.65.

Rye Flour—Steady; fair to good 4.20 to 4.30.

Buckwheat Flour—Quiet.

Buckwheat—Quiet; American c.i.f. New York.

Corn Meal—Dull; fine white and yellow 1.20 to 1.25; coarse 1.12 to 1.15.

Rye—Dull; No. 2, 83 f.o.b. New York.

Barley—Quiet; malting 90 to 95 c.i.f. Baltimore.

Wheat—Spot easy; No. 2 red 95 3-8 elevator and 95 7-8 f.o.b. afloat. Futures easy, closing 1-2 to 7-8c lower. May 98 7-8; July 87 5-8.

Corn—Spot easy; No. 2 new 52 f.o.b. afloat. Futures closed 1-2c decline; May 56 1-4.

Oats—Spot easy; standard white 35 1-2; No. 2, 36; No. 3, 35; No. 4, 34 1-2; Futures unchanged; May 37 1-4; July 37 1-2.

Cut Meats—Dull; pickled bellies 12 to 13; pickled hams 12 1-2 to 13.

Lard—Easy; middlewest prime 9.65 to 9.75; refined steady; continent 10.20; compound 8 to 8 1-4.

Tallow—Firm; prime city 7 1-4; country 7 to 7 1-2.

Rosin—Steady; strained common to good 7.10 to 7.25.

Turpentine—Steady; machine best 91.

Rice—Steady; domestic 2 1-4 to 5 1-2; Patna 5 1-2 to 6.

Molasses—Steady; New Orleans open kettle 30 to 50.

Sugar—Nominal.

Coffee—Futures opened steady 2 to 7 points higher on covering, part of which was attributed to cotton exchange interests. Just before the close there was a renewal of selling by cotton exchange interests and the market was finally weak at a net decline of 2 to 17 points. Spot Coffee—Nominal; Rio No. 7, 12 to 12 1-4; Santos No. 4, 12 7-8 to 13. Mild—Nominal; Cordova 13 3-4 to 15 3-4.

Peanuts and Freights—Unchanged.

Cabbages—Dull, unchanged.

Cotton Seed Oil—Market was easy early owing to the continued weakness of crude but prices eventually rallied on covering due to a better export demand. February 6.95 to 7.00; March 6.98 to 7.00; April 7.00 to 7.03; May 7.03 to 7.04; June 7.07 to 7.08; prime crude 5.75; prime summer yellow 6.96 to 7.02; prime winter yellow 7.40 to 7.80; prime summer white 7.20 to 7.60.

Butter—Barely steady.

Cheese—Steady, unchanged.

Eggs—Weak; fresh gathered selected extras 20 to 21.

### WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Feb. 11.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady, 86 cents.

ROSIN—Market, steady, $6.60 per barrel of 280 pounds.

TAR—Firm, $2.40 per barrel.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market, quiet $5.25 per barrel, for hard; $6.75 for dip and $6.75 for virgin.

**Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine firm 52 1-2; rosin nothing doing; tar, $2.00; crude turpentine; firm $2.50, $4.00 and $4.00.**

**RECEIPTS.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Spirits Turpentine | 2 |
| Rosin | 14 |
| Tar | 57 |
| Crude Turpentine | (—) |

Receipts same day last year, (—) casks spirits turpentine; 100 barrels rosin; 43 barrels rosin; 4 barrels crude turpentine.

**COTTON MARKET.**

Market—Nominal.

**Same day last year, 14 1-4 cents.**

Receipts 155 bales; same day last year, 830 bales.

**PRODUCE MARKET.**

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Feb. 11.)

**PEANUTS—Virginias, extra prime 70 cents, fancy 75 cents. Spanish from $1.05 to 1.35. North Carolina, No. 1, $1.40 to $1.50 per bushel. New crop.**

CORN—Firm, 70c per bushel.

N. C. HAMS—Dull; hams, 15; shoulders, old, 15; and sides, 15c.

EGGS—Dull, 15 cents.

CHICKENS—Spring, 20 to 35; grown, good demand, 40 to 50c.

**BEESEWAX—Firm 27c.**

TALLOW—Firm at 4 1-2 to 3c. per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm, at 65 to 70 cents per bushel.

**HIDES—Dr. flint 13c; green 7c per pound**

**WOOL—Burr 12 to 15c; free of burr 18 to 20c.**

**GEESE—60 cents per head.**

PORK—8 to 10 cents, net.

**SHEEP—No demand.**

LAMB—Out of season.

PEAS—White peas, $2.75 to $3.00; cow peas, $2.00 per bushel.

IRISH POTATOES—New crop 80 to 90 cents, dull.

**PEANUTS.**

(Repoted by Rodgers, McCabe & Co.)

Spanish—Market, firm, at $1.22½ per bushel.

Virginias—Market firm, at 3¾@4¼c. for Jumbos; 3½@3¾ for Fancy Hand-Picked; 3c. to 3¼c. for Machine Picked; 2½@2¾c. for Shelling stock.

New Spring muslin underwear in great variety at Rehder's White Sale. **

## WILSON MURDERER CAPTURED

(Conchided from Page One.)

the shooting, evading the officers through hiding in the swamps.

West tells the officers he is a member of a regularly organized band of thieves, and has given them the names of his associates. He claims he does not know that he shot either the deputy sheriff or the Wilson chief of police, claiming that there were five negroes in the house shooting at the time, and any one of them might have fired the fatal shots. These were Dave Young, Wade Williams, Matthew Mebane, Bob Simms and Stetson or Ed. Nelson. The last two named are now in the penitentiary for safe-keeping, Dave Young being the only one still at large.

West is almost a giant, six feet two inches tall, a light mulatto, having also a strain of Indian blood.

He has served several terms on the Cumberland county chain gang, and escaped from the South Carolina penitentiary some time ago. He has two flesh wounds, one in the chest close by the heart, and the other in the leg.

## NEARING "BLACK REPUBLIC."

**Haitian Minister to Germany Aspirant to the Presidency.**

Kingston, Jamica, Feb. 11.—It is reported here that General Callisthene Fouchard, the Haitian minister to Germany, has left Berlin and is now on his way to this port. It is said that General Fouchard is an aspirant to the presidency and wishes to be near the "black republic" in case the revolutionists succeed in getting the upperhand.

General Fouchard was appointed chief executive of the army by President Simon in 1908, and was named as minister to Berlin January 26th, 1909. If General Fouchard abandons his post he will be following the example of General Antenor Firmin, the Haitian minister to Great Britain. General Firmin left England without permission last December and sailed for Port Au Prince. It was said that he was about to promote a revolutionary movement and he was not permitted to land on Haitian soil. He is now in San Juan, Porto Rico.

## COMPLAINT AGAINST SOUTHERN

**Freight Rates to This State and Others Declared Excessive.**

Washington, Feb. 11.—Asserting that freight rates on first class and fire brick between Ashland, Ky., and various points in the Southeastern territory, including North and South Carolina, Alabama and Tennessee, are excessive and unreasonable, the Ashland Fire Brick Company today petitioned the Interstate Commerce Commission to readjust the rates. The average rate is 16 cents a hundred pounds, and the complainant urges that it should not exceed 12 cetns. The complaint is directed against the Southern Railway and other carriers in that territory.

## GAVE BOND AT CHARLOTTE.

**Promoters of Albemarle Scheme Have Been Released.**

Charlotte, N. C., Feb. 11.—J. A. Masters and J. C. Sibley, who have been in jail here since their arrest in Mississippi in charges of promoting a gigantic fraudulent land scheme at Albemarle, N. C., have given the bonds of $5,000 each required by the government, and were released. They are booked to appear for trial at the April term of Federal court here. About ten days ago the prison authorities frustrated a clever attempt of these two men to escape, the kit of tools used presumably having been furnished by mysterious women visitors. An attorney from Albemarle arranged the bonds for Masters and Sibley.

## REFUSE TO CHANGE VENUE.

**Action of Judge Hundley in Virginia Murder Case.**

Richmond, Va., Feb. 11.—Because Judge J. G. Hundley refused to grant a change of venue for the trial of Richard Perkins and Edward Jones, two negroes charged with the murder of the Stewart Brothers, Governor Mann today ordered Judge Witt to go to Buckingham court house and enter the order granting the change of venue. Judge Hundley held that the Supreme Court, in ordering the trial to a specified court, "appeared to lack that fine spirit of courtesy and comity which one court has the right to expect of another."

## WOMAN GETS BIG VERDICT.

**Sued Railroad for Selling Her Berth Occupied by Negroes.**

Vicksburg, Miss., Feb. 11.—First advantage in the testing of Mississippi's "jim crow" law went to the plaintiff today when a verdict awarding $15,000 to Miss Pearl Morris was returned in circuit court. As the basis for the suit Miss Morris alleged that she was sold a berth in a sleeping car by the Alabama & Vicksburg Railroad, which was occupied by three negroes. The case will go to the United States Supreme Court, attorneys for the road say, if the State supreme court upholds today's decision.

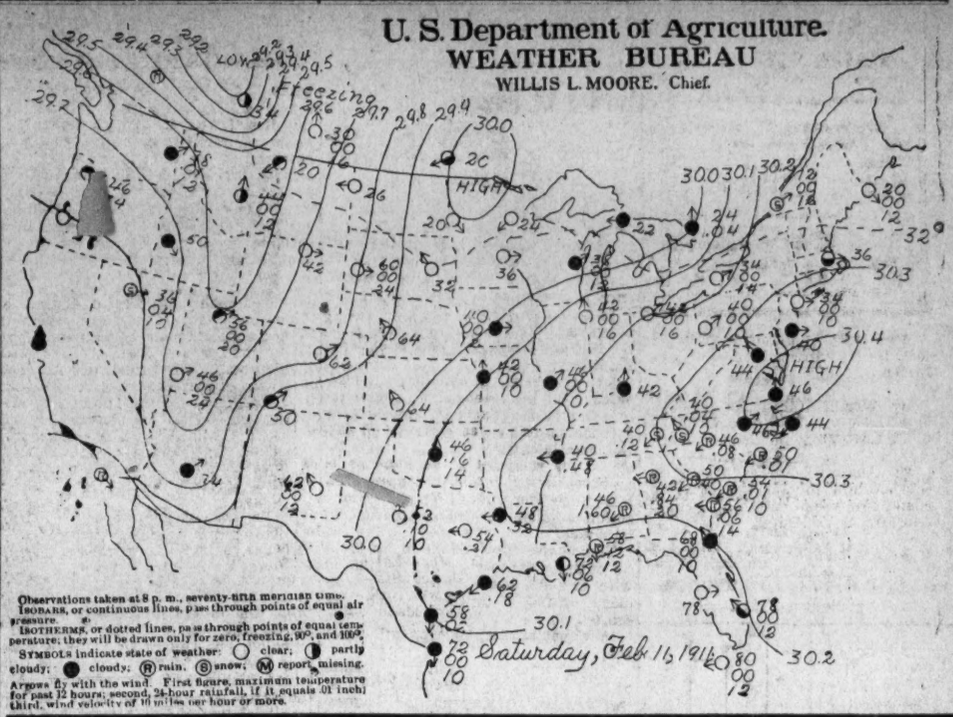
## BIG GIFTS TO VASSAR.

**Total $216,500 Announced at Meeting Associated Alumnae.**

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 11.—Gifts totalling $216,500 were presented to Vassar College at the meeting of the Associated Alumnae held here today. Announcement was made that Mrs. Russell Sage presented $150,000 for the building of a new dormitory, while the alumnae gave $50,000 to the college, $1,000 for each year since it has received its charter and an additional gift of $1,500 for improvements. Announcement of $10,000 scholarship and other gifts also were made.

Washington, Feb. 11.—A one-legged man "who plays baseball, football and anything any other man can do" has applied to Postmaster General Hitchcock for a position as "railroad mail clerk." He says he wears an artificial limb, but can get around as fast as any normal man and he "sure wants the job." He lives in Louisiana. The Postoffice Department declined to disclose the name of the applicant.

White Sale at Rehder's Big Store starts Monday. **


U. S. Department of Agriculture.
WEATHER BUREAU
WILLIS L. MOORE, Chief.
Freezing
HIGH
HIGH
L
Saturday, Feb 11, 1911
Observations taken at 8 p. m., seventy-fifth meridian time.
ISOBARS, or continuous lines, pass through points of equal air pressure.
ISOTHERMS, or dotted lines, pass through points of equal temperature; they will be drawn only for zero, freezing, 90°, and 100°.
SYMBOLS indicate state of weather: clear; partly cloudy; cloudy; (R) rain; (S) snow; (M) report missing.
Arrows fly with the wind. First figure, maximum temperature for past 12 hours; second, 24-hour rainfall, if it equals .01 inch; third, wind velocity of 10 miles per hour or more.

### NAVAL STORES.

New York, Feb. 11.—Turpentine, steady.

Charleston, Feb. 11.—Turpentine, firm, at 87.

Rosin—Firm. A B C, 7.00@7.05; D, 7.00@7.05; E, 7.05; F, 7.07½@7.10; G, 7.10; H, 7.20; I, 7.15; K, 7.57½; M, 7.90; N, 7.95; W G, 8.00; W W, 8.05.

Savannah, Feb. 11.—Turpentine, firm, at 87¼@88. Sales, 156; receipts, 315; shipments, 328; stocks, 3,339.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 884; receipts, 1,023; shipments, 651; stocks, 62,696. Quote: B, 7.05; D, 7.07½; E, 7.10; F, 7.12½; G, 7.15; H, 7.22½; I, 7.37½; K, 7.87½; M, 7.92; N, 7.97½; W G, 8.02½; W W, 8.07½.

Look for Gaylord's "ad," in this issue. **

STATE OF OHIO CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

{SEAL}

A. W. GLEASON, NOTARY PUBLIC

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O

Sold by all Druggists 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constination.

**Maine Grown Seed POTATOES**

30 Sacks Irish Cobblers.
300 Sacks Red Bliss.
200 Sacks White Bliss.
200 Sacks Early Rose.

Why plant inferior Potatoes when the genuine Maine Seed can be had for just a little more. : : : : : : : : :

—ALSO—

Seed Oats, Rye and Wheat. : : Complete line of other Groceries. : : : : : : : : : : : : : : Get our Prices.

**D. L. Gore Co.**

WHOLESALE GROCERS.
Wilmington, N. C.

FANCY DRESSED TURKEYS
EXTRA FAT CHICKENS.

Call and see our line of extra choice Beef, Veal, Lamb, Pork, Hams and Bacon. We offer you the very best and all orders receive our personal attention.

Special: All pork Sausage and fresh Eggs.

**HOPKINS & DAVIS**

FRONT STREET MARKET:

| Stalls— | Phones— |
|---|---|
| Nos. 1 and 2, N. Side. | 141. |
| No. 1 and 3, S. Side. | 128. |

Blue prints of all kinds are made by Southern Map Co., Phone 813, So. Bldg.

**JOYLAND**

MOTION PICTURES
Educating, Amusing, Instructive.
Open Daily, 2:30 to 11 P. M.

GO TO *Crystal Palace*

High Class Vaudeville
Afternoon, 3:30 and 4:30.
Night, 8:15 and 9:15

**CHICHESTER S PILLS**

THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

THE BEST ALWAYS
*BIJOU*
ALWAYS THE BEST

**DAVID'S**

OUR usefulness to you as dealers in clothing is shown in other ways than just having clothes to sell. If that were all, we wouldn't be any different from anybody else who has clothes to sell. We are different, because we have

**Hart Schaffner & Marx**

clothes to sell; and because we're the only people around here who have. That's all the reason we need to give, or you ought to need to have, for coming here.

Still some good things for you in winter goods at less than winter prices. Spring goods will be arriving soon.

New Spring styles John B. Stetson hats now on sale.

**The A. David Company,**

This store is the Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

**Just Say**

**"FIVE"**
**"ONE"**

**To Central**

Quick as a flash the phone will be answered, and if you'll give your address, a messenger from the Western Union Telegraph Co. will be sent for your BUSINESS LOCAL. Pay him

**Twenty-Five Cents**

For each twenty-five words or less for each time you wish the ad to run, and one cent for each word in addition to twenty-five. We find the finders of values and the losers too. We find servants for homes, clerks and managers for offices and offices for clerks and managers; tenants for rooms and houses and rooms and houses for tenants; a purchaser for that piece of real estate and real estate for that purchaser.

**Just Ring**

**"FIVE"**
**"ONE"**

## THE WEATHER

**U. S. Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau.**

Wilmington, N. C., Feb. 12, 1911.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending 8 P. M., Saturday Feb. 12th:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 34 degrees; 8 P. M., 42 degrees; maximum 50 degrees; minimum, 32 degrees; mean, 41 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .01; for the month, .05 inch.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., Saturday, 24.1 feet and rising.

**Weather Forecast.**

For North Carolina—Rain Sunday and probably Monday, moderate northeast winds.

**Port Calendar—February 12.**

Sun Rises ..... 7:00 A. M.
Sun Sets..... 5:53 P. M.
Day's Length .....10 hrs. 53 min.
High water at Southport 7:07 A. M.
High water at Wilmington 10:07 A.M.

**WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS,**
February 11, 1911.

| STATIONS. | Weather at 8 P. M. | Temperature Highest Today. | Temperature Lowest last night. | 24-hour precipitation, 8 P. M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Asheville | snowing | 40 | 26 | .04 |
| Atlanta | raining | 42 | 36 | .84 |
| Charleston | raining | 54 | 42 | .01 |
| Charlotte | raining | 46 | 34 | .08 |
| Chicago | clear | 42 | 20 | .0 |
| Galveston | cloudy | 62 | 50 | .18 |
| Jacksonville | cloudy | 68 | 52 | .0 |
| New Orleans | pt. cloudy | 72 | 50 | .06 |
| New York | clear | 34 | 26 | .0 |
| Pittsburg | clear | 40 | 20 | .0 |
| Raleigh | cloudy | 46 | 30 | .0 |
| St. Louis | cloudy | 46 | 34 | .0 |
| Washington | cloudy | 44 | 22 | .0 |

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**

Wanted—Timber lands.
S. P. Cowan—Tax Notice.
Platt & Haar—To the Public.
Platt & Haar—Fair Warning.
Academy of Music—The Climax.
J. W. Fleet Co.—Big Reductions.
American National Bank—Right.
Academy of Music—Blanche Ring.
Winter Park Gardens Co.—Winter Park Sale.
The C. W. Polvogt Co.—Anniversary Sale.
Gardens.
Wm. E. Springer & Co.—Royal Wire Fencing.
Wilmington Shoe Co.—Another Lot of Sample Shoes.

**Business Locals.**

Lost—Hound Dog.
Wanted—Position.
Hanover Wood Co.—Wood.
Found—Double-ender Skiff.
For Rent—Rooms With Board.
For Rent—Rooms With Board.
Frisco Cider Co.—Salesmen Wanted.
C. T. Johnstone—Magazine Solicitors.
Waccamaw Lumber Co.—Men Wanted.
For Sale or Rent—Water Front Property.
United States Calendar Co. — Sideline Salesmen.

## SUICIDE IN WAYNE.

**Farmer Cuts His Throat — Freight Car Thieves—Notes.**

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Goldsboro, N. C., Feb. 11.—News reaches here that Richard Best, a well-known farmer of Grantham township, committed suicide last Saturday morning by cutting his throat from ear to ear with a razor. Mr. Best went out to his stables in the early part of the morning, and not returning as soon as it was thought that he ought to, some member of the family went to the stables to see if anything unusual had happened, and when the stable door was opened Mr. Best was lying dying in his own blood. He was not dead when found, but expired in a few minutes, without speaking a word. Mr. Best was about 45 years of age and leaves a wife and several children.

One of the biggest robberies in these parts for some time—and one that still remains a mystery—took place on the Norfolk Southern yards Friday night. The matter has been kept exceedingly quiet. It seems that some time between midnight and day thieves broke into one of the merchandise cars, on the side track, near the old freight depot, and stole and carried away goods to the amount of several hundred dollars, and made good their escape, without leaving any clue leading to their identity. Among the articles stolen were two barrels of whiskey, case goods, hats, shoes, clothing, dry goods and other articles of merchandise.

Superintendent Joseph E. Avent, who teaches the Baraca Class at St. Paul's Methodist church, has invited Mr. Marshall A. Hudson, founder of the Baraca-Philathea class movement, and the president of the world-wide Baraca-Philathea Union to visit Goldsboro on his Southern tour, and he has consented to come Sunday, April 9th.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Board of City Aldermen Mr. A. T. Griffin was unanimously elected a member of the Board of Public Works to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the late Mr. John H. Hill.

## BUTLER WING HOSTS.

**Republican Faction in Wake Dines Minority Members of Assembly.**

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C. Feb. 11.—Tonight in the Giersch Cafe, Chairman Lester Butler, of the Wake County Republican Executive Committee, and a number of Wake members of his faction of the party, were hosts for a banquet at which Republican members of the General Asesmbly were guests of honor. It was a sort of offset for the banquet given these same legislators two weeks ago by E. C. Duncan, Wheeler, Martin, Willis, Briggs and others representing the anti-Butler wing of party. The banquet tonight was elaborately spread with some 15 more plates than were put in service.

Among the participants were State Chairman Motley Morehead, Col. Harry Skinner and C. Ed. Taylor, of Brunswick.

Orange, N. J., Feb. 11.—Thomas A. Edison received messages of congratulations today on the occasion of his 64th birthday. He spent the day at work in his laboratory. To his wife, who tried to get him to take a little outing, he said he was "too busy."

50c Spring silks, big assortment for 39c at Rehder's White Sale. **

## TREATY IN HOUSE ACTION IS URGED

(Concluded from Page One.)

Committee to make the report immediately and bring it up in the most feasible and expeditious way. It is probable that a rule will be reached from the rules committee limiting the debate and preventing the adoption of amendments although as measure of the highest privilege a rule is entirely necessary.

Mr. Brousard, of Louisiana, voted against the otherwise solid Democratic membership of the committee in accordance with his attitude in the Democratic caucus recently which declared for reciprocity. In the caucus he invoked the caucus rule exempting him from being bound by the caucus action because of pledges to his constituency.

The committee's action upholds in its entirety the agreement negotiated with Canada, but changes the phraseology of the McCall bill which was drafted as an administration measure to put that agreement into legislative shape.

There were numerous amendments offered in the committee today which would have invalidated the agreement, but all were voted down. The only agreement adopted was one suggested by Representative Mann, of Illinois, in the interest of making clear the workings of the agreement with respect to wood pulp and print paper in the original McCall bill and substitutes as an amendement, a provision dealing exclusively with wood which is the product of Canada.

Under the Mann amendment wood pulp and print paper produced in Canadian provinces that have no export restrictions are admitted free into this country, together with all wood pulp products up to a valuation of four cents a pound. The admission of wood pulp and its products from the United States to Canada is a matter left to the Canadian Parliament.

All provinces having export restrictions of any kind upon such products will confront the full American duty $5.75 per ton, when their pulp logs or wood pulp reach the American customs houses. The customs houses at the Canadian border are left to deal with the product, determine from which province it comes and let it in free or assess the duty, according to the circumstances.

John Norris, chairman of the paper committee of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association, said tonight:

"The reciprocity bill as amended by the Ways and Means Committee and reported to the House of Representatives entirely satisfactory to the paper committee of the Publishers' Association. The amendment was prepared by Mr. Mann. It does not in the slightest way alter that phraseology in the treaty which provides immediately for free print paper when made from the free wood. It corrects a slight error that was made in the drafting of the bill and is an improvement on the original draft."

**Cannon Againt Reciprocity.**

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 11.—Senator Bailey, of Danville, made public today a letter directed to him from Speaker Joseph G. Cannon, of the National House of Representatives, in which the Speaker strongly opposes reciprocity with Canada. The Speaker's followers in the Senate and House, according to the Danville Senator will put up a hard fight on the floor when the Canadian reciprocity resolution is offered next week. Following is a text of Speaker Cannon's letter:

"It is reported in Washington that you are about to consider in the State Legislature a resolution endorsing the commercial agreement with Canada which is now pending before Congress.

"That proposed agreement provides substantially for free trade between Canada and the United States in agricultural products, the farmers finished product. It includes in addition to wheat, barley, corn, potatoes, daily products, eggs, poultry, etc., cattle, hogs, and other animals on the hoof.

"Of course, free trade in these products is by itself one-sided because we give Canada an immense market for her farm products both in theory and in fact, while she affords us practically no market for farm products, in fact, whatever may be theory. Of course, if there can be an additional advantage given us, when we will compensate for the burden or competition thus placed on our farmers, we should be able to find it in the terms. I have not found it so far, and I note that the Canadian envoy, Mr. Fielding, explains to the Mother Country that while Canada is gaining a large market in the United States, the United States is not to gain market enough in Canada to interefer with English trade, since, few reductions are made on our products that would seek a Canadian market and these reductions are small.

"I note also one conspicious discrimination. Food animals on the hoof, such as our farmers have to sell come into this country free of duty, but on the meats manufactured from these animals there is levied a duty of a cent and a quarter a pound.

"I have no time to enter into a complete analysis of the proposed agreement, but I send you under separate cover copy of the President's message containing the proposed amendment and schedules. The agreement to me and to many others seems substantially to deny protection to all agricultural products, treating them as raw material and to accord protection to all who use such products in whole or in part as a basis for some manufacturing or finishing process.

"My object in writing to you is to suggest that if any effort is made to secure action by resolution or otherwise endorsing the proposition while it is pending before Congress, it ought to be done only after a most careful examination.

"There is a marked difference of opinion among Republicans in the National House and in the Senate touching the wisdom and the justice of the proposed agreement as a whole. The Democrats in the House have held a caucus in regard to the matter and have resolved to support the agreement in the House on the ground that while it is not all they desire to accomplish it is a long step forward in the direction of free trade under the guise of reciprocity, their position now and in the near future being for a tariff for revenue only and against protection. That is not as I understand the position of the Republican party as set forth in its platforms and outlined in its policies and for one I cannot agree with the Democratic caucus.

"I am with respects, etc.,
"J. G. CANNON."

## NEWBERN "TIGER" CASES.

**Several Convicted in Higher Court—Sanitary City Ordinance.**

(Special Star Telegram.)

Newbern, N. C., Feb. 11.—A one-weeks' term of the Superior Court for criminal cases closed today, Judge Garland S. Ferguson, of Waynesville, N. C., presiding. Many cases have been disposed of but few of any special importance. The "John Doe" blind tiger cases were perhaps the most important. Some time ago a raid was made and some eight "tigers" run in. The main witness given was "John Doe," and in the preliminary hearing the identity of "John Doe", was not revealed, but policemen testified that they had seen "a man" go in the different places and buy whiskey. All the cases were sent to court but before trial two of the "tigers" had forfeited their bond and left the State. When the trials came up, it developed that "John Doe" was W. H. Smith, chief of police in Vanceboro, this county, but at the time of his work here a special officer of the city.

The first case tried was Jake Moore, colored, who was convicted; then Ben Brinson, white, who was also convicted and given five months in jail. The last, that of Gerry Hawk, white, an old offender, has the jury tied-up tonight. Henry Connor, tried this afternoon, was given six months on the roads.

The town is dryer than in some time as a city ordinance was found some time ago preventing anyone with governement license to sell liquors when carrying on any other business in the same place. Messrs. Moore and Dunn ably defended Brinson and Hawk, while Solicitor Abernathy did fine work for the State.

Judge Ferguson will hold a week's term of civil court here beginning Monday.

## PLOT TO DESTROY COTTON.

**Gov-Elect Hoke Smith Telling of Plan to Project a Plague.**

Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 11.—What purports to be a plot to distribute boll weevils throughout the cotton raising districts of Georgia and South Carolina, was exposed today when Governor-elect Hoke Smith gave out a letter he received telling of the details of the plan to project a plague.

According to the letter two men, one of whom is a Texan, have in their possession 100,000 insects which they intend to distribute.HThe writer declared he had promised to conceal the conspirators names, but felt it his duty to frustrate their scheme.


**DR. HATHAWAY & CO.**

the eminent specialists, restore weak and debilitated men and women to

**PERFECT HEALTH**

By perfect health we mean the state of being Strong, Vigorous, Forceful, full Vim, and of Masterful character—the glorious birthright of every man and woman. Through years of practice, in which we have made a specialty of chronic diseases of every kind in both men and women, our methods have been so perfected that failure is impossible—we can surely cure you in your own home, without absence from business, without complicated treatments. Our manner is simple, though effective, and the thousands of people who have attained perfect health through us attest our professional knowledge and skill.

We employ none of the tricks of the incompetent and dishonest "specialists" who fill the papers with extravagant claims. We give no "free samples" or "trial treatments." We make no deceptive offers whatever, but we give you the thoughtful advice and careful treatment of noted specialists who, by years of earnest effort and profound research, and the absolute cure of thousands of cases, have earned your confidence and respect.

Sit down today and write for our symptom blanks and books, which are furnished free. They cover all the chronic and special diseases of both men and women. Fill out the symptom blank as per instructions, and we will then be able to correctly diagnose your trouble, and prescribe treatment that will restore you to perfect health—give you control of self, and self-control. All communications strictly confidential, and all treatments mailed in plain wrappers.

DR. HATHAWAY & CO.
Inman Building, 22½ South Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.


## STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

**Advertisements inserted under this head one cent per word for each insertion but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25, one cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge, A. D. T. (Western Union) Messenger to any address in the city for advertisements in this department upon request by 'Phone to No. 51. A. D. T. Messenger will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Co., or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for the telegrams but a small charge for strictly A. D. T. calls or telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams, bills rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service call Western Union, 'Phone No. 2. But for advertisements always call the Star office No. 51. Copy for Business Locals cannot be taken over the telephone but upon request Messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.**

**RIGHT IN THE CENTER** of "Beautiful Carolina Place," we have for sale a very desirable lot. Price is only $300.00 and the terms will suit you. In fact you can pay for it any way you want to. D. R. Foster & Co. are the Agents. fe12-1t

**WE WANT** some far-sighted man to inquire about property on Chestnut between Eleventh and Twelfth streets; this property has a frontage of 99 feet on Chestnut street by 165 feet deep; 5 houses on same renting for $25.00 per month. Price asked is $2,100. Chestnut street lots at "Carolina Heights" are selling fast, and this street will soon be the main thoroughfare between the Post Office and the "Heights." Foster & Co. want to show you this excellent investment, 206 Princess street. 'Phone 1220. fe12-1t

**HOUSE OR 4 OR 5 ROOMS** wanted in good section of city by refined family of six—two adults; must have bath and modern conveniences. Address W. H. Lassell, care Star, stating price, for permanent arrangement. fe9-3t

**WOOD! WOOD!**—We have a nice lot of dry pine, oak and black jack wood, at the lowest prices. 'Phone 656; prompt delivery; special prices on cord lots. Hanover Wood Co. fe12-3t

**NICELY FURNISHED** rooms can be had, with board, hot and cold water. Apply at 405 North Fourth street; 'phone 1788. fe12-1t*

**BIDS FOR BONDS**—Sealed bids are invited for $10,000. Lockwood's Folly and $10,000. Shallotte Township Good Roads Bonds voted under Chap. 420, Public Laws 1909 (now amended). Bonds in $500 denomination, pay 5 per cent. interest, semi-annually, payable in 20 years. Bids opened at 1 o'clock March 6th, 1911. For information, C. Ed. Taylor, Southport, N. C. This by order County Commissioners. John Jeanette, clerk. fe12-19-26-3t

**FOUND**—On or about December 15th, I picked up outside, off Wrightsville Beach, one double-ender skiff. Owner may obtain by proving property. Elijah Spencer, Wrightsville Sound. fe12-1t*

**MAGAZINE SOLICITORS** wake up. Best proposition of the age. Your money every day; 25 cents a year magazine premiums. Write today. We do the rest. C. T. Johnstone, Dept. M, Rochester, N. Y. fe12-1t*

**WANTED**—Men to work at logging camps at Makatoka, N. C., and mills at Bolton, N. C.; also can use ten carpenters. Waccamaw Lumber Co., Bolton, N. C. fe12-6t

**SALESMEN** to call on grocers, confectioners, general stores; $150 monthly and expenses; yearly contract, Frisco Cider Co., St. Louis, Mo. fe12-1t*

**SIDELINE** traveling salesmen make $30 to $50 weekly handling our latest production of advertising fans. Liberal terms. Apply at once. United States Calendar Co., Cincinnati. fe12-1t*

**LOST** — One white and blue speckled hound, name, "Bogan." Liberal reward for the dog or any information of him. F. P. Lamb, 520 McRae st.; 'phone, 426. fe12-1t*

**FOR SALE OR RENT**—264 feet water front, foot of Church street; runs back 200 feet to railroad on Surry street; clay soil. Only large tract of land on water front south of Atlantic Coast Line on the market. M. C. Darby & Co., The Agents, 114 1-2 Princess street. fe12-1tf

**WANTED**—Position with any dry goods or grocery house, wholesale or retail. Have had experience in both lines. Best of references. Address P. O. Box 537, City. fe12-1t*

**FOR RENT**—Large rooms, suitable for gentlemen or couple; by private family; central location; electric lights, telephone, modern bath; finest table. References requested. "Rent," care Star Office. fe12-1t

**WANTED**—Bright young man who can use typewriter, as clerk in office. Address "C," P. O. Box 606, City. fe12-1t

**$600.00 CASH** is all that is needed to purchase a $1,500.00 lot and $1,800.00 store, and seven-room house. The remaining $1,-500.00 is with a B. & L. Association, which makes the payments exceedingly easy. The property is situated within 100 feet of Castle street; the house has tin roof, and in excellent condition. See us sure. Foster & Co. fe12-1t

**THINK OF** a two-story six-room house, with modern conveniences and located on Church street, selling for $1,000.00. Well, it's so, and will surely be sold Monday. A little paint is needed on the house—that's all. Let us show it to you early; it can't last until noon. Foster & Co. are the People. 206 Princess street. fe12-1t

**HELP WANTED**—50 experienced salesladies, 25 salesmen and 10 bundle wrappers wanted. Apply between the hours of 10 and 12 A. M., Monday, February 13th. Platt & Haar, Wilmington, N. C. fe11-2t

**20-FOOT MOTOR BOAT**—The best boat and engine outfit ever offered for $275.00; mahogany finish, polished brass fittings, auto.-steerer; copper gasoline tank. Write now for descriptive booklet. Sales agents wanted. Rice Brothers' Company, Dept. P., East Boothbay, Maine. ja8-suns-6t

**WANTED**—Salesman of ability and neat appearance, to call on merchants in their territory; elegant side line; convenient to carry; good commissions; prompt remittance. A-278, Belmont Manufacturing Co., Cincinnati, Ohio. de25-su-fot*

**THE PROFESSIONAL** tailor can furnish you anything you may want in the merchant tailoring line. All work guaranteed at modern prices. Leger Meyer, Princess street, Princess Building, Second floor. de 12-su-tf.

**WANTED**—Information concerning one Dr. McDonald, who was here and at Southport about 15 years ago. Any information will be thankfully received by J. D. Sidbury, Town Creek, Brunswick county, N. C. Box 21. ja29-su4t*

**TRAVELING SALESMAN** wanted to work country trade with cigars, candy and soft drinks; salary and expenses. Atlanta Specialty Co., Atlanta, Ga. fe5-s4t*

**WAKE UP!** Spread out! Advertise! Multigraph imitation typewritten circulars, cheap as printing; better results. All classes typewriting and notary work. Meares Harriss, Notary Public, stenographer, 114 Princess street, 'phone 708. de 1-tu-su-thu-tf.

**FOR RENT**—Four of the most modern equipped offices in the city, with hot and cold water, lights, heat and janitor service free. Location the best in the city and good exposure. Grand Theatre building. Apply to J. M. Solky. ja22-su,tu,th-tf

**TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN**—Notice is hereby given that all bills against the Wilmington Light Infantry must be rendered to Mr. P. L. Cantwell, Sec., care Tidewater Power Co. The company will not be responsible for any purchase without a written order signed by a member of the Armory and Finance Committee. E. A. Metts, Chairman. fe10-3t

**FOR SALE**—One three-drum Lidgewood skidder; one 80-H. P. Liddell boiler; one 60-H. P. Vogel boiler.—Address W. L. Rankin Lumber Co., Mars Bluff, S. C. ja28-1mo

**THE HOLLAND NURSERIES**, Castle Hayne, N. C. Privet Hedging, shade and fruit trees, roses, etc. fe2-1m*

**AGENTS WANTED**—Automobile necessary. Can make $25 a day. Repairs punctures in one minute. Send for booklet. Automobile Tire Repair Co., Box 454, Lancaster, Pa. ja14sa-6t*

**WILMINGTON SANITARIUM**, Front and Castle streets, a modern institution for the treatment of medical and surgical diseases. Especially equipped for the scientific treatment of asthmatic, catarrhal, kidney, genito-urinary, rectal, rheumatic and skin diseases. Massage, Turkish vapor and hot air baths. Mrs. Eliza McDuffie, superintendent; Charles T. Harper, M. D., medical director. no30-tf

**WANTED**—Young single man or boy, with some experience in grocery store, country boy preferred; no dude or cigarette smoker need apply. Address "J.," care Star Office. fe9-6t

**INDUSTRIOUS YOUNG MAN**, one preferably with experience in industrial insurance in this city, and who does not object to early rising; capable and with some executive ability, may learn something to his advantage by addressing in his own handwriting, with reference, "Business," care this office. fe7-3t

**EGGS FOR HATCHING** — Plymouth Rocks, R. I. Reds, Black Minorcas, pure bred, $1.50 per 15. Winter Park Poultry Yards, Winter Park Gardens, Wilmington, N. C. fe5-1m*

**THE GILBERT HOUSE** combines home comforts with hotel conveniences. Front and Princess streets; junction of all cars. Cars to depot; steam heat, electric lights and hot water. Table equals the best, and rates reasonable. Transient, $1.25 to $1.50 per day. Special rates to regular and table boarders. ja8-tf

**LET US FIGURE** on repainting and repairing your old buggies, wagons and automoobles. We can save you money. Wilmington Carriage Works, 1103 Castle street. 'Phone 1019. oct. 23-tf.

**DON'T FORGET** that there is a sash, door and blind factory at 214 South Front street. Brunswick Wood & Lumber Co.; 'Phone 645. fe11-1mo

**WANTED**—Position with any wholesale house. Ten years' experience. Can furnish city references. Address P. O. Box 13, City. fe11-2t*

**FOR SALE**—Parlor suite with curtains and rings, couch, dresser, bed, sewing machine, wood heater, table, chairs and half roll wire fencing. Everything new. Prices will suit you. 820 Chestnut street. fe11-2t*

**WOOD! WOOD!**—We have a nice lot of dry pine, oak and black jack wood, at the lowest prices. Hanover Wood Co. Prompt delivery. fe11-3t

**SEED POTATOES**—Seed potatoes. Just received, one car Cobblers, one car Bliss, and others now rolling in. Also car cabbage, apples and eating potatoes. Just arrived to be sold very low for cash. A. S. Winstead & Son. fe9-4t

**TYPEWRITERS REPAIRED** with new parts. Typewriter furnished free while you wait. J. T. Runge, 'Phone 625. fe11-tf

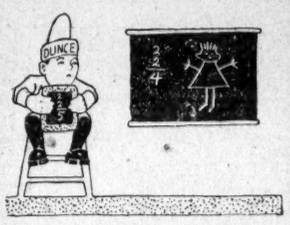
**RURAL BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION** will open the Sixteenth Series on Saturday, February 4th. The easiest and most systematic way to save money to buy a Home. R. C. DeRossett, President; James Owen Reilly, Secretary and Treasurer. ja15-tf

**AUTOS FOR HIRE**—First class machines; brand new; comfortable accommodations; experienced and careful drivers; reasonable rates. 'Phone Starkey, week-days, No. 45; Sundays, 1503. ja13-1m

**UNREDEEMED PLEDGES** of solid leather suit cases, hand bags, trunks, watches, jewelry, musical instruments, machines, tools, etc. Uncle Charles, Pawn Shop, 108 Market street. ja15-tf

**THIS MUCH** is certain. Good portraiture can only result from skill, experience and taste, all three are daily exercised in our studio. 'Phone 731. Foltz and Kendrick, Southern Building. ja4-tf

**I THANK** one and all my shippers of raw furs and produce for all past shipments and trust to be favored with your future business. C. D. Gilbert. de28-tf


**It Is Simple Enough**

*To repair jewelry when undertaken in the right spirit. If you have a watch or jewelry of any kind that needs repairing, you will do well to send it to us.*

*MODERATE CHARGES.*

**A. O. SCHUSTER**
JEWELER
104 North Front Street
Ja17-tf

**WANTED**

Several large tracts of good pine and hard wood timber. Also several small tracts of timber. State in first letter location, quantity and price of timber. "J." Box 7, R. F. D. 5, Richmond, Va.
fe12-6t

**TAX NOTICE.**

I have instructed my deputies to commence Monday morning levying upon personal property of those who have not paid taxes for year 1910. Please come forward at once and save trouble.

S. P. COWAN, Sheriff.
fe12-1t

**MAINE SEED POTATOES**

179 Bags Irish Cobblers.
131 Bags White Bliss Potatoes.
111 Bags Red Bliss.
79 Bags E. R. Potatoes.
471 Bags Field Peas.
379 Bags White Spring Oats.
161 Bags N. C. Rust Proof Oats.
519 Barrels Large Mullets.
76 Barrels Small Mullets.
11 Bags Seed Rye.
87 Bags Hominy Feed.
96 Bags Corno Hen Feed.

**W. B. COOPER**
IMPORTER AND JOBBER.
fe12-tf

**We Treat Our Customers RIGHT**
**Blind as a Bat to Everything But RIGHT**
**American National Bank**
210 N. Front St., Wilmington, N. C.
6% Charged. 4% Paid.
fe12-tf

**Big Reduction**

in all Winter Suits, Over Coats and Underwear

*J. W. FLEET CO.*
Phone 673. S. W. Corner Front & Princess Sts.
fe12-tf

*Royal Wire Fencing.*

We will receive Monday another car of this great fencing, which makes seven since October. We will also have latter part of the month our first car load of Mason's Fruit Jars. Others to follow in March and April. We are taking orders for Fruit Jars now at reduced prices.

**WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,**
Purcell Building,
Wilmington, N. C.
fe12-tf

**R. W. MONTGOMERY & CO.,**
ESSEX-MODEL
Incubators, Brooders, Poultry Supplies and Feeds,
Phone 461.
Wilmington, N. C.
fe12-tf

**Grasp This**

YOU CAN NEVER SUCCEED UNTIL YOU SAVE A PART OF WHAT YOU EARN. ONE OF OUR BANK BOOKS WILL HELP YOU SAVE AND WILL ENTITLE YOU TO 4 PER CENT. INTEREST.

*Atlantic Trust and Banking Co.*
Southern Building, Opposite Postoffice.

*WE have every facility known in banking, which we offer to depositors, and they have in dealing here the security of $1,250,000.00 net assets over every liability. We also have money to lend to all who deal here and are worthy of credit.*

**The Murchison National Bank**

**Advertising Cures Business Stagnation.**

SECOND SECTION

# THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

FOUNDED A. D. 1867

PAGES 9 TO 16

VOL. LXXXVII—NO. 123. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 12, 1911. WHOLE NUMBER 13,530.

## ADVERTISING AS A FORCE

**Its Economic Value as Outlined in Address Before Atlanta Ad Men's Club by Mr. S. Wilbur Corman.**

"Advertising As an Economic Force" was the subject of a recent address by Mr. S. Wilbur Corman, director of business getting and copy production for N. W. Ayer & Son, before the Atlanta Ad Men's Club, Tuesday evening, January 31st. Mr. Corman spoke as follows:

Mr. President and Gentlemen:—I now understand what is meant by "the embarrassment of riches." I have personal knowledge of how a man would feel if the vaults of a great bank were opened to him and he were told that he might help himself, but that he should take only what he could profitably use in a few fleeting moments, and it were further indicated to him that he would be expected to spend it in a manner different from anyone else who had been given a similar privilege.

When your committee courteously invited me to meet with you this evening they requested that I come prepared to make a short talk on advertising—a subject so broad and long and deep that I immediately began to wonder, how and where, I would take hold of it and along what lines I might discuss it. I angled with your committee to the extend of a couple of letters each way, trying to get them to put me on the right track, but their generosity was not to be curbed and they insisted that I have a free rein; gently adding, however, that the Atlanta Ad Men's Club had entertained many of the big guns of Publicity and hinting that I would best develop something peculiarly my own.

Seriously, gentlemen, I realize that this club has listened to many men expert with reference to many phases of Advertising—I know you have heard learned lectures on the relation of advertising to selling—on newspapers, magazines, street cars, and bill posting, and their relative value—on the importance of good copy, and the elements that enter into its production—on retailer's, jobber's, and manufacturer's advertising requirements.

It is my purpose to plead for no particular form of publicity. I will advocate no specific method of handling it. I will defend no individual advertising creed; but, lookng at the matter in a fundamental way, would like to inquire just what this thing we call advertising really means in our complex, many-sided , modern life—to discover if we may, its economic value in today's industrial affairs.

Advertising is as old as human endeavor,, but there is no good in going back to the beginning. The manufacture of footwear is also an exceedingly ancient occupation, but to investigate sandal making in the Holy Land at the time of Christ, would not shed much light upon the factory system now employed, or the distributive problems now faced by the great shoemakers.

Professor McVey of the University of Minnesota, in his scholarly book on "Modern Industrialism," points out that the year 1776 should stand in the books of history as famous not alone because of the signing of the Declaration of Independence (and, mark you, there are now twenty-seven republics upon the face of this old earth and Switzerland was the only one when our immortal declaration concretely expressed a new order of political doctrine)—but because that year likewise marks the line between the old and the new system of productiod. With it began the manufacture by machine, the decline of cottage industry, the awakening of democracy, and the dawn of Modern Industrialism.

Men, machines and capital have been massed in the building of a great industrial society. Just think of the little brief hundred and thirty-four years of our national life. There have been more inventions, more development of natural resources, more practical application of scientific research in this short period than in all the recorded history of the world in the years that have passed before.

Now, possibly you are wondering what this has to do with advertising. I'll tell you. This march of progress could never have been accomplished if we had not been a reading nation, if there had not been at hand the ready means for spreading the news of our doings, if the world (and our part of it particularly) had not developed to the point where we are hungry and thirsty for the story of life's activities.

Our whole national existence has been vitalized and moulded and developed and made what it is far more by the printed page than most of us have ever realized. And advertising is simply a means of harnessing this big vital force for individual, personal, business purposes.

I want to tell you, gentlemen, that I think mighty highly of my business—if I didn't I would get out of it and go into a business that would command my highest respect and the best that my brain and hands can do. I contend that properly understood and properly employed, advertising will become—indeed has become—one of the greatest economic forces that the world has ever known.

Have you ever stopped to think just what electricity means in the day-to-day life of the average American? And yet how new is its application and how distinctly limited as compared with the development that the next few years will bring about!

Trolly care are almost necessities, aren't they? They carry the laborer to work—they bring the women folks to town for their shopping—they take the youngsters to school—they constitute the major means of carrying on a modern town's human transportation. We did not have them until 1888, when in the city of Richmond they were first successfully operated, and we must thank electricity for them.

How could we get along without the telephone? Its economic worth socially, politically, industrially, commercially, simply cannot be computed. It was exhibited in Philadelphia at the Centennial Exposition in 1876 as a sort of scientific toy, and we must thank electricity for the telephone.

Consider the telegraph. Think of the way a million messages are daily flashed over the world's surface. An earthquake destroys a city; a King abdicates his throne subject to the imperial edict of a people's opinion; a thoughful student discovers the cure for some dread disease; an old man gives millions of dollars to the cause of international peace—and you and I know all about it in a few hours because of the telegraph. The first telegraph line was strung along the B & O. Railroad from Washington to Baltimore in 1844, and we must thank electricity for the telegraph.

Mr. Edison says that in a few years a man will sit beside a push button and a couple of levers and plow his fields by electricity.

I have taken electricity as a typical force in modern affairs. It always existed, but in this wonderful age in which we live it has been put to work, organized and applied—its future is so vast and marvelous that the mind cannot conceive or the tongue describe it.

Romantic and astounding as it all is, electricity has contributed no more, and in its future can contribute no more to our moral, mental and material well-being than advertising. Scientists are finding out things. We as an indutrial people are making practical applications of the truths that are coming to light. Advertising will furnish the means of letting the world know. It will multiply and vitalize and intensify all the things that will make for better homes and better health—better clothing and better food—better ideals and better lives.

Twelve years ago we would go into a grocery store and ask for five cents' worth of soda crackers. The grocer may have been drawing kerosene when you came in. Without such a silly loss of time as would be involved in washing his hands he would plunge them into an open barrel, bring out an indefinite quantity of crackers, shove them into a paper bag, and twisting the top together hand them to you. If the day was damp the crackers would be soft and soggy; if fair weather prevailed they probably would be more brittle and more broken, while the liability to dust and odors and fly specks was always present. You knew no better—you were satisfied.

And then came Uneeda Biscuit, fathered by a great business corporation with sufficient capital to install sanitary machinery in clean, well-ventilated bakeries, and the commercial courage to take their message to the people through advertising. Today in any hamlet a little child can ask for Uneeda Biscuit and get an airtight, damp-proof, anti-dust package of soda crackers, clean and crisp as when they left the ovens. Yes it was business—it was selfish—it was individual—but it was a civilizing movement that made for better food.

Nearly five hundred private schools in this great country are advertising—each setting forth in print the reasons why the youth of America should have the sort of educational advantages that that particular institution affords. Does this mean anything for our national educational standards? One great correspondence school, built by advertising in nineteen years, now has ninety-two courses of study open to toilers who are willing to devote a portion of their spare time to self improvement. They have hundreds of thousands of graduates to their credit, and an average of more than three hundred per month voluntarily report a raise in salary directly traceable to improved efficiency because of this school's instruction. Do all these bettered, broadened lives count for anything? Do these increased earnings mean anything to the families dependent upon them? Well, advertising did it.

Who will compute the moral and social value of good music? We are not a musical people—that is, our natural musical inclination is slight and our disposition to improve it even less. But we like music. What do you suppose the phonograph and the playerpiano have done for us as a people? They have developed a very general music sense and appreciation in a few brief years, and advertising is the only means through which it could have been accomplished.

The dentists' profession is bound up by a lot of traditional ethics, and dentists, of course do not approve of commercial publicity; but as good a dentist as there is in the land told me a few months ago that the widespread advertising of tooth brushes, tooth pastes and powders and mouth washes had done more for the teeth of the nation than all the dentists in America.

The automobile is augmenting man's social and business capacity, and giving him more time for both. It is lessening his time between work and play, which means more time for either, as he may choose or need. It is keeping families together, taking them into open air and adding an element of pleasure and profit to existence that is not to be measured by a few words. And advertising is doing a good part of the job.

The advertised product is usually a good product. It can't last if it isn't worthy. And this sets a new standard of excellence for all competing articles of a similar nature, advertised or non-advertised.

The American department store furnishes the best example of a merchandise-distributing medium that the world has ever seen, and it has been built and maintained by advertising.

Time and money are necessary in every commercial success, but advertising provides the opportunity for dollars to do more than their old share, and to a great extent curtails the time required.

Yesterday a merchant opened a store; someone came in and then another and then another. With reliable merchandise and proper business methods he slowly and laboriously built up good-will and reputation.

Today he opens his store and advertises. His story is read and believed. Folks come to see, inspect, and examine. Given the same worthy goods and dependable store management, he can establish good-will and reputation with comparative quickness. Advertising makes all this possible.

If a woman needs some sheets and pillow cases there is no better news in a paper for her than the story of a special sale of bedclothing at one of the local department stores. The housewife is the general manager of the American household and better to her than any news of deaths, fires, politics or scandal, are the advertisements that tell how to clothe her family, conduct her home, and provide for her table more economically and efficiently.

Some people think that advertising is a good deal of a gamble, and that it is difficult and mysterious. It isn't a gamble—it is neither difficult nor mysterious.

I cannot make a suit of clothes, but I have no right to say that the clothing industry is a fake and a gamble and that the whole proposition is shrouded in mystery.

A very high percentage of men fail in all businesses. A great many advertisers fail to arrive. The analogy is perfect.

Brains, capital, natural or acquired ability, time and experience, count in advertising as in everything else.

Few business men can afford to do their own advertising—they will usually do better to entrust that division of their work to someone of demonstrated ability and integrity. As in many other lines, the cheapest advertising advice is frequently the most expensive, but there will always be men trying to get something for nothing, and who usually end by getting nothing for something.

Advertising has not as yet developed to the point where the average, plain, everyday American business man realizes the vast importance of a reputation for strict commercial honesty on the part of those responsible for his publicity; and while he would scorn to deal with a bank of shady reputation, or buy raw material from a firm of doubtful standing, he frequently permits large sums of advertising money to be handled by concerns who have more dark, sub-cellar ways of winning at both ends than any piratical bucket-shop that ever fleeced a lamb-like speculator. There is, however, a decided tendency to fumigation of American business morals all along the line, and every year sees more advertising being done in accord with sane and honest commercial principles and less being done the other way.

The broad subject of advertising in all of its ramifications should be of particular and peculiar interest to the Southern business man. Geography has little to do with advertising, and I do not believe that half the men listening to me tonight could take a map and correctly place Mason & Dixon's line (and thank God they can't)—but the New South is a very real and substantial fact.

You're trading your romance for industrial progress, just as the West traded its cowboys and Indians and buffaloes for the same thing.

You're not paying quite so much attention to the darkies singing in the cotton fields, but you're listening with rapt attention to a myriad spindles singing their diapason of peace and prosperity.

I am sure that the magnolia blooms just as profusely and the mockingbird sings quite sweetly as in the dear, dead days before your commercial rennaissance.

The South is awake—it is taking a part in the great American industrial and agricultural Marathon that is bothering mightily some winners of yesteryear.

The growth of your cities is making the lusty Middle West rub its eyes in wonder—the raising of your educational standards is giving New England something to think about—your manufacturing and bank deposit statistics portray a development that is sound and sturdy.

Of one of the almost nine billion dollars at which Secretary Wilson, of the Department of Agriculture, places the value of our farm products for 1910, more than a third was furnished by the Southern States. Cotton, which takes second place on our National roll of the products of the soil, and which has a total valuation of about a billion dollars, was all produced in the South. Three-fourths of our ninety-six million dollar tobacco crop, half of our ninety-seven million dollars worth of sugar and all of our sixteen million dollar rice yield came from the same territory. Moreover, an interesting proportion of our two billion dollar crop of corn and wheat was all Dixie-grown.

The new census figures give you particular cause of pride. A Southern State, Oklahoma, showed a greater increase than any other State in the

(Continued on Page 10.)

## MILK SUPPLY OF A BIG CITY

**Milk Cans Treated as Passengers, Not Freight—Move on Mixed Schedules at 30 or 40 Miles An Hour.**

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New York, N. Y., Feb. 11.—According to the latest returns, the New York City district consumes 1,834,000 quarts of milk and cream every day. This is about 100,000 quarts a day more than last year; and since the average daily per capita consumption is reckoned at a third of a quart, this indicates an anual growth of 300,000 in the population of the "metropolitan disrteit"—which territory includes Newark, Paterson, Jersey City, Yonkers and the nearer suburbs, in addition to New York City itself.

Probably few persons not directly concerned realize what a big problem the rapid transportation of milk is for the railroads. Milk cans are not freight—they are passengers. They travel in cars that are classed as passenger equipment, and they move on a passenger schedule. For there's no time to waste. the board of health sees to it that the milk is pure and fresh when it is sold in the city, and it can't be pure and fresh unless the railroads do their part of the job with speed and unfailing regularity.

An illustration of the growing consumption was afforded recently when the Lehigh Valley Railroad ordered 15 new milk cars, all with steel underframes. Older cars are not to be withdrawn from service when the order is filled—the new ones simply represent additional facilities. Each one of the 15 cars will have a net loading capacity of 72,000 pounds (about 12,000 quarts in cans), besides bunker space for 8,000 pounds of ice.

In the night time the milk trains roll into New York, Jersey City and Hoboken. They come from all directions—Some from New England, others from up the Hudson Valley, others still from Pennsylvania and the central and western parts of New York State. The work of unloading them, and reloading them with empty cans, is done in the space of three or four hours. Then the cars start back to the dairy regions again, and the same performance is repeated every day in the year. The farmer who milks his cow far up in the "Finger Lakes" section of New York State, 300 miles away, knows to a certainty that the contents of his pail will reach the city before midnight.

**City Inspects the Farms.**

No city in the world keeps a closer watch on its milk supply than New York. The board of health is in direct charge of this function of the city ogevernment. It does not limit itself to sampling the milk sold in the city—its agents go direct to the farms. There they make careful inspections of the cows, the barns and the details of management. If anything is wrong the board of health can simply put the ban on the offending farm. No milk produced there can be accepted by the milk-selling companies for transportation into New York City.

The inspection is no empty form, either. Inefficiency may escape notice in some departments of the city government, but the pressure of public opinion is steady and powerful on the guardians of the city's health. If there is any deterioration in the milk supply it will be discovered very quickly. So the board of health's agents are always on the alert. They are constantly sending n reports on the dairy farms, urging certain improvements, or perhaps recommending that the milk of some recalcitrant farmer be refused at the shipping station. If the conditions complained of are not serious, a few days of grace, in which to "mend his fences," may be allowed to the offender.

**And the Railroad Helps.**

Here the railroad company can be of great value, both to the milk-producer and the consuming public, in teaching the farmers how to take care of their nerds. Through its Agriculturist the Lehigh Valley Railroad reaches all the dairies in its territory; and the Agriculturist's bulletins, dealing with dairy practice, supplement his personal visits. The company's Milk Agent, too, makes frequent tours, visiting the dairymen and discussing with them ways and means of improving conditions.

Sometimes it happens that the Milk Agent can bring into line a farmer who has been put under the ban by the Board of Health. If the board's agent requires certain changes in a barn, changes which the owner considers too expensive, the owner may decide to quit producing for the New York market and to sell his product to some neighboring cheese or butter factory. The Milk Agent of the railroad company steps in, diplomatically, and persuades the farmer to make the changes, perhaps pointing out an economical way in which it can be done. Thus several thousand quarts of milk a year are retained for the consumption of the New York City district.

F. R. Stevens, the Lehigh Valley Agriculturist, is often called into consultation by the up-State farmers who produce milk for the city market. They may desire to be enlightened on any one of a dozen phases of dairying—the feeding of cows, the raising of forage crops, the cure of cattle diseases, etc. All a puzled farmer has to do to get the information he needs is to put in an application at the nearest Lehigh Valley station, and the station agent will notify the agriculturist.

One of the series of bulletins already issued by the company is devoted to dairy affairs. It is the result of a careful examination into conditions in New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey. In obtaining his facts and figures Mr. Stevens had the assistance of the officials of the New York State Agricultural Experiment Station, with which he was formerly connected.

The principal object that the Agriculturist has in view is to show the farmers how to get the best results possible out of their cows. To this end he urges them to keep accurate records of each animal's performance—of the feed consumed and the milk given. Many cows are kept at a loss, simply because the dairyman does not weigh the product of each one separately and find out which to keep and which to sell to the butcher. In one locality, for example, it was found that a certain cheese factory paid a farmer $877 for the product of eight cows in the same year that it paid another farmer $68 for the product of 20 cows. In another locality some herd owners obtained an average of 300 pounds of butter fat per cow, while others obtained an average of only 80 pounds.

These dealings with the farmers are merely voluntary on the part of the railroad—steps in the general policy, which it has adopted, of encouraging dairy and farm development along its lines. Officially, the railroad's part in the daily milk delivery begins at the place where the milk is loaded on the cars. The unit of measurement is the can, containing 40 quarts; and the bulk of the total shipments is in the form of cans, though the largest of the milk companies ships its product in bottles.

Along the lines of the Lehigh Valley there are about 85 milk receiving stations, with more being added all the time. The greater part of the supply comes from the Auburn Division, in central New York, but there are also rich dairy regions in Pennesylvania and New Jersey.

Before they are put into service for the day the cars are all thoroughly cleaned and iced. Instead of having the milk in close contact with the ice, the Lehigh Valley has "dry" refrigeration; that is, the ice is packed in bunkers at the ends of the cars, and the temperature is kept constant through the car, at about 50 degrees Fahrenheit. This is far superior, in cleanliness as well as for refrigerating purposes, to the "wet" method of placing ice around the cans and bottles.

Every morning the cars are scattered among the milk receiving stations, and the cans (or bottles), are taken aboard. Picking up milk at the different points, in greater or less quantities, as the morning wears away, the cars move steadily toward the place where they are assembled into a train. This is Tunkhannock, Pa., 207 miles from New York City. By mid-afternoon the cars are all at hand.

The train starts at 3:38 o'clock. Hauled by one of the company's most powerful locomotives, it has the right of way over everything except passenger trains, and it arrives at the Lehigh Valley milk depot in Jersey City at 10:30 at night.

It is then that the busiest part of the milkman's day begins. The cars, 17 or 18 of them—come alongside the long covered platform. Men who have been employed at the same work for years roll cans out of the cars, and help the milk dealer's men load them into the huge wagons backed up against the opposite side of the platform. When the transfer is finished the wagons start out for New York and Brooklyn, to distribute the milk among thousands of homes and hotels and shops.

But the railroad man's job is only half done when the wagons are loaded. The same wagons have brought back to the depot empty cans, and the cans have to be returned up-State to the milk receiving stations. The platform men are kept busy long past midnight, filling the train with its return load. When the last empty bottle are abroad, the train starts west and runs through on fast time to Sayre, Pa. There it is that the cars are scrubbed and thoroughly cleaned for use the following day.

A feature of the operation which contributes to the smoothness of the Lehigh Valley's milk service is the uniform relative position of the cars. Each milk dealer knows whether the car containing his milk is to be the first, second, third, tenth or afteenth in the train. Thus the driver can station his wagon in the same place every night and be sure that the car containing his milk will come to a stop within a few feet of him, just across the platform.

### A VALUABLE LAW.

**Rulings of Board of Agriculture on Manufacture of Ice-Cream.**

1. Ice Cream is a frozen product made from cream and sugar, with or without a natural flavoring, and contains not less than fourteen (14) per cent of milk fat.

2. Fruit ice cream is a frozen product made from cream, sugar, and sound, clean, mature fruits, and contains not less than twelve (12) per cent. of milk fat.

3. Nut ice cream is a frozen product made from cream, sugar, and sound, non-rancid nuts, and contains not less than twelve (12) per cent of milk fat.

The sale of a product as ice cream containing gelatine, eggs, gum tragacanth or other vegetable gum, or the sale of a product as ice cream which contains less than the required per cent of milk fat will not be contested, provided the same is labeled and sold as imitation ice-cream, compound ice cream, gelatine ice cream, egg ice cream or gum ice cream (as the case may be), or, if a placard bearing the following statement:

Imitation ice cream is served here.
Compound ice cream is served here.
Egg ice cream is served here.
Gelatine ice cream is served here, or
Gum ice cream is served here (as the case may be); shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the room where any and all persons may see the same when purchasing cream; and

Provided, further, That the statement on the placard is printed in plain black letters, not less than one inch in size, on a white background.

### OPPOSES Y. W. C. A. WORK.

**Archbishop of Mexico Says It is Not "Christian."**

Mexico City, Feb. 10.—A movement started a month ago to establish a branch of the Young Women's Christian Association in Mexico, has met with opposition from the archbishop of Mexico that appears locally to defeat the project. It has become known that that churchman has caused letters to be written to prominent members of the provisional committee insisting that they, as good Catholics, withdraw their support from the organization, and condemning the movement as being unfit to embody the word "Christian" in its title.

**Falls Victim to Thieves.**

S. W. Bends, of Coal City, Ala., has a justifiable grievance. Two thieves stole his health twelve years. They were a liver and kidney trouble. Then Dr. King's New Life Pills throttled them. He's well now. Unrivaled for constipation, malaria, headache, dyspepsia. 25c at R. R. Bellamy's

## WILMINGTON CENTENARIAN

**father had been a soldier for his coun- Hundredth Birthday in Providence, R. I.—Lived on Masonboro Sound.**

Many of the older inhabitants of this city and section will read with interest the following item taken from the Providence, R. I. News, of February 2nd, the subject of the sketch having formerly resided in Wilmington, and her husband being now buried in Oakdale cemetery, this city. The Providence paper says:

At her nome on the Plainfield road, South Scituate, Mrs. Elizabeth Payne McGary celebrated her 100th birthday today.

Mrs. McGary was born in Barstable, Cape Cod, Feb. 2, 1811, where her childhood was passed. She is the daughter of John Caspar Keller and Elizabeth Otis Lewis, who was the eldest of ten daughters of Capt. George Lewis of Hyannis.

When a young lady she spent some years at the South, where she met and married James P. McGary, of Wilmington, N. C., member of the firm of MacCrae & Sons, East Indian commission merchants. On their plantation at Masonborough Sound their three children were born, and just before the breaking out of the Civil war, she became a widow.

The country being in a state of frequent uprising, and her own plantation having been pillaged, it seemed best to come back to her Northern home with her three daughters. After living some time in Providence, she bought the Judge Titus place in South Scituate, where she has since lived.

She has always had remarkable health, which she claims is due, in part to the bracing air of the Scituate hills. Although the infirmities of old age have overtaken her, she still enjoys much. She tells many stories of the old plantation days and of her youth on Cape Cod.

Born in the early years of the 19th century, her childhood and youth were at a time of great happenings in the world. The echoes of the War of the Revolution had not yet died out; her father had been a soldier fo rhis country; the tragedy of Louis XVI and the other horrors of the French Revolution were on all tongues; Napoleon was at the zenith of his power. She saw the rise of rapid transit from the first steamboat to the great ocean liners of today, from the first engine to automobiles, and all the other wonderful inventions of electricity.

Today, on her 100th birthday, Mrs. McGary received many callers, letters and cards of congratulation and a profusion of flowers, of which she is passionately fond. Her three daughters were with her. They are Miss Mary Elizabeth McGary, who lives at the Scituate home; Mrs. Emily Selinger, of Boston, and Mrs. George Thurber Brown, of this city.

Mrs. McGary is the oldest living member of the Beneficent Congregational church.

**Speedy Relief from Kidney Trouble.**

"I had an acute attack of Bright's disease with inflammation of the kidneys and bladder," says Mrs. Cora Thorp, Jackson, Mich. "A bottle of Foley's Kidney Remedy overcome the attack, reduced the inflammation, took away the pain and made the bladder action normal."—Robert R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C.

To the Public:

Elsewhere in this issue you will find our full page ad. At first glance you will wonder. When you have read it all, you will wonder more. Then when you consider that every item in our entire stock will be included in this sale, you will conclude that there must be some good reasn for it.

There Is a Reason

And here it is. Beginning February 15th, we will conduct our business on a cash basis. During the ten days of this sale we want to demonstrate to everybody's satisfaction that we can sell for less for cash. This demonstration will cost us money. Our loss will be your gain.

Come Early

As this event has been advertised within a radius of 100 miles, with an offer of FREE EXCURSIONS FROM ALL POINTS, it will pay everyone to come as early as you can. We expect to reduce our stock to one-half its present size. We leave it to you to get your share.

Platt & Haar

"THE BUSIEST STORE IN TOWN."

# ADVERTISING AS A FORCE

(Continued From Page 9.)

Union, save Washington in the far Northwest. A Southern city, Birmingham, Alabama, outstripped all other towns, east, west, north or south, in its percentage of increase in population. Today we speak of Birmingham as "the Pittsburgh of the South." It looks as though our children might refer to Pittsburg as "the Birmingham of the North."

It's glorious the way the old sectional feeling is dying out. The people of Atlanta, Georgia, are surprisingly like the people of Atlanta, Illinois.

Don't stay off by yourselves and congraulate yourselves that you're not as other men and other sections of this country.

Davenport, Iowa, has no more right to advertise her corn syrup on the breakfast tables of Dixie than you have to advertise you cane molasses up North.

Brockton, Massachusetts, has no more right to advertise her shoes on to Southern feet than Lynchburg has to advertise her shoes in the heart of Yankeeland.

New York has advertised her athletic underwear on to the backs of half the chaps in Atlanta, and you make as good underwear as anyone and ought to advertise it nationally.

Concord, North Carolina, can make enough towels to supply half of America, and yet her great product is unknown in a single household.

You make as good candies as are made anywhere. And I hope and believe that the day is not far distant when you can buy Nunnally's as readily on Broadway as you can now buy Huyler's on Peachtree street.

The South makes as good knit underwear as is made in Utica, but it's practically unknown, very few brands of Southern hosiery are nationally known in a way that compares with some Northern brands that are in no wise superior.

A whole host of your products ought to be as nationally distributed and as nationally known to consumers as "Prince Albert"—the famous joy-smoke of Winston-Salem.

Nationalize your industries and above all nationalize your point of view. Take full advantage of the great economic forces that are at work making our national life fuller and more wholesome, and by all means study how your can apply the greatest of all these forces—advertising—to the development of the vast resources and the improvement of the vast opportunities which are yours.

## THE TUBERCULOSIS WAR.

### National Association Meeting at Denver in June—Death Rate.

New York, Feb. 11.—Simultaneously with the announcement of its next annual meeting in Denver, June 20 and 21, the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis presents statistics in a bulletin issued today, which shows the results of the crusade against consumption in the United States for the last ten years.

The seventh annual meeting of the National Association in Denver will be held just before the annual meeting of the American Medical Association in Los Angeles. The tuberculosis workers' convention will be divided into three sections under the direction of Dr. William H. Welch, of Baltimore, president. Dr. William Charles White, of Pittsburg, will be chairman of the Advisory Council of the association, which will meet at the same time. The three sections are, the Sociological, with Alexander M. Wilson, of Philadelphia, as chairman; the Clinical, with Dr. Charles L. Greene, of St. Paul, as chairman; and the Pathological, with Dr. William Ophuels, of San Francisco, as chairman. The report of the Executive Secretary, Dr. Livingston Farrand, will be incorporated in a statement of the results of the crusade against tuberculosis in the United States for the last ten years, which will be transmitted to the International Congress on Tuberculosis in Rome, next September.

Dr. Farrand's report will show that 10 years ago there was only one organization in the United States for the education of the public about tuberculosis, the Pennsylvania Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis. By September, 1911, the National Association says there will be over 500 such bodies. Ten years ago there were but five special dispensaries or clinics for the examination and instruction of needy tuberculosis patients, three of these being in New York city, one in Boston, and one in Providence. By September, 1911, the United States report will be able to list nearly 400 such institutions. In 1900 there were less than 100 hospitals, wards, and pavilions where tuberculosis patients could be treated, with not more than 6,500 beds, all told. The National Association hopes to report by September at least 450 hospitals and sanatoria with an aggregate capacity of at least 30,000 beds.

Commenting on these possibilities, Dr. Farrand says that the educational campaign is directly responsible not only for the great growth in institutional provision, but that it will also result in the next ten years in a striking fall in the death rate from tuberculosis. He adds: "What we need most at the moment is more hospitals, more dispensaries and more visiting nurses. We are working for these definite ends and the next ten years will show results even more marked than those of the decade just passed."

**Life Saved at Death's Door.**

"I never felt so near my grave," writes W. R. Patterson, of Wellington, Tex., as when a frightful cough and lung trouble pulled me down to 100 pounds, in spite of doctor's treatment for two years. My father, mother and two sisters died of consumption, and that I am alive today is due solely to Dr. King's New Discovery, which completely cured me. Now I weigh 187 pounds and have been well and strong for years." Quick, safe, sure, it's the best remedy on earth for coughs, colds, lagrippe, asthma, croup, and all throat and lung troubles. 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by R. R. Bellamy.

# ROOSTER LAYS REAL EGG

### Arkansas Fowl of Noble Parentage Turns the Trick and Saves His Own Life—A Minister's Affidavit to Facts.

A subscriber of the Jacksonville, Fla., Metropolis, which has been carrying on a discussion of some freaks in poultry, sends that paper a story about chickens and eggs from an Amity, Ark., paper that "takes the cake." The story is how a rooster saved his neck by laying an egg and inasmuch as it is supported by the affidavit of a minister, it is worth reproducing here. Says the Arkansas paper:

A very unusual thing happened down at Mr. Worcester's during the holidays, and Mr. Worcester does not know whether to be disappointed or glad.

It was something like this: On account of the scarcity of turkeys in this neck of the woods, Mr. Worcester decided not to be outdone and lose his Christmas dinner altogether, so he decided to put up and fatten a big old rooster he had on hand for some time. Accordingly, the coop was prepared and the rooster caught and placed therein, and his roostership was fed on the fat of the land, in order to make him fit for that dinner. The day dawned when the execution was to take place, and Mr. Worcester made ready for the killing.

As he started out, with axe in hand and sleeves rolled up, he heard a great commotion out at that coop. Hurrying out to see what had happened to disturb the ordinary quiet of his rooster, he was amazed to find a large egg in the coop, and the old fellow was whooping things up as though he were a young pullet just laying her first egg.

The old man was as much excited as the rooster, and he hollowed to Mrs. Worcester to come quick. She came, and the egg was shown her. Then came the children, and finally the neighbors were called, and after a thorough threshing of the subject, it was decided not to kill the chicken, but to watch and see if he really did lay that egg.

Accordingly, Mr. Worcester stationed himself near the coop at an early hour the next morning to watch. The weather was cold, and the temperature was playing around the zero mark, but he wouldn't leave his post. The mill could not run on account of his absence, but he stayed on, hour after hour.

Finally the actions of his rooster began to show signs that there would be something doing in a short time. The watcher forgot the cold, never taking his eyes off that rooster. Finally the fowl squatted on the ground, and in a few minutes a fine large egg rolled out on the ground, and it was hard to tell which made the biggest noise, the watcher or the rooster. It was decided not to kill the chicken, and he has been depositing an egg a day since. If you doubt this story, we refer you to Mr. Worcester, who will take pleasure in showing you the eggs and the rooster that laid them.—Amity (Ark.) Enterprise.

**Worcester Makes Affidavit.**

Amity, Ark., Jan. 9, 1911.

Editors White Hall Republican, White Hall, Ill.:

Lest there be some doubt as to the veracity of the account of my wonderful rooster as published in the Amity Enterprise of January 6th, I wish to state that this rooster was born in the Spring of 1910 of noble parentage in the hennery of a Methodist minister of this place, and raised according to the Philo system; that this rooster was purchased by me of the said Methodist minister, together with several other roosters, about November 15th, 1910, and that while the other abovementioned roosters were killed and eaten in due course of time, this noble bird was spared for greater deeds.

The said Methodist minister will certify to the above, lest some one might cast slurs at the said minister, I wish to state that he is a native of Illinois, and, of course, could not tell a lie any more than George Washington.

Since the publication of the Amity Enterprise, there have been scores of reputable persons who have viewed this wonderful rooster and marveled at his fine quality of eggs, and all have united in declaring it "to beat the Dutch."

This rooster is of the Rhode Island variety, and crows every time he lays an egg, and also he crows in answer to all the roosters in the neighborhood. If he was intended for a hen he was spoiled in the making.

As this is the first year our Methodist minister has used the Philo system, there is no telling what he will raise next year.

I wish to state for the benefit of any one who might enter into negotiations to purchase the minister's flock, that I have an option on his next year's crop.

Affidavits and further information furnished on request.

Yours truly,

A. F. WORCESTER.

That the railroads of this section are not unwilling to do what they can to lessen the nuisance that the mileage book system entails upon the public is shown by the way they are taking up a new invention by a North Carolina man, Mr. H. W. Hargis, of Monroe and Raleigh, for expediting the handling of mileage at ticket windows. The invention includes a ticket and cutter and is so simplified as to require less than half the work by the agent that he now has to perform in pulling mileage and giving tickets in exchange. The greatest difficulty the present system presents is that the process at the ticket window is slow and if there are many mileage books the ticket agent gets behind, causing congestion and delay, and impatience and grumbling and sometimes failure to get waited upon in time to catch the train. With this new device and ticket form the agent can pull the mileage and make the proper checkings almost as fast as the mileage books are presented. Several of the roads in this section have signified their intention of doing away with the old system and adopting the new.—Raleigh Times.

The ads will show you whether or not there's a chance today to buy that piece of furniture at your price.

## CANCER IN PLANTS.

### Interesting Bulletin Issued by U. S. Department of Agriculture.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 11.—The Department of Agriculture has in press a bulletin entitled "Crown Gall; Its Cause and Remedy," which promises not only to revolutionize present views respecting the nature of various overgrowths in plants, but also to throw light on the cancer problem in mea and animals.

This bulletin deals with a widely distributed and harmful disease of orchard trees and other plants. This disease is commonly known in the United States as crown gall, but it may occur not only on the crown of plants, but on roots and shoots.

The disease has been knwn for a long time, and under the supposition that it was infectious and injurious various States have made quarantine laws against it. The disease has been ascribed to various causes, without satisfactory proof, and many persons have been led to believe that it was not due to any organism. The experiments detailed in the Bulletin show clearly that the gall is due to bacteria and is infectious, being readily transmitted not only from plaint to plant of the same kind, but also to many plants of widely different families. The Bulletin shows that the growth is not only of itself injurious to the plant, but also may form an open wound through which other parasites are likely to enter, such as the fungus of root rot, and the bacteria which cause blight of apples and pears.

The bulletin recommends that the inspection laws now in force in the various States be continued and enforced. It shows what plants it is not advisable to use as a crop following a galled one. It describes the life history and cultural characters of the organism involved, points out the difficulties through which it was isolated and identified, gives numerous illustrations showing the nature of the tumors produced and the time involved in their production when pure cultures of the organism were used, shows that the organism has a wide range of host plants, and that the overgrowths produced are in many ways anatomically and otherwise strikingly like those found in certain malignant animal tumors.

The cause of cancer is unknown and a majority of animal pathologists at the present time are inclined to regard it as non-parasitic, chiefly, however, because no parasite has been found. The Bulletin shows that a similar argument might have been advanced with equal force some years ago against the parasitic nature of crown gall. No good reason can be adduced why cancers should not occur in plants as well as in animals, and if these plant growths are truly cancers then it is extremely probable that microorganisms of some sort are also the inciting cause in sarcoma and carcinoma. Tubercule diseases occur in plants as well as in animas and superficially they resemble these growths, but not structurally nor in the groupings of the parasite.

The bacteria causing these plant tumors are not abundant in the tissues, sometimes very rare; are hard to see and difficult to stain; they perish readily both in the tumor and in culture-media; are difficult to cultivate from the tissues unless one knows the technique; do not form abscess cavities after the manner of the tubercle diseases, but multiply in limited number within the tissues and apparently only inside the cells which their presence stimulates into rapid division. The disease metastasizes readily, and on this account is cut out with difficulty. The organism loses virulence easily both inside the tumors and in culture media, and finally if the plants are not destroyed by it they seem to acquire a partial or complete immunity.

The bulletin should not only be of very great importance to the orchardist and grower of hothouse plants, but also to all specialists who are interested in the cancer problem, inasmuch as in the present uncertain state of research on that disease any clue whatsoever becomes of importance. It is not claimed that the organism here described is itself the cause of malignant animal tumors, but only that in many respects the growths produced by it are suggestive of malignant animal tumors, and that probably some similar parasite lies at the bottom of the malignant phenomena of such growths. The bulletin involves team work done by four people in the Department of Agriculture, covering a period of six years and the total number of experiments involved amounts to thousands.

New York, Feb. 10.—Dr. Edward Gamaliel Janeway, one of the best diagnosticians in the country, died at his country home at Summit, N. J., today. He was 70 years old. Dr. Janeway was also a specialist of diseases of the mind and in tuberculosis affections. He was noted for his philanthrophy and many poor persons suffering from tuberculosis were never obliged to pay a cent for his advice.

**LaGrippe Coughs.**

Strain and weaken the system and if not checked may develop into pneumonia. No danger of this when Foley's Honey and Tar is taken promptly. It is a reliable family medicine for all coughs and colds, and acts quickly and effectively in cases of croup. Refuse substitutes. — Robert R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C.

**PERUVIAN GUANO For Cotton**

"My cotton keeps green 'til frost" says a prominent user of Peruvian Guano.

This fertilizer consists of the excrement of the millions of birds that throng the rainless coast of Peru, and adjacent islands, as well as the remains of the birds themselves.

It is really digested fish, the richest of all fertilizers, and contains elements in forms which chemists have never been able to successfully imitate.

They can buy various elements, they can mix them as they choose, but they can never make a fertilizer half so good as genuine old Peruvian Guano.

Peruvian not only produces the biggest crops, but it restores worn-out sour land to productiveness.

If you have never used it, you have never realized the utmost from your soil.

The supply of Peruvian is necessarily limited, better write us now for our book of letters and pictures from those who have used Peruvian. It's FREE.

Peruvian Guano Corporation,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

STONE & CO., Local Agents, Wilmington, N. C.

**OYSTERS**

We are receiving daily shipments of the celebrated "Lynhaven Bay Oysters" and they provide a lunch for the epicure that touches the spot.

Our "Midday Lunch" is satisfying a large number daily. Why not you?

**ATLANTIC CAFE**

OPPOSITE UNION DEPOT. GIESCHEN BROS. Props.

**Compo Weatherproof Rubber Roofing!**

CAR LOAD JUST RECEIVED.

Why pay a high price for roofing, just because some dealer says "His is the best." Compare samples and guarantee, then compare prices. We will be satisfied and know you will. Brick, Lime, Cement, Plaster, Singles, Etc.

**Roger Moore's Sons & Co.**

**LANDRETHS' SEEDS**

WHICH SUCCEED.

Write for the Best Catalog Printed

BRISTOL, Pennsylvania.

are not sold by a Merchant in WILMINGTON.

Consequently we hope to sell our Seeds to you direct by Mail.

This advertisement mailed to us, if paper is mentioned, will be taken as worth 20c. on any order of One Dollar ($1) or over, and the coupon inclosed with Seeds on first order, if returned to us, will be worth One Dollar ($1) on a Five Dollar ($5) order. Say if Market or Private Gardener.

To every One Dollar ($1) order will be added, to introduce them, without charge, one packet each of three especially desirable sorts Vegetables.

**Your Children Suffer If You Are a Drunkard**

ARE you giving your children the right start? True, you are supplying them with clothing and education, but—what kind of a moral example are you setting? Do your actions speak of inebriety when you meet them? Is your breath liquor tainted when you greet them? It's your duty to put your children right with the community and just here the Keeley Institute of Greensboro, N. C., enters.

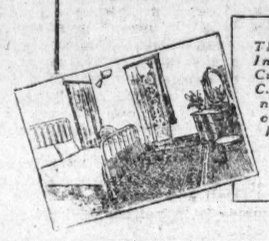
The Keeley Institute will help you put your children right by putting *you* right. It will re-establish the respect that your inebriate habits have lost for you. Thousands of men have found help in our treatment.

Drunkenness is a *disease*. You can't fight it alone, you are fighting against hope. You need help. *Four weeks at the Keeley Institute will kill your craving for liquor.* The treatment is scientific. It removes the effect by taking away the cause. It kills the desire for liquor by taking away the appetite for alcohol. And, there is something more than mere treatment administered by the Keeley Institute at Greensboro, N. C. There's a character behind the Institution—a personality that has put new hope, new vigor into the thousands of unfortunates that have been treated. It will give you a firmer grip upon yourself, and the will power to resist temptation. It will make you a newer, better man. Send for our book. It describes the many cures we have effected. Write today. Your letter will be treated as strictly confidential.

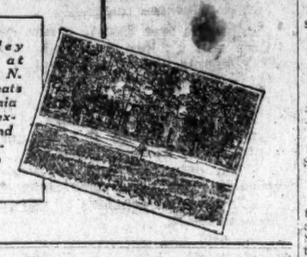
W. H. OSBORN, Pres.

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE

Greensboro N. C.



*The Keeley Institute at Greensboro, N. C., also treats neurasthenia or nervous exhaustion and all addictions to drugs.*



**SHOES WITH A RECORD FOR GOODNESS!**

**Stetson and Walk-Over For Men.**

**Red Cross & Queen Quality For Women.**

Largest and best line of Children's Shoes in the City at

**PETERSON & RULFS**

Next to Murchison Bank.

**To Reduce Stock**

of certain lines in which we have a larger quantity than we care to carry this season, we will sell at a sacrifice for cash, for the next few days.

High grade Iron Beds, Brass Beds, solid Mahogany Dressers, Washstands, Chiffoniers, B. E. Maple Dressers and Chiffoniers, Ladies' Desks, Buffets, Trunks (more than 100 to select from), pictures, Rugs (all sizes Brussell, elvet and Axminster), genuine Mahogany Rockers, Reed Rockers nad Chairs, Imported China Dinner Sets, Toilet Sets. The largest and prettiest collection of Quartered Oak Dressers and Chiffoniers ever seen in Wilmington.

A few Coal Heating Stoves at Cost.

**The Wilmington Furniture Co.**

Wilmington, N. C.

Garrell Building. 126-128 Princess St.

*Ladies' Walking Pumps*

*The Newest Creations*

*In Buckskin, Silk Cravenette, Velvet, Dull Kid.*

*Evening Slippers*

*All Styles. - A Pleasure to Show You.*

*HEWLETT & PRICE*

*109 Market Street.*

**NOTICE OF LAND SALE IN LYON SWAMP DRAINAGE DISTRICT, BLADEN COUNTY.**

By virtue of authority vested in me by judgment of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, I will offer for sale, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court House door in Elizabethtown, on Monday, February 6th, 1911, at 12 o'clock, M., the following real estate, situate in Bladen County, to-wit: Lying and being on and near Lyon Swamp:

**First:** Those several tracts or parcels of land known as the Farm and Plantation of Alice V. Leonard, dec'd, being described in a deed from R. M. Wescott to Jno. L. Wescott, dec'd, one tract containing 350 acres, and another tract containing 36 acres, making a total of 386 acres, more or less.

**Second:** Two lots or parcels of land in the village of Centerville, said County, and described in a deed from H. L. Leonard to R. M. Wescott, dated the 3rd day of August, 1886, reference to which is made.

**Third:** A certain tract of land, being a part of the old Archie Benson homestead, containing eleven acres, more or less, and described in a deed from Archie Benson and others to R. M. Wescott, of date February 13th, 1888, and recorded in Book O.O., page 110, records of Bladen County.

**Nature of the Land.**

The first of above tracts contains 300 acres of cleared land, fenced with wire, with good resident and out-buildings, is situated in Lyon Swamp, in the new drainage district, is well drained and in good condition, and one of the most valuable farms in the county.

Terms are: Cash, on confirmation by the Court.

J. O. CARR, Commissioner.

This 6th day of January, 1911.

ja78-su5t

**MARDI GRAS.**

**New Orleans, La., Mobile, Ala., Pensacola, Fla.**

Account above occasions the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company offers special reduced rates.

Tickets on sale February 21-27, inclusive, for trains scheduled to arrive at the above points not later than midnight of February 28th, 1911. Final limit to reach original starting point not later than midnight of March 11th, except by deposit of ticket with Special Agent at destination not later than midnight of March 11th, and payment of $1.00; extension of limit may be had to reach original starting point not later than March 27th, 1911.

For reservation, rates, etc., consult Agent, or write

T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.

ja 28-tf. Wilmington, N. C.

**NOTICE.**

State of North Carolina, New Hanover County:

TO FRANCIS C. HOLMES:

You will take notice that on Tuesday, the 8th day of March, 1910, at 12 o'clock M., at a public sale of land for taxes made by S. P. Cowan, Sheriff of New Hanover County, in the City of Wilmington, after due advertisement, as required by law, I became the purchaser of a certain tract of lot of land situated in the City of Wilmington, New Hanover County, North Carolina, bounded and described as follows:

Being a lot 65 feet square and part of lot No. 1, block 294, in the plan of the City of Wilmington, and being that lot of land conveyed to Francis C. Holmes by Sarah A. Holmes on Feb. 7th, 1890, and recorded in Book No. 4, page 288, register IN THE OFFICE OF THE REGISTER OF DEEDS of New Hanover County.

You will also take notice that you are due me as assignee of Josephine Norment the taxes paid on the said lot for the year 1908, being $3.40, and also the city taxes for 1910, paid by me, being $8.30.

The time of redemption will expire on the 30th day of May, 1911, at 12 o'clock M., and you are further notified that unless said land is redeemed in the manner provided by law on or before the said date, I will thereafter apply to the Sheriff of New Hanover County for a deed in fee simple to said land, as provided by law.

In the event you desire to redeem the said land, you will be due me thereon the following:

| | |
|---|---|
| Amount paid Sherif at sale | $6.25 |
| Amount paid City taxes for 1909 | 8.30 |
| 20 per cent. interest | 3.59 |
| Cost of serving this notice | 3.00 |
| Total | $24.54 |

This, the 6th day of February, 1911.

THOMAS L. JOHNSON, Purchaser,

fe12-15-19 Lumberton, N. C.

SMOKE **Cuban Blossom CIGARS!**

WHY ?

Because It Is the Best Cigar for the Money.

**H. L. Vollers**

Wholesale Grocer.

**Chesapeake and Ohio Railway**

SCENIC ROUTE TO THE WEST

Two Fast Vestibule Trains With Dining Car Service.

Through Pullman Sleepers to Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Lv. Richmond | 2:00pm | 6:45pm | 11:00pm |
| Ar. Louisville | 10:00am | | 7:30pm |
| Ar. Cincinnati | 7:45am | 10:00am | 5:00pm |
| Ar. Chicago | 5:23pm | 6:00pm | 7:10am |
| Ar. St. Louis | 5:51pm | 6:10pm | 7:17pm |

Direct connections for all points West and Northwest.

Quickest and Best Route.

The line to the celebrated mountain resorts of Virginia.

For descriptive matter, schedules and Pullman reservations, address,

W. O. WARTHEN, D. P. A., C. & O. Ry. Co., Richmond, Va.

**ENTRY NO. 9122.**

I, the undersigned, William Hollis, of the County of New Hanover, State of North Carolina, do hereby enter and lay claim to the following vacant and unappropriated land subject to entry, located in Masonboro Township, New Hanover County, State aforesaid, viz.: Bounded on the North by Swimming Hole Slue, on the East and South by Rock Hole Slue, on the West by the channel of Myrtle Grove Sound, and known as Skip Jack Slue, containing three acres, more or less, January 9th, 1911.

WILLIAM HOLLIS.

Filed January 9th, 1911.—John Haar, Register of Deeds, and acting Entry Taker.

ja11-1mo*

**FLORIDA—CUBA.**

Why not take a trip to Florida or Cuba? They have been brought within easy reach by the splendid Through Train Service of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad. Write for illustrated booklets, rates or any other information, which will be cheerfully furnished.

T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.

ja 28-tf. Wilmington, N. C.

# POTASH AND AMERICAN FARMER

**The Industry in Germany and What It Means to the Agriculturist in This Country.—Steps Necessary.**

(From February Review of Reviews.)

When the Secretary of Agriculture published his annual figures of the value of our farm products—nearly nine billions of dolars last year—every American must have felt a sensation of commendable pride. For at no time in the world's history has any other country equaled this agricultural record.

But how much longer will it last? Any farmer knows that we are taking far more from our soil than we are putting back into it, and that cannot go on forever. The conservationists have been telling us for years that we are about at th end of our virgin lands, that the problem of soil exhaustion follows hard on the heels of such record production.

In other words, the future of Uncle Sam's farms is bound up in the question of fertilizers—in putting back into the soil at least approximately what we are so lavishly taking out of it. Roughly speaking, fertilizers are composed of phosphoric acid, nitrate of soda, and some form of potash salts. Florida, South Carolina and Tennessee furnish us with immense rock phosphate deposits. Chile has enormous nitrate beds, and there are other ways besides importing nitrates from Chile to put nitrogen back into the soil. About paosphates and nitrates much has been written and many estimates given of how many more generations they will last. But today the bulletins of the Agricultural Department, the reports of the State Experiment Stations, and the investigations of the agricultural colleges tell the farmer why his crops fail. They tell him that the reason why his fertilizers do not stop the failure is because he does not realize the value of potash added to the nitrates and phosphoric acid. What with all this education the potash question must yearly take on increased importance. For if there comes, as certainly there is coming, a time of diminishing yields from our land, that means even greater increases in the cost of living.

Somewhere in the dim past, when Europe was a tropical country, a little arm of the sea was separated off into a huge natural evaporation pan. Here for 13,000 years, as the geologists tell us, the blazing sun beat down on the great salt lake which was later, in our own time, to be the Stassfurt potash region in Saxony. It extends from the Harz Mountains to the Elbe and from Magdeburg to Bernburg. A channel from the ocean ran into this lake and as the waters were evaporated new salt waters were supplied. Thus these deposits of salts are over 5,000 feet (nearly a mile) deep. They are practically inexhaustible.

**The Wonderful Deposits in Saxony.**

Nowhere else in the world are there potash deposits even remotely comparable to those at Stassfurt. For, after the thousands of years of evaporation, Nature came along and laid a solid deposit of impervious clay over the precious salts. Otherwise the rain and water soaking through the earth would have dissolved and carried away these deposits, as deposits in other parts of the world have undoubtedly been carried away.

Thus it comes about that, aided by Nature, the little group of mine owners in the Stassfurt region have a grip on the potash trade of the world, and hence on the farmer who is the greatest of all consumers of potash, a grip such as few of the strongest monopolies in any other necessary have ever possessed.

Early in the 19th century this region was noted for its salt works (table salt). But the process was the old, unscientific one of evaporating the water off salt in solution. When rock salt was discovered in other parts of the world, the Stassfurt salt industry languished. In 1839 the government made borings to determine whether there were deposits of workable rock salt. Between 1852 and 1857 a shaft over one thousand feet deep was sunk, but nothing but potash and magnesia salts were found. At that time they were considered practically worthless and were called "refuse salts."

Then came Justus von Liebig and his researches in organic chemistry, and in 1860 he discovered that potash salts were necessary to plant life. As the only other way to get potash was by the old system of burning wood and draining the potash off from the ashes, this discovery at once made the Stassfurt deposits of inestimable value. The next year the first factories for refining potash salts were established. Farmers tried potash in the soil with success and at once an enormous demand was created. Miners, laborers, chemists, engineers, superintendents, clerks, flocked to the region and the old abandoned salt works of Stassfurt became one of the great sources of German wealth. Today these potash deposits spell the agricultural fertility of the world, for while there is an electrolytic method of producing potash it is not commercially practicable. Nothing, so far, can compete with the potassium chloride, muriate, sulphate and other salts produced by the great Stassfurt kali industry.

**The Mining Syndicate.**

In this Stassfurt region about 700,000 tons of actual potash are produced in the course of a year, and of this amount the United States consumes about one-fifth. This production has for 20 years been under absolute control, both in amount and price, by a syndicate in which the Imperial Government and several German States participate as owners of potash mines. Of recent years both the amount of potash produced has increased and the price advanced. A good mine, it has been demonstrated, can make from 300 to 500 per cent. profit over and above mining costs, general expenses and depreciation. Thus there is profit in potash.

The great potash syndicate is composed of 60-odd German potash producers, who today dominate Germany, America, in fact, the whole agricultural world. In the 60-odd potash or kali works are 20,000 or more laborers in the mines, and about 1,000 clerks and other executive officers; it controls mines, factories, reduction plants, railroads, locomotives and cars.

On June 30, 1909, the German Kali-syndikat was dissolved. Five years had been the usual term for which the potash mine owners made their agreements, and on that date their agreement ended. As the number of mines had been increasing and the amount of production likewise, Americans had high hopes of securing potash at lower prices.

**The Promise of Lower Prices.**

Thus, when the agreement was not renewed, Hermann Schmidtmann, of Lofer, Austria, who had been a pioneer in the potash fields and a large producer through the Aschersleben and Sollstedt mines which he had developed, made contracts with two of the important American consumers for seven years to supply potash at a price about 30 per cent. less than the old syndicate prices. The third of the important American consumers also had a similar contract with another independent mine. Moreover, three years before, in 1906, the independent American fertilizer companies had made contracts for ten years with Schmidtmann by which potash was to be sold to them at the lowest price paid by any American consumer. Therefore, when the old syndicate started to break up, the American consumers of potash, whether "trusts" or "independents," were all placed on the same favorable basis, three independent potash mines offering to supply the entire American trade at greatly reduced rates.

The other 60 mines were not willing to sit still and see the control of the whole American market pass to the three mines which were willing to furnish potash below the old syndicate prices. Therefore the syndicate was reorganized.

**German Government's Intervention.**

Negotiations continued between the mine owners, the Schmidtmanns, and the Americans until after the American tariff law was passed and signed in 1909. The real fighting began in September of that year, and the question was still open in the latter part of the year when the United States was negotiating with various countries regarding the application of the maximum and minimum schedules of our new tariff. Germany, of course, wanted the minimum, or "most favored nation" schedule; and America, of course, wanted reasonably priced potash.

Assurances were conveyed to our government that nothing would be done that would impair the validity of existing contracts, and with these assurances Germany was placed on the minimum tariff schedules of 1909.

**Taxing American Consumer.**

The low priced American contracts contained a clause which provided that "any export or import duties or other governmental charges which may hereafter become effective during the life of the contract shall also be paid by the buyer"—that is, the American potash purchaser. When it became evident, then, that Germany contemplated legislation, aimed along this line, Mr. Schmidtmann used every effort to have it made as little burdensome as possible, but the syndicate proved too strong for him. Representations by our ambassador to Germany were also unavailing. Several American representatives visited Berlin but could arrange no satisfactory compromise.

Finally, on May 10, 1910, the Reichstag passed a law allowing a syndicate committee to fix arbitrarily the amount of potash all mines should produce and sell free of tax. Previous contracts had nothing to do with it. Moreover, about half even of this fixed amount must be sold in Germany. To cap the climax, on any excess over the limited production, a tax was levied amounting to about 100 per cent. of the price of which the makers of the low-priced contracts had agreed to sell potash to the Americans. This tax amounts to more than the entire cost of production at the mines. Worse than that, it makes the price of potash on delivery in the United States greater even than it was before the old syndicate broke up in July, 1°

Not only was America so deprived of reasonably priced potash, but the price was thus boosted higher than ever before. However, after vigorous representations the Bundesrath was authorized to reduce the tax slightly and make the conditions a little less onerous.

As for the promise given not to impair the low price contracts, while it is true that nothing has been done which legally violates them, the heavy tax imposed would force the buyers to pay a price much higher than that at which the syndicate is now selling to others who hold no contracts. Under such circumstances the American buyers would be unable to compete and would be destroyed if compelled to comply with the contract conditions.

The low priced American contracts were made ten months before this new tax law was passed. The tonnage necessary to fulfil these contracts is equal to the total capacity of the three non-syndicates mines which made the contracts. Theoretically, half their quota could be sold free to us. But that would be only half enough to live up to the contracts. If the other half is also sold to America, instead of being sold in Germany, the first half—the free quota—is forfeited. Therefore, Americans will not receive even half the value of the contracts.

However, those who are in closest touch with the situation, do not strongly advocate extreme measures. They believe that nothing more is necessary than a strong stand by the administration for the protection of the interests of the American consumer of potash—the farmer.


# Life Insurance Company of Virginia

(INCORPORATED AS A STOCK COMPANY IN 1871 BY THE STATE OF VIRGINIA)
HOME OFFICE:—RICHMOND, VA.

OFFICERS:
JOHN G. WALKER, President
T. WM. PEMBERTON, First Vice-President
W. L. T. ROGERSON, Second Vice-President
E. D. HARRIS, Secretary
REGINALD GILHAM, Treasurer
H. CABELL TABB, M. D., Medical Director
JOHN STDNEY DAVENPORT, Jr., Actuary
A. S. HURT, Auditor
COKE & PICKRELL General Counsel

DIRECTORS:
JOHN G. WALKER
T. WM. PEMBERTON
W. L. T. ROGERSON
JOHN G. HAYES
A. S. HURT
FAIRLIE P. COOKE
LANDON C. ROSE
E. D. HARRIS
LANDON R. WALKER

PREMIUM INCOME
1887-$ 99,566.00
1888-$127,049.00
1889-$ 151,547.00
1890-$ 234,547.00
1891-$ 395,447.67
1892-$ 475,520.24
1893-$ 546,151.15
1894-$ 551,794.51
1895-$ 591,380.56
1896-$ 712,931.92
1897-$ 752,214.87
1898-$ 852,409.03
1899-$ 937,900.79
1900-$ 1,087,272.02
1901-$ 1,151,662.87
1902-$ 1,339,214.13
1903-$ 1,510,293.80
1904-$ 1,681,054.36
1905-$ 1,869,868.47
1906-$ 2,098,369.72
1907-$ 2,321,824.59
1908-$ 2,458,160.07
1909-$ 2,588,934.04
1910-$ 2,765,737.44

TWENTY FOUR YEARS GROWTH

FINANCIAL CONDITION, DECEMBER 31, 1910

| ASSETS | | LIABILITIES | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bonds and Mortgage Loans on Real Estate | $4,593,337.75 | Reserve, Actuaries' 4 per cent., American 3½ and 3 per cent., and Standard Industrial 3½ per cent | | $4,829,289.00 |
| *Railroad and Street Railway Bonds (Market Value) | 325,612.00 | Premiums Paid in advance | | 55,677.30 |
| *State Bonds (Market Value) | 143,448.75 | All other Liabilities | | 221,729.72 |
| *Municipal Bonds (Market Value) | 189,198.86 | Total Liabilities | | $5,106,696.02 |
| *Miscellaneous Bonds (Market Value) | 99,625.00 | Capital Stock | $300,000.00 | |
| Real Estate (Market Value) | 188,253.08 | Surplus | 922,008.55 | |
| *Bank Stocks (Market Value) | 55,875.00 | Surplus of Assets over Liabilities | | $1,222,008.55 |
| *Miscellaneous Stocks (Market Value) | 4,000.00 | | | |
| Loans on Collateral | 59,873.69 | | | |
| Loans on Company's Policies | 163,680.16 | | | |
| Cash in Banks on Interest | 323,512.67 | | | |
| Cash in Offices and in Banks not on Interest | 16,881.03 | | | |
| Interest and Rents Due and Accrued | 79,126.55 | | | |
| Net Uncollected and Deferred Premiums and Premium Notes and all other Assets | 86,280.03 | | | |
| TOTAL ADMITTED ASSETS | $6,328,704.57 | TOTAL | | $6,328,704.57 |

We have examined the books and records of the LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF VIRGINIA for the year ending December 31, 1910, and have verified therefrom the above Statement of Assets and Liabilities at the close of business at the Home Office as of that date.
We have examined and verified the Bonds and Mortgages, Railroad, State, Municipal and other Bonds, Stocks and all other Investments owned by the Company or held as Collateral, and have proved that the Bonds and Stocks are valued at market prices on December 31, 1910, and that the Loans on Collateral are fully secured. We have also counted the Cash on hand, and have verified the balances deposited with Banks.
We have tested the clerical accuracy of the Reserve on Policies in force, as certified by the Actuary of the Company, and have satisfied ourselves that all other Liabilities are duly provided for, and WE CERTIFY that the above Statement of Assets and Liabilities correctly sets forth the true financial condition of the Company on December 31, 1910.
H. B. BOUDAR & SON,
Certified Public Accountants.
Richmond, Va., January 12, 1911.

*Subsequent valuation of these items furnished by Committee of Insurance Commissioners increases Assets and Surplus $9,869.25.

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS DURING 1910

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Premium Income | $2,765,737.44 | Insurance in Force | $72,440,374.00 |
| Increase in Premium Income | $ 176,803.40 | Increase in Insurance in Force | $ 4,102,761.00 |
| Gross Income | $3,062,146.08 | Total Number of Policies in Force | 42,293 |
| Increase in Gross Income | $ 230,516.01 | Increase in Number of Policies in Force | 22,959 |
| Increase in Assets | $ 965,881.83 | Death Claims, etc., Paid to Policyholders | $ 966,186.48 |

Total Payments to Policyholders Since Organization - - $10,786,598.9

B. T. HOPKINS, Supt., 17-18-19, Garrell Bldg., Wilmington, N. C.
G. F. HALL, General Agent, 619 Realty Bldg., Charlotte, N. C.



# J. M. SOLKY & CO.

The One Price Clothiers and Furnishers.

*Announce Their Spring & Summer Opening*
—OF—
HIGH ART CUSTOM TAILORED CLOTHING MADE BY STROUSE & BROS. THEIR CUTTER WILL BE WITH US

*Friday, Saturday and Monday, February 10, 11 and 13*

If you want a suit for the Spring or Summer, call in and let him take your measure. High Art Custom Tailored Clothes are made from fabrics expresly woven for us by the world's greatest and best mills, hence you are sure of correct and exclusive patterns.

High Art Custom Tailored Clothes are strictly up-to-date; their smart appearance is secured by the cleverest kind of hand tailoring—come and have your measure taken.

**J. M. Solky & Co.**
Phone 617. Masonic Temple.

fe10-tf



*ACADEMY of MUSIC*
*TOMORROW NIGHT*
*MONDAY, FEB. 13th*

Jos. Weber Presents
New York's Charming Success.

# THE CLIMAX

*By Edward Locke.*
*Music by Jos. C. Brein.*

A delightful Comedy with exquisite Music.
Original New York Cast and Production.
Seats on Sale at Plummer's

*Prices - - 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50*

fe12-1t



*ACADEMY of MUSIC*
TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 14.

Lew Fields and Fred McKay Present
*America's Greatest Comedienne,*
# *Blanche Ring*
*Late Star of The Midnight Sons,*
—*in*—
*The Yankee Girl*
Music by Silvio Hein Book by Geo. V. Hobart

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| A SONG | YOU LAUGH | SENSATIONS |
| A GIRL | YOU SIGH | NEW |
| THEN | THEN TO | HAVE GOT |
| A MERRY | YOUR | YOU IN |
| QUIP | FINGER TIP | THEIR GRIP |

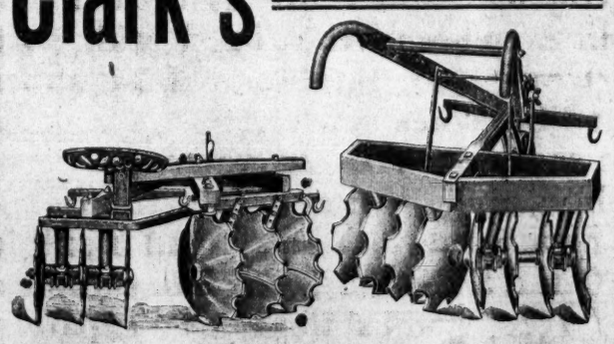
They All Go To See Her
And So Will You : : : :

40 Winsome Winners in the Getaway
And HARRY GILFOIL
Hear Miss Ring Sing the New Songs
And maybe—if you're good—a few of the old.
*Seats now selling Monday at Plummer's.*

fe12-1t



# Clark's Harrows



**WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.**
Sole Agents - Wilmington, N. C.



THE BEST AND CHEAPEST ROUTE TO
**NORFOLK**
—via—
WILSON, GOLDSBORO or NEW BERN
—and—
NORFOLK SOUTHERN.
PULLMAN SERVICE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Lv. Wilmington, A. C. L. | * 7:00 p. m. |
| Ar. Goldsboro, A. C. L. | 10:05 p. m. |
| Ar. Wilson, A. C. L. | 11:00 p. m. |
| Lv. Wilmington, A.C.L. | 15:50am. *3:25pm |
| Ar. New Bern, A.C.L. | 9:15am 6:50pm |
| Lv. Goldsboro, N.S.R.R. | *7:15am*10:15pm |
| Lv. New Bern, N.S.R.R | 9:30am 12:30am |
| Lv. Wilson, N.S.R.R. | *8:20am*11:30pm |
| Lv. Wash'gton, N.S.R.R | 10:50am 2:20am |
| Ar. Norfolk, N.S.R.R | 3:35pm 8:00am |

SOUTH BOUND.

| | |
|---|---|
| Lv. Norfolk, N.S.R.R | 9:00 p. m. |
| Ar. Goldsboro, N.S.R.R. | 6:20 a. m. |
| Ar. Wilson, N.S.R.R. | 5:05 a. m. |
| Ar. Wilmington | 9:45 a. m. |

* Daily. ! Daily Except Sunday.
For reservations, address W. J. Williams, T. A., Wilson; F. W. Tatem, G. A., Goldsboro; T. M. Bennett, T. A., New Bern.
W. W. CROXTON,
G. P. A., Norfolk, Va.
fe1-tf



*ANNOUNCEMENT*

The Gem Vulcanizing Works of Schenectady, N. Y., announces their removal from the Auto Co's. Garage to Market and Second streets. During the past three months we have made repairs for scores of local and out-of-town autoists. Every repair proves the merit of our work—not one failure.

Every patron our reference. Ask Them.

Tire expense is too great to trust to novices. Our years of experience enables us at a glance to tell whether the tire will pay to repair or not. If accepted, we guarantee our work or money cheerfully refunded. A trial will insure your future patronage.

Bring your work to us. We will save you much money and endless troubles. Old tires and tubes bought.

*GEM VULCANIZING WORKS*

fe4-1mo



# Foley Kidney Pills

**What They Will Do for You**

**They will cure your backache, strengthen your kidneys, correct urinary irregularities, build up the worn out tissues, and eliminate the excess uric acid that causes rheumatism. Prevent Bright's Disease and Diabetes, and restore health and strength. Refuse substitutes.**

ROBERT R. BELLAMY.



*ANNOUNCEMENT*

I beg to announce to the insuring public that I will continue under the same firm name of

*J. H. Boatwright & Son*

the insurance agency formerly conducted by my Father and myself.

Endeavoring to maintain the same high standards we have always striven to uphold, I respectfully solicit a continuance of your generous patronage.

*SWIFT M. BOATWRIGHT.*

fe2-2w



**Vaccination Shields and Vaccine Points**
PLENTY IN STOCK.

"T. I. Z." for sore and tender feet.

**J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co.**
Front and Grace Streets.



**HUGH MacRAE & CO.**
BANKERS.
Miscellaneous Southern Securities
Cotton Mill Stocks
WILMINGTON, N. C.
New York City, 3015 Singer Building.



**Asthma! Asthma!**
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# NEW INDUSTRIAL ENTERPRISES

Gigantic Water Power Development for Atlanta—Developing Coal Lands Around Birmingham —Other Announcements.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Baltimore, Feb. 11—During the past week there was a decided increase in announcements of industrial and other developmental enterprises throughout the South. Some of the most important enterprises reported during recent months are announced in this week's issue of the Manufacturers' Record as follows:

Georgia Power Company, Atlanta, completed arrangements for beginning its first waterpower development at Tallulah Falls, where 100,000 horsepower will be obtained for transmission by electricity to Atlanta, a distance of 90 miles. Engineers are preparing to begin construction of dam, powerhouse, steel towers for holding about 300 miles of wire, distributing station at Atlanta, etc. Additional water powers owned by the company will be developed in the future for about 100,000 horsepower, thus giving a total of 200,000 horsepower for transmission in the Atlanta district and will doubtless result in largely increasing that city's manufacturing industries. The Georgia Power Company is being financed by Canadian and English capitalists and its capitalization is $20,000,000.

Frank Nelson, Jr., Birmingham, will organize a company capitalized at from $500,000 to $1,000,000 to develop the recently purchased Bryan estate coal lands, comprising about 8,000 acres.

Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad Company, Birmingham, will develop Pratt Mine No. 16 for a daily capacity of 3,000 tons of coal, the shaft will be lined with concrete.

Waller Mining Corporation, Falls Church, Va., has been chartered with $500,000 capital stock to develop gold mines.

Basic Woolen Company, Basic City, Va., has been chartered with $75,000 capital stock to manufacture woolen gooods.

Ferguson Watch Dial Company, Monroe, La., has been incorporated with $25,000 capital stock to manufacture a patented watch dial.

Alabama Fuel & Iron Company, Birmingham, will expend $150,000 for additional improvements, including its $125,000 coal washer recently announced and new electrical machinery to cost $25,000.

Orleans Drainage Company, New Orleans, will be incorporated to invest about $1,000,000 to purchase and develop, by drainage, about 34,000 acres of land near New Orleans.

Wennonah Cotton Mills Company, Lexington, N. C., was chartered with $125,000 capital stock.

Mississippi Home Telephone Company, Meridian, Miss., plans extensive additions to its facilities and is understood to have decided to invest about $2,500,000 for extending its long distance service to adjacent States.

Charles R. Mahone, Richmond, Va., and associates have organized a $250,000 company to manufacture a tobacco compress invented by Mr. Mahone.

J. T. Lewis, Washington, N. C., will invest about $10,000 to establish a hosiery knitting mill.

A. J. Lyon & Company, Meridian, Miss., will build a cold storage plant to cost $30,000.

Hardwood Log and Lumber Company, Durham, N. C., was incorporated with $100,000 capital stock and purchased 2,000 acres of standing timber.

Crystal Onyx Company, Atlanta, Ga., was organized to develop 300 acres of onyx land in Campbell county, Tenn.

Laurel River Logging Company, Hot Springs, N. C., is planning a thorough development of its 40,000 acres of timber land in North Carolina and about 6,000 acres in Tennessee.

J. W. Lambeth, Thomasville, N. C., and an associate purchased timber rights estimated to furnish 5,000,000 feet of lumber and will build saw and planing mills.

## COL. HAYES THE VICTIM.

Millionaire Ranch Owner Struck During Trial—Suit of Wife.

New Orleans, Feb. 10.—There was an unexpected climax in today's hearing in the Civil District Court in the suit of Mrs. Vivian Mitchell Hayes, against her millionaire husband, Col. W. A. B. Hayes, for alimony in the sum of $300 per month. Just before the conclusion of the day's proceedings Sig. Faranta, a local theatrical man, and a witness on behalf of Mrs. Hayes, resented a remark made by Col. Hayes by striking the latter in the face. By-standers separated the men.

Col. Hayes, who is 48 years old, owns a big ranch near Santa Anna, Cal. He met Miss Vivian Mitchell, a pretty society girl, at St. Louis on "Tag day" in that city a few months ago. She "tagged" the colonel—and he suggested that it be for life. They were married here on January 5th. Two weeks later they separated. The colonel filed suit for divorce. Mrs. Hayes came back with a suit for allmony and now rather sensational testimony about their brief honeymoon is being adduced in the civil district court.

## VACCINATION.

He had been sitting next to her for the last hour and a half, and was deeply conscious of the beautiful contour of her arms and shoulders.

"Do you know," she said suddenly, "I've been in misery for a week. Sometimes I could almost scream with the pain."

"Why, what is the matter?" he exclaimed sympathetically.

"I was vaccinated a while ago and it has taken dreadfully."

His eyes fell and his gaze was curious. But he saw no scar.

"Why, where were you vaccinated?" he asked impetuously.

She raised her eyebrows and smiled sweetly.

"In New York," she replied.

—ANONYMOUS.

# THE CIVIC LEAGUE

"A Cleaner, Healthier, More Beautiful Wilmington."

The Wilmington Civic League is planning an aggressive campaign of cleanliness to start next month. The city authorities have promised their help and assistance, but we can only have a clean and healthy city by the aid and co-operation of every citizen. The membership of the League is open to every white person, male and female, and to the children through the League of Good Citizenship, which has been started at all the schools. It is also planned to have a branch among the colored people. The annual dues for the Civic League are $1.00 per year, payable from date of membership, and every one wishing to join, is asked to send their name to Mrs. M. L. Stover, Secretary, No. 16 North Fourth Street.

There have been many inquiries about the prizes offered for the most beautiful grounds, plazas, etc., and they are re-printed for the benefit of all who wish to enter the competition.

First—$25 in gold, for the most artistic grounds, the effect to be obtained by the proper planting of trees, shrubs, grass and flowers; open for competitors all over the city, and on the suburban line, at Carolina Heights, Carolina Place and Winter Park Gardens.

A second prize under this head $15, third prize $5.

Second—For the best display of climbing roses, such as Dorothy Perkins, Lady Banksia, Marechal Neil, Cherokee, first prize $15, second $5.

Third—For the best display of vines, such as wisteria, Bamboose (or wild smilax) yellow Jessamine, Confederate Jessamine, Boston Ivy, Bignonia, Clematis, etc., first prize $10, second prize $5.

Fourth—For the best display of garden roses, first prize $10, second $5.

Fifth—For the best kept lawn $10.

Sixth—For the best kept and most beautiful hedge $10.

Seventh—For the best display of ornamental trees, such as holly, Yopon, dogwood, magnolias of various species, Japanese maple, etc., $10.

A similar set of prizes is offered only to those competitors whose yards are within 200 feet of the trolley line in the city, or within 200 yards of the line outside the city limits, including Wrightsville Beach, as far as Lumina, this provision not serving as a bar to entrance for prizes mentioned above.

In addition to these, a prize of $15 is offered for the most beautiful plaza in the city. Whether the plaza is curbed or not, the lines can be made straight, the grass well kept, beds of colus and other hardy plants set out, and a few ornamental shrubs, and effective plants like pampas grass and hydrangeas, properly placed. Under this head there is also a second prize of $10.

Finally, among the most important prizes of all are those offered for the most beautiful cottage gardens, a first prize of $15, a second of $10 and a third of $5. Some of the finest roses and most beautiful vines are often to be seen along our quietest streets, and before the smallest houses. Each one of these tiny plots could, as the result of patient labor, be crowded full of color and beauty, and made a spot of delight.

These prizes are offered not only for this year, but are intended to be continued from year to year.

The winner of a first prize in one year will not be eligible for the same prize again, but can secure a blue ribbon or an honorable mention as often as it is deserved.

But the winner of a second prize one year is just in line for a second prize the next year.

All who intend to compete for any of these prizes are requested to send a postal card to that effect to the Secretary of the Civic Committee of Sorosis, 820 Princess street, now or at any time before the middle of April.

The prizes are to be awarded by the first of June. The committee have already received a number of names, and when the list of contestants is complete they propose to publish it.

## "SHADOW OF THE CROSS."

Famous Painting Being Counterfeited in South It is Said.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 11.—Following close upon the formal opening of Corcoran Art Gallery, with President Taft and practically all of the Cabinet and Diplomatic Corps in attendance, art lovers in Washington are shocked by dispatches from Birmingham, Ala., stating that a famous art piece belonging in Washington is being counterfeited, at the present time in that city.

The "Shadow of the Cross," a life-size portrait of Christ, is probably the most talked of painting in the world today, belonging to Dr. W. L. Wright, of Washington. It has been shown at the St. Louis, Jamestown and Seattle expositions to millions of people and the net proceeds devoted to charity, the owner Dr. Wright being a philanthropist of National reputation.

The mystic properties of this painting have puzzled artists, scientists and government officials here for 14 years.

Seen in the light it is an unfinished painting of the Saviour, clothed in the simple garb of the Gallilean, but when shown in darkness the whole aspect undergoes a change and the figure of Christ is distinctly seen in utter darkness, while over and behind the figure a perfect cross appears. The artist, Henry Hammond Ahl, of Springfield, Mass., (who painted the portrait of ex-Speaker Henderson now hanging in the House of Representatives) claim not to have intended the peculiar effect and discovered it accidentally.

From the press reports from the South it seems that some charlatan is imitating in some artificial manner the peculiar traits of the original and is brazen enough to claim it to be the original, which is copyrighted, and thus is preying upon the innocent public.

Dr. Wright, when seen today, said that he would take steps immediately to prosecute under the United States Copyright law the persons showing the painting in the South.

## MR. SMOOT IN NORFOLK.

Strong Sermon to Congregation on "Higher Christian Life."

(Norfolk Virginian-Pilot.)

"The Higher Chirstian Life," was the theme of a strong and effective discourse by Rev. Thomas A. Smoot, before a large congregation at Epworth Methodist church Sunday morning.

In the discussion of his subject he drew a striking contrast between the "Ideal Christian and the nervous, unsatisfying life pursued by some Christians in which they failed to find enjoyment of a satisfying character.

The "Higher Christian Life," he said, is the only ideal life. In living such a life the Christian ascends that high and lofty plane where men meet God and can constantly rejoice in communication with Him and find true solace and comfort under the blessed sanctifying influences of the Holy Spirit.

But, said Mr. Smoot, the Christian who lives upon a low plane, seeking enjoyment in the unsatisfying pleasures of this life, hoping thereby to get peace of mind and conscience, will never know and feel the consolations of a conscience void of offence toward God and his fellowman, and can never be a power for spiritual good in the church and the world, the only true and safe passport from earth to Heaven.

"Worldly amusements such as are found in the wine cup, the card table and the theatre can never bring a Christian into a "Life Hid with Christ in God."

Rev. Mr. Smoot is preaching to his people preparing them for a series of revival services which he expects to begin early in the Spring. He is emphatic in the belief that Epworth church needs a revival of religion.

In all his sermons during the revival now in progress at McKendree Methodist church, Rev. Geo. Wesley Jones has referred to the habit of professed Christians frequenting the theatre and other places of worldly amusements, warning them of the danger they are in of falling from grace and finally drifting back to the world and losing the hope of a precious immortality and eternal life.

## JIM SHERMAN'S ADVICE.

Young Men Should Show Active Interest in Politics.

New Haven, Conn., Feb. 10.—Vice President James S. Sherman, according to an interview printed in The Yale News today, holds that it is the duty of every young man to take an active interest in political affairs, not simply in national elections, but "so far as our little municipalties are concerned, where we are interested in having honesty and efficiency in public service."

The Vice President says, broadly speaking, he has yet to find a single instance where he thought that college education was not a distinct benefit to a man.


# Another Lot of Sample Shoes

We have just received a new lot of sample shoes showing the latest models in all the new leathers Samples showing the advanced styles are made six months before the regular shoes are put on sale, therefore you will find in this lot of samples just received, all of the new things in footwear.

## What the Ladies Will Find in This Lot of Samples

Dull Mat Calf and cloth top button shoes with high or medium heels, short vamps and the new round New York toe—the $3.50 and $4.00 kind at $2.75 in sample, sizes: 3 1-2, 4 and 4 1-2.

The latest dress shoes in Patent Leather, Gun Metal, and all the new shades of tan, in button or lace, at $1.75, $2, $2.25, $2.50 and $2.75; sizes: 3 1-2, 4 and 4 1-2. You will save from 75c to $1.50 on each pair of these shoes purchased.

## Ladies' Walking Shoes in Black and Brown Kid

These shoes come in medium or low heels, made on the new athletic last, which gives the shoe an easy tread, combining comfort with snap. These walking shoes are all made by the Goodyear Welt process, which enables us to offer you a shoe with a heavy sole which you will find as flexible as a hand turn with twice the service. Sample price $2, $2.25 and $2.75. Sizes: 3 1-2, 4 and 4 1-2.

## Do Your Feet Bother You?

If your feet give you trouble, buy sample shoes. In this sample lot you will find a big assortment of men's and ladies' shoes made of the finest kid, soft, smooth and yet strong and durable. These shoes were made with flexible soles and have been handled just enough in samples to make them as comfortable as an old shoe, and yet they retain the beautiful lines of the new shoes. Men's hand flexible shoes, regular $3.50 and $4 values, $2.75 in samples; sizes: 6 1-2, 7 and 7 1-2. Ladies' flexible sole, patent tip, vici kid shoes at $2, $2.25 and $2.75, worth from 75c to $1.50 a pair more.

## Men's Storm Shoes, the $6 Kind for $3.50

We have a small lot of men's tan and black willow calf, wax calf and vici shoes, lined with bleach calf or brown kid, heavy double sole, just the shoe for February and March wear. The kind sold elsewhere at $6, sample price $3.50.

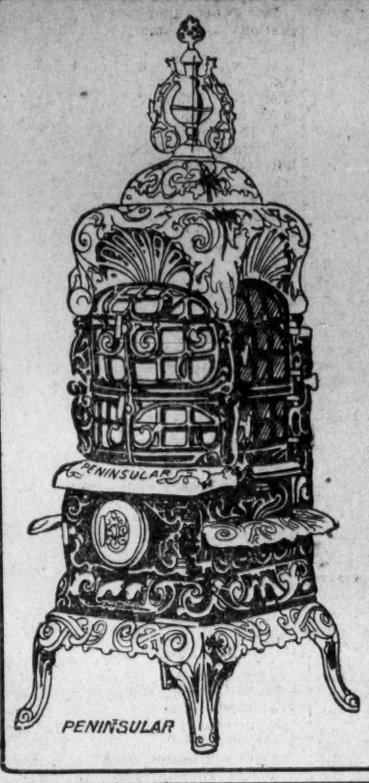
## Men's Dress Shoes Latest Styles and all Leathers

We have a big lot of men's dress shoes which we will sell during this sale at $2, $2.25, $2.50, $2.75 and $3. Sizes, 6 1-2, 7 and 7 1-2. These shoes represent the latest word in style. The workmanship is the best and the quality unsurpassed.

We guarantee to save you from 50c to $1.50 over the price you have been paying and to give you a better shoe. Call now while we still have your size.

217 N. Front St. | The Wilmington Shoe Company | Formerly 521 N. 4th St.






ART PENINSULAR HEATING STOVES

Are Artistic in design, substantially built and economical in consumption of fuel. A complete line to select from.

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Styles and sizes of othe makes ranging in price fror

$1.25 to $40.00

Be sure to see our line of samples before you buy.

J. W. MURCHISON & CO.
Hardware.



# Fine Watch Movements

A watch which may be guaranteed to keep RAILROAD TIME need not necessarily cost a very great deal.

No one make of watches is preeminently better than all others. There are several factories producing "Goods which may be guaranteed." Conspicuous names upon this list for years have been

"Hamilton"
"Waltham"

We shall be pleased to explain you all the points regarding watches as, before buying, you should know just what service to expect.

HONNET
*Conservative Progress*



# Saturday

## Is the Last Day

Don't let the opportunity slip away from you. Come today. Our store is full of real bargains—Clothing, Shoes, Trunks, Dry Goods, Furnishings, Etc. Etc. Etc. Etc.

J. W. H. FUCHS
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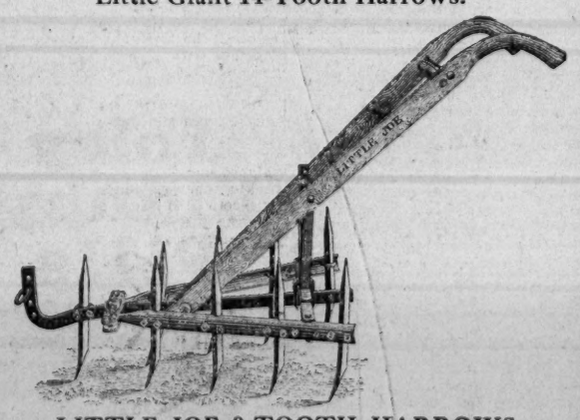
SUPERIOR GARDEN PLOWS
Little Giant 14-Tooth Harrows.




LITTLE JOE 9-TOOTH HARROWS
With 9 Reversible Teeth. See Cut.
SO. QUEEN CULTIVATORS
Cultivator Blades, Sweeps and Attachments of All Kinds. Order in Time.

N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO.

# CHURCH MISSIONARY WORK

**Open Door Now to Every Nation—Figures Touching Work of Methodist Episcopal Church—An Authority Quoted.**

(By Mamie Bays.)

There was a time when the entire Church countries wished for, hoped for, and prayed for "open doors" in all of the heathen countries of the world, through which access for the gospel might be gained and the millions of souls in those lands might hear of Jesus Christ and salvation. That time has passed; that wish has been granted, that hope has been realized, that prayer has been answered, and the gospel has unhindered access to every country of the world today. There is no longer the need to pray for "open doors," for every door is open already.

There was a time then when the Church universal prayed for men and women to give themselves to the missionary cause, to become foreign missionaries and enter the doors of the heathen world, as one by one they were opened. That prayer also has been answered long since, and today there are hundreds, even thousands, of the choicest type of young men and young women of all denominations, who are willing and ready to go out from the home land as foreign missionaries, and who are anxiously awaiting the time when they may go and begin their life work in the interest of the evangelization of the world. These young men and young women are not hindered on account of the lack of preparation, nor on account of the lack of a field in which to labor, but they are hindered on account of the lack of money from the Church with which to go out and to support them while they work and represent the Church at home on the foreign field. Hence the prayer of the Church today is not for open doors, not for men and women to carry the gospel through the doors that have been opened in rapid succession, but the prayer of the Church today is for an awakened interest in missions on the part of women at home, such an awakening as will express itself in that liberality which will amply supply the needs of the workers on the foreign field and enable them to reinforce their number in proportion to the vastness of their undertaking.

Never in the entire history of the Church have all denominations been so keenly alive to the missionary interest of the world as is true today, and never have the contributions to this cause been so large as during the year 1910, and yet only a small proportion of the need has been met.

When the work of preparation for the great World Missionary Conference, held in Edinburg last June, was in progress, Commission Number six sent out an important question to the missionaries and others prominently connected with the missionary interests of the Church. This question asked for an expression as to the secret of the slow progress that has been made in the work of the evangelization of the world, and the answer came back, as if from one man: "the home base," emphasizing the fact that if the Church at home would become sufficiently awake to the need of the missionary enterprise, the work of world-wide evangelization would be accomplished within a short time.

The figures given in an address recently, of a man who is in close touch with the missionary work of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, speak forcibly, not only for the contributions of that denominations, but for all denominations, as well. He showed that during the past year the entire income of his church amounted to $450,000,000, that $12,000,000 of this amount was contributed to the various claims of the Church, and less than one million dollars was given to the cause of Foreign Missions. It is the convincing argument of such figures as these that is causing the missionary forces of the world today to put forth their utmost effort to awaken thoroughly the interest of the Church at home in the work of the extension of the gospel abroad, knowing that when this is accomplished there will be no lack of means with which to bring the time when the gospel shall have been preached to the uttermost parts of the earth. Carefully prepared statistics show that only a small proportion of the membership of the different denominations are as yet seriously interested in missions, although a larger per cent is interested today than ever before, and that not more than one in three contributes anything to this cause. Statistics show that of the entire amount contributed to Missions nine-tenths is given by one of the membership of the Church.

Interest in this great work of the Church is on the increase today, however, as never before, and men and women of all denominations are rapidly coming to the conclusion that it is true that "churches are living in the exact ratio of their missionary activity," and in many places there is an interesting and at the same time a helpful rivalry among different churches in the effort to increase missionary interest and contributions to missions.

It is probable that no man in America today is more thoroughly interested in the missionary enterprise, and no man is more thoroughly in touch with the same than is Mr. Samuel B. Capen, of Boston, a layman, president of the American Board, and chairman of the Executive Committee of the National Laymen's Missionary Movement, and in a recent address he sums up in a most concise and at the same time a most convincing manner, the question of "The Home Problem of Foreign Missions." He calls attention first to the widespread ignorance which prevails at home regarding foreign missions, next the utter failure on the part of some to grasp the great motive of missions, in the third place the fact that in too many churches there are pastors who never yet have been fired by any missionary passion, and in the next place the extravagant expenditures in the home churches at the expense of the missions.

Dr. Capen then gives seven suggestions as a solution of this problem:

1. To press the appeal that the foreign work is the most notable of all missionary effort because it is the most unselfish.

2. The antidote for ignorance must be found in presenting facts, especially the matchless story of the success of foreign mission work.

3. All great interests will best be conserved if twentieth century methods are adopted in mission work, instead of keeping in the ruts of other days.

4. Those who are most interested in foreign mission work must keep in close touch and sympathy with all the home interests, because, after all, the distinction which has been made between foreign and home missions is artificial, and there is but one world and one Saviour for all.

5. No man should be installed as pastor of a church who is not in earnest in missionary work, because a pastor who does not believe in missions and preach missions has a flaw in his title.

6. There is necessity for churches as a whole to recognize greater denominational loyalty, for while sectarianism is something to hate, denominational loyalty is most commendable.

7. The method for raising money for foreign missionary work must be changed, and what is needed in this connection in every church, is a vigorous missionary committee whose business it shall be to secure, by personal appeal, a definite pledge for foreign missions from every member of the church.

Dr. Capen closes these suggestions with this forcible argument:

"Lastly. We need to press the foreign missionary work for the sake of the church at home. We all recognize that in our great material prosperity worldliness has crept into many of our churches. We have serious problems on our hands. Not education or culture (or fiscal prosperity), but God in human lives is to be our salvation. And I believe the very surest way to have this new religious interest at home is to be more true and earnest in our work abroad."

The Church is rapidly coming to realize the strength of this argument, and the imaginary line between Foreign Missions and Home Missions, which has existed long, and with great detriment to the cause of world evangelization, is fast becoming obliterated. The Church does not as yet realize her full duty and magnitude of her responsibility to the whole world, regardless of geographical lines, races and color, but she is more thoroughly awake to her great mission today than ever before and she is putting forth greater effort today than ever before to give the gospel to the whole world.


## A LIBERAL OFFER.

**Anyone Can Try Samose, the Remarkable Flesh-Forming Food.**

When one of the leading druggists in Wilmington tells you that they have a preparation which they so thoroughly believe in that they will refund your money if it does not do all that is claimed for it, it shows that the article must have unusual merits. It is in this way that J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., are selling Samose, the remarkable flesh building food.

Samose is in reality a concentrated food and restores life and vitality at once to the blood. It mixes with the ordinary foods and aids digestion; it extracts from the food that you eat the flesh-forming and strength giving elements, building up the tissues and the general health.

Any one can get a 50-cent box of this remarkable flesh-forming food, knowing that their money will be refunded if it does not increase weight and restore the system to health.

*(From The N. Y. Sun, January 29th.)*

"I have decided not to try to import anything more from a foreign country where English is not perfectly understood," said a suburbanite at the Belmont yesterday.

"Last September, after a friend had told us how cheap it was to import wicker furniture direct from Madeira, we got hold of a catalogue, and selecting pieces that we should like, we wrote to the manufacturer in Madeira to quote us a price on the lot, delivered in New York. We heard nothing from him until this morning, when I received an invoice for sixteen packages of furniture, the news that the consignment was on its way to New York and a request for me to send a check covering the amount of the invoice and the cost of packing. The goods were shipped, according to the letter, on a steamer about which I can learn nothing at any of the steamship offices. The bill has taken three weeks to get here. I don't know when to expect the furniture or how, and I don't want it unless I can take a look at it first."

*(McHugh Methods of Giving Prices and Important Information.)*

*(a)* The booklet describing McHughwillow Furniture, Illustrations of Group Settings, Loose Leaves with Special Offers and Freight Concessions; all are Free by Mail on request.

*(b)* The Portfolio containing sketches of all the McHughwillow Furniture, together with a pricelist, is mailed on receipt of 25c., to be allowed on first purchase.

*(c)* To indicate the style, quality and value of McHughwillow Furniture, the McHugh Bar Harbor Arm Chair, full size, with soft seat cushion, is shipped on receipt of $5; there are no packing charges; shipment is followed by receipted invoice and bill of lading, showing the route by which the chair is to arrive.

NEW YORK MAKE— McHUGHWILLOW FURNITURE: SINCE 1893

"The Standard of Proper Style, High Quality and Good Value."

**JOSEPH P. McHUGH & CO.**
**42d St., WEST, at FIFTH AVE.**
Opposite New Public Library.
**NEW YORK**
(Only address since 1884.)
No agents—No branches.


# BOOST FOR WILMINGTON PORT

**"Shipping Illustrated," New York Publication, Has Interesting Write-Up, With Striking Photographs of Harbor Scenes.**

"Shipping Illustrated," a high-class New York monthly publication, devoted to maritime affairs, in its current number has an interesting write-up of the port of Wilmington, with two fine illustrations of shipping scenes in the local harbor in 1875 and in 1910, the first depicting a scene at the compresses, where some 40 or more sailing vessels were moored for cargoes of the staple for foreign export, and the second picture showing mammoth tramp steamers in the slips of the compresses of Messrs. Alexander Sprunt & Son, receiving cotton for shipment abroad.

The illustrations make an interesting study in the evolution of the cotton exporting business, and show that Wilmington has kept pace with the times in the handling of this great staple. In connection with the illustrations, the New York publication says:

"The port of Wilmington, N. C., is located on the Cape Fear river, about 27 miles from the mouth. Considerable cotton enters the export trade, being carried in foreign tramp steamships, some of which bring in foreign cargoes of material for fertilizer. Some of these steamships also take cargoes of lumber. Two or three steamships are loaded each year with mixed cargoes of gum blocks used for veneering, and rosin for Glasgow, Scotland. A regular line of coastwise steamships operating between New York and Georgetown call at Wilmington. This line takes most of the lumber shipped coastwise by steamer. Lumber is also shipped from Wilmington by rail and by sailing vessel. The coastwise shipments by steamer are not so great in volume as the shipments by schooners, and the relative amounts by these two classes of carriers have not changed much duirng the last few years. No lumber is shipped by barge from Wilmington, although some comes into Wilmington by that class of carriers. Shipments of naval stores by water from Wilmington are not of much importance, except by the regular steamship line to New York. The shipment of crossties is, however, extensively carried on, and is done mostly by sailing vessels to northern ports. Fertilizer comes into Wilmington by stiling vessels from Norfolk and Baltimore. Coastwise shipments of cotton from this port were never very great. The cotton grown on plantations in the territory back of Wilmington, which was formerly sent to Wilmington, is now sent when designed for domestic consumption, principally by rail to Norfolk. Some cotton is received at Wilmington by the steamship line from Georgetown. This latter is cotton for export. Most of the soft coal used comes by rail from mines in West Virginia on the lines of the Chesapeake and Ohio and Norfolk and Western railways. The bunker trade at Wilmington is small. Most of the rail receipts of soft coal are used as railroad fuel, the local consumption for steam and domestic purposes amounting very closely to 50,000 tons annually. Wilmington is not a distributing point for coal. Cape Fear river, the most important in North Carolina, has been improved by the United States, and is navigable to Wilmington for ocean-going vessels of a deep draught. The draught, which can be carried alongside the berths at Wilmington is 21 ft.; the rise of the tide is 4 1-2 ft. at the bar and 2 1-2 ft. in the harbor. The port charges are very low, there being no harbor dues except $3 for sailing vessels and $10 for steamers to the harbor master, which is optional with the shipmaster, as this toll entitles the ship to all the benefits and personal attention of the harbor master in case of need. The pilotage charges range from $18.50 for a draught of 6 ft. and under, to $143 for 18 1-2 ft., but vessels calling at Southport for orders or for coal are only charged half pilotage."


## FOR THE THIN AND SCRAWNY.

**Samose Will Make You Plump and Rosy, Says J. Hicks Bunting.**

If you are getting thin you are sick, although you may not know it. If you are losing weight steadily, there is something wrong that needs looking after. If you have always been thin it doesn't follow that you are sick, but you may not be healthy. You cannot be strong if you are thin.

Try then to be healthy and plump, it is not difficult if you know how.

The only way to increase the weight and gain health and flesh is by using Samose, the standard flesh forming food and tissue builder. It mingles with the food you eat and is assimilated so that all the flesh forming and tissue building elements of the food are retained in the system. This explains the great value of Samose.

Weigh yourself before you begin using Samose. It will not cost you a cent unless it increases your weight and restores your health.

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., sells every package on a genuine guarantee to refund the money if it does not do all that is claimed for it.

**ACADEMY**
SCHLOSS THEATRE CIRCUIT
SATURDAY NIGHT, FEB. 18TH.
The Messrs. Shubert Present
**THE CITY**
Clyde Fitch's Greatest Play
One Year in New York :: Strong Cast.
PRICES:—$1.50 to 25 Cents. Seats Now on Sale.

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John White & Co.
LOUISVILLE, KY.
Established 1887
Highest market price paid for raw FURS and HIDES. WOOL ON COMMISSION

# OLD SORES
## DUE TO DISEASED BLOOD

Every symptom of an old sore suggests diseased blood. The inflammation, discharge, discolored flesh, and the fact that local applications have no permanent effect toward healing the ulcer, shows that deep down in the system there is a morbid cause for the sore. But more convincing proof that bad blood is the cause for these places is furnished by the fact that even removing the sore or ulcer by surgical operation does not cure; they always return. Nature will heal any sore if the blood is pure and healthy, but until the circulation is cleansed of all impure matter and supplied with nourishing and plasmic qualities the infected condition of flesh is OBLIGED to remain. S.S.S. heals Old Sores in a perfectly natural way. It goes into the blood, removes the impurities and morbid matters, adds nourishing qualities to this vital fluid, and brings about the very conditions that are necessary before any sore can heal. S.S.S. is a perfect blood purifier, acting directly on the circulation through the stomach and digestive members. Its use makes rich, red, healthy blood, which nourishes all flesh tissues instead of infecting them with the virulent matter which keep old sores open. Special book on Old Sores and any medical advice free.

SSS

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.


# BIG INSURANCE INDUSTRY

**"Virginia Life" Rounds Out Another Most Successful Year—Figures Show Gratifyingly Large Increase.**

Elsewhere in today's paper will be found a statement of the condition of the Life Insurance Company of Virginia at the close of the calendar year, December 31st, together with a striking showing of the growth of this old and progressive institution since its organization just after the War. The South has few financial institutions that will compare with this one and it is a pleasure to note its progress and prosperity.

The Life Insurance Company of Virginia mountains a district agency in this city in charge of Mr. B. T. Hopkins, superintendent, and he has a large and capable staff of assistants who have kept the pace set by the company all over its territory. The Statement published elsewhere is well worth the careful examination of every person interested in or likely to be interested in the best and most economical protection.

The Life Insurance Co., of Virginia has its headquarters here in the South at Richmond, Va., and the following from the Times-Dispatch will be read with interest:

"The footings for the past year are exceedingly gratifying to the stock holders, to the management and to the South, which loves a strong home institution. Just a glance at these figures shows that the premium income of the past year amounted to $2,765,737.44, and this was an increase over the business of the previous year of $176,803.40. The gross income of the company was $3,062,146.08, which was an increase of $230,516.01, and the increase in the assets of this well managed business was close to a million dollars, or to be exact was $956,012.58.

**New Year's Footings.**

"Today the company has insurance in force to the amount of $72,440,374, which is an increase over 1909 or $4,102,761. The total number of policies in force as per the books of January 1, are 542,293, which is an increase over the past year of 22,959 policies. Last year the company paid to policy holders, and paid them promptly, to the amount of $966,186.48. Since the organization of the company, away back yonder soon after the War Between the States, the company has paid to policy holders the enormous sum of $10,786,598.97.

**Figures That Talk.**

"It will be observed that in this summary the exact figures have been used, and this is in every way justifiable because, as is the habit of the company, the services of the famous accounting concern of H. B. Boudar & Son have been engaged to go over the books up to December 31, and that concern certifies that the figures are correct. Boudar also certifies that the total liabilities of the company up to date are $5,103,322.13; the total assets are $6,328,704.57, and the capital and surplus amount to $1,225,382.44.

**Men at the Helm.**

"The present management of the Life Insurance Company of Virginia, the same management that has been guiding its destiny since 1887, consists of the following officers, all of them well known Richmond business men:

"John G. Walker, president; T. William Pemberton, first vice president; W. L. T. Rogerson, second vice president; E. D. Harris, secretary; H. Cabell Tabb, M. D., medical director; John Sidney Davenport, Jr., actuary; Reginald Gilham, treasurer; A. S. Hurt, auditor; R. B. Pegram, supervisor; Frank Orgain, supervisor; W. W. Archer (editor 'The Virginian') F. E. Hall, superintendent ordinary agencies; Coke & Pickrell, general counsel. Directors—John G. Walker, T. William Pemberton, W. L. T. Rogerson, John G. Hayes, A. S. Hurt, Fairlie P. Cooke, Landon G. Rose.

"The Life Insurance Company of Virginia has not tried to cover the whole earth, but in its business ramifications it has been a boom to very much of the Southern country. It has agencies and does big business in a large part of the South, that is to say, from the District of Columbia to Louisiana, and in all this territory its reputation is away above par."


# Away With Pills and Purgatives!

The habit of taking salts or strong cathartic pills every time you want to loosen the bowels is a bad one, for in time you will destroy the activity of the digestive tract and you will have to rely entirely on medicines for action. This is not a pleasant thing to look forward to. From infancy to old age the use of strong purgatives should be avoided. This can be done by the use of a mild laxative like **Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin.** While it is mild enough for a baby to use yet it is strong enough to give action in the most robust constitution. The letters of endorsement the doctor gets are from no one class—mothers who take it, mothers who give it to babies and children, people in the prime of life, and old people. It is successful with them all. It is in truth the ideal remedy for constipation, indigestion, biliousness, heartburn, gas on the stomach, sour stomach and all other manifestations of stomach, liver or bowel trouble. A bottle can be obtained of any druggist at fifty cents or one dollar, but you can make a free trial of it by writing Dr. Caldwell for a free sample bottle. He will be glad to send it to you. You cannot do better than read the letters printed here, and then act on their suggestions.

Look for This Picture on Pkg.

**Dr. Caldwell does not feel that the purchase of his remedy ends his obligation. He has specialized in stomach, liver and bowel diseases for over forty years and will be pleased to give the reader any advice on the subject free of charge. All are welcome to write him. Whether for the medical advice or the free sample address him Dr. W B. Caldwell, 541 Caldwell Building, Monticello, Ill.**

*The following are some extracts from letters Dr. Caldwell has received:*

"I received the sample of Syrup Pepsin, liked it, and have bought a regular bottle of our druggist. It is an excellent medicine and very pleasant to take. I would not do without it again."—Robert J. Allison, Walnut Bottom, Pa.

"I haven't had a bad spell with my stomach since taking the first dose of Syrup Pepsin. I continued to take it for some time, as I had been afflicted for nearly twelve years and couldn't expect wonders overnight, but the fact is I can eat anything now and feel as if I had a new lease on life."—G. W. Selby, Brashear, Mo.

"Your Syrup Pepsin is unquestionably a fine remedy for stomach and bowel trouble, and should be in every home. While this is given voluntarily, and comes to you unsolicited, you may use it to promote the sale of your valuable remedy. May success attend you in the introduction of this fine and valuable medicine."—E. B. Gibson, Crystal Springs, Miss.

"I received your sample bottle of Syrup Pepsin and liked it so much that I bought a bottle from my druggist and have taken nearly all of that and will get another bottle soon. I like it better than anything of the kind I have ever tried."—Mrs. John L. Moore, Clinton, Ky.

"I received your sample bottle and have used two other bottles besides. I find it a very good medicine. I keep it in the house all the time. Would not do without it."—Mrs. Dollie Graves, Hamilton, Ohio.

"I have used your Syrup Pepsin for years and would not be without it."—W. L. Bryant, P. M., Sardis, Tenn.


Norfolk, Va., Feb. 10.—With clearing weather, a large number of sailing and other vessels that had been storm bound in Hampton Roads, for practically a week, sailed today. Twenty schooners and several tugs with coasting tows, had put to sea up to nightfall, among these being the sailing ship Brynhilda, bound from Norfolk to Buenos Ayres with lumber.


## A NOTRE DAME LADY'S APPEAL.

To all knowing sufferers of rheumatism, whether muscular or of the joints, sciatica, lumbagos, backache, pains in the kidneys or neuralgia pains, to write to her for a home treatment which has repeatedly cured all of these tortures. She feels it her duty to send it to all sufferers FREE. You cure yourself at home as thousands will testify—no change of climate being necessary. This simple discovery banishes uric acid from the blood, loosens the stiffened joints, purifies the blood, and brightens the eyes, giving elasticity and tone to the whole system. If the above interests you, for proof address Mrs. M. Summers, Box R, Notre Dame, Ind.

## WOOD'S SELECTED
# Seed Potatoes

We are headquarters for the best

**Maine-grown, Second Crop and Northern-grown Seed Potatoes;**

stocks selected and grown specially for seed purposes, and superior both in quality and productiveness.

**Wood's New Seed Catalog** gives descriptions and full information as to the best and most profitable kinds to plant, both for early and main crop.

**Write for prices and Descriptive Catalog, mailed free on request.**

**T. W. WOOD & SONS**
**Seedsmen, - Richmond, Va.**

## MEN WANTED.

**Wages $25 to $50 a Week in Automobile Work—Thousands of Jobs Waiting for Competent Men in All Parts of the Country**

In addition to the immense number now in operation about 300,000 automobiles will be manufactured this year and this means work for thousands of men qualified to sell, repair, drive and demonstrate automobiles and trucks. The Rochester Automobile School will fit any man in a few weeks to fill any of these positions, without interfering with his present employment, get him a job and give him an opportunity to make $10 weekly while learning. For information write Rochester Automobile School, 539 Church St., Rochester, N. Y.

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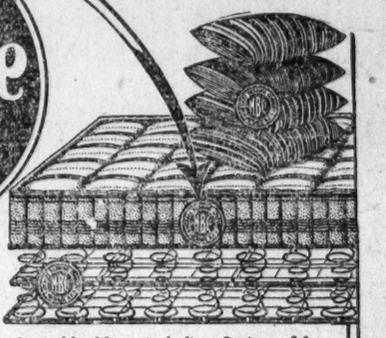
# SPRINGS, MATTRESSES, PILLOWS AND COTS

The Mebane Line



60 DAYS TRIAL

THE popular **Mebane** line of bedding, including Springs, Mattresses, Pillows and Cots, is manufactured in the "Old North State" by Southern men, by Southern labor, for Southern people. It is the strongest line of bedding in existence in the South to-day. It gives complete and lasting satisfaction. It sells on merit alone and is really "honest all through." It is covered by the following

***Iron-Clad Guarantee***

*Buy a Mebane Spring or Mattress from your dealer.* **Sleep on them 60 nights.** *If at the end of that time you are not entirely satisfied, return them and your money will be cheerfully refunded.*

**Look for Our Trade Mark on Each Article. It's Your Protection.**

To satisfy the insistent and rapidly increasing demand for the Mebane line of bedding, from those who have investigated and know its superiority, we have been obliged to largely increase our factory floor space and install additional modern machinery. Ask your dealer about the Mebane line.

**MEBANE BEDDING CO., Mebane, N.C.**

# Sporting Goods!

Spaulding's Base Balls, Bats, Mits and Masks.
Lawn Tennis Rackets, Nets and Balls.
Golf Balls, Etc.
Kodaks and Films
Send for Catalogue. Mail orders solicited.

# C. W. Yates & Co.
Wilmington, N. C.

# WHAT THE DOCTOR SAID

*I Recommend*

# *Bear's Wines,*

because they are made under the most improved sanitary conditions. Light in alcohol and having that real grape taste. I prescribe the wine and then watch the roses creep back in my patients cheeks.

Try My Prescription and Judge for Yourselves

**Bear's Extra Dry, Premium, Scupernong, Port, Sherry, Catawba and Other Wines**

## SOL. BEAR & CO.

Phone 866. 7 and 9 Chestnut St., Wilmington, N, C.

## NEW CUT IN KIMONOS

LAVENDER AND WHITE IS THIS COLOR SCHEME.

LAVENDER and white form the color scheme of this pretty fleece kimono, which may be readily donned when arising or in one's room in the morning. The illustration shows a very new idea, the side flap closing. The trimmings are of lavender poplin.

# A NEW YEAR'S RESOLVE

### Hints For Girls Who Are Going to Trim Their Own Hats

THERE are few things that pay you better than a capacity for trimming your own hats. If you have the knack of style, the materials cost little enough, and with a twist and a turn a charming confection is quickly produced. To such a person it naturally all comes easy.

But there are many little hints that will help the novice who has tried her apprentice hand without much success. First of all, try and teach yourself to judge an untrimmed shape. It is sometimes so difficult to choose one, for in its bare state there is little resemblance to the finished article. When trying on various shapes put the crown of each hat out of your calculations for the moment. It generally is the cause of the ugly appearance an untrimmed hat is sure to possess when being tried on. The trimming will remedy all that; it is the brim you want to study. Turned up, turned down, slightly or much raised, which suits you best?

When you have selected a brim which exactly meets your requirements half the battle is won. Milliners will tell you the lining should not be put in till the last thing, but it is safer to line it first and leave the drawstring open till the last; then there is no risk of tossing and crushing your trimming by laboring at the lining.

Do not put many stitches into millinery. Pins are faithful friends, and when the lining is drawn up no one is any the wiser. It is easy to pin a spray of flowers into position and leave it so. A bow, rosettes or swathe is easier to manipulate with a pin than with a needle. There is an excellent tip, however, in which the needle triumphs when a shower of small flowers, daisies, violets or tiny rosebuds, for instance, is required to be sprinkled, as it were, over the crown. Use a really large needle and thread it with green flax thread or something of the kind. Put the needle down through the crown from the outside and bring it up again. Cut your thread, leaving two lengths; lay the little spray between these and tie them securely. Snip the ends afterward close to the knot to neaten it off. In this manner a very light effect is produced, as the single blooms can be fitted in just where they are required and secured exactly, whereas if they were sewed over and over it would be much more difficult to do, and tying with thread is firm even on the flimsiest shape. Pins would show in this case. They can only be used where foliage or material can be tucked over to hide them. Then they are more than handy.

Too many artificial flowers are heavy—extraordinarily heavy—and flower laden hats like roof gardens mean headaches to the wearer. For a useful wet weather hat a becoming felt shape and a couple of yards of the thinnest—probably the cheapest—taffeta silk, on the cross, is good value in the hands of the amateur. Gather up one end of the silk and fasten it on the hat. It really does not matter much where. Bring the silk round; it simply takes you in hand and arranges itself into charming folds. Let it do pretty well what it likes and then stitch or pin it to meet where it was originally fastened. Bunch up the remaining end or cut it off and make the finish separately. A good bow can be made by folding the whole breadth into a loop. Gather it up in your hand, catch it with a needle, using strong thread, which is wound round firmly. Gather up another loop and secure it in the same way. You will soon have a regular bunch of smart loops to pin on to your hat.

An inexperienced amateur milliner should beware of overloading or overtrimming.

## HOW TO TRAIN THE NEW MAID

WHEN training a new servant it is often very convenient to have a supply of precepts for kitchen management. Much trouble may be saved in this way. It is useless to leave an inexperienced girl to her own devices. Nail this column up in the kitchen so that she may consult it and save mistakes.

First.—Wash a saucepan in plenty of hot water, but never wash cake tins or frying pans. Wipe them well with a piece of paper, which is afterward burned, and polish them with a dry cloth.

Second.—Stand saucepans, fish kettles, etc., in front of the fire for a few minutes after washing them, so that they may be thoroughly dried inside. This makes them last longer and helps to keep them in good condition for use.

Third.—Pudding cloths, jelly bags and so on should be well washed, scalded and hung up to dry. It is not necessary to iron them, but they should be smoothed and folded before they are replaced in the drawer.

Fourth.—Add a little soda to the water in which you wash plates and dishes. The soda loosens the grease on them and gives the china a good, shiny surface.

Fifth.—Never add soda to the water in which you wash silver. Use a wooden tub, with plenty of hot water and soap, and dry the articles with a soft cloth. If silver is carefully washed and dried, once a week will be found often enough to clean it with powder and a leather. Silver should be kept in a baize lined drawer or basket, for if it is laid on hard wood it is apt to be scratched.

Sixth.—Never put the handles of knives into hot water or they will split. If a knife has been used for cutting onions or any other strong scented vegetable dig the blade of it once or twice into garden mold to remove the smell before it is washed.

Seventh.—If a pan is burned or blackened rub the inside of it with a hard crust of bread dipped in salt and afterward wash it with hot soda and water.

Eighth.—Be very careful to keep the lids of saucepans clean, for the flavor of one dish may cling to a lid which has not been washed and spoil a second dish which is prepared in the same pan.

Ninth.—After washing up wipe out the dish tub and allow it to stand by the fire till it is dry. The dish tub should be scrubbed with boiling water and soap at least once a week.

### ILLUSTRATED RHYMES.

Quite a stunt for an impromptu party of young people recently was a contest which consisted in illustrating Mother Goose rhymes. They seemed to enjoy the fun mightily, and it certainly took little time or trouble to get it up.

Verses from the celebrated rhymes were written on large pieces of cardboard, and they were passed with pencils.

Each boy or girl drew a picture to illustrate the rhyme he or she held, and the prizes were announced as being in waiting for the best.

Twenty minutes were allowed for thinking up the picture and drawing it. The first prize was a nicely illustrated book and the second a plaster of paris goose filled with bonbons.

## IT'S SMART FOR THE SMALL GIRL

### WHITE COAT WITH BLACK VELVET TRIMMINGS.

STUNNING coats for small girlies are of spotless white broadcloth. There is a new mixture of wool and mohair threads with a beautiful silky sheen which is much used for this purpose, on which black velvet trimmings make a sharp contrast.

Black is out of the question for children except in velvet, but this winter black velvet trimmings are very smart on little coats. The dainty coat pictured, which comes, by the way, from Paris, is of the wool mixture described, and the square collar and deep cuffs are of black velvet, as are also the buttons and loops on the double breasted front.

## CHARMING HOUSE COSTUME

STUNNING EFFECT IN BLACK AND WHITE.

OVER the closely fitted black satin slip of this house costume is draped a white satin cuirass tunic bordered with gold mullion embroidery. It starts under the arms, swathes the waist and hips and is partially veiled by a belting polonaise of white mousseline de soie trimmed with double rows of quillings of black chiffon.

## LAMPS AND THEIR CARE

WHEREVER possible the mistress or one member of the household should undertake the care of lamps and rank it among her important daily tasks, for this is one of the secrets of success if you would have a good light and avoid the unpleasantness of smell, smuts and smoke.

So set about the task at once and remove all the old wicks from the lamps, cutting them up and putting them in a jar in the coal cellar. These bits of wick will form capital fire lighters. Empty the containers of oil and wash them out in hot soda water, placing them where they are sure to get thoroughly dry. Take the upper portion of the lamp where the wicks appear all to pieces, wash and boil them in soda water till every scrap of dirt and charred matter has disappeared. Dry very thoroughly and polish the lamp glasses with newspaper and chamois leather, but do not wash them.

Have the new wicks well dried and place them in their sheaths, fill up the containers to within an inch of the top and put the whole lamp together again.

It is wise to turn the new wicks a little and then rub off the uneven bits. Round off the corners of the duplex wicks, but do not cut the circular ones if you can possibly avoid it. If the wicks run rather stiffly draw out a thread or two until they work easily.

When the lamps are ready turn the wicks well down into the sheaths until the time comes for lighting.

Every morning collect all the lamps that have been used and take them where you can attend to them in a good light. Rub off the charred portions of the wick with a pad of soft paper, taking care that not a speck falls into any portion of the lamp. Polish the glasses and fill the containers.

Always keep the implements for lamp cleaning in a box by themselves. They should include a mop for the glasses, wick scissors (which should only be used in cases of dire necessity), a chamois leather and two soft dusters. Always wipe each lamp carefully with the last before putting them in place.

When lighting lamps do not turn the wicks too high at first, as it may make them smoke, and also keep a sharp lookout for the first ten minutes they are lit for the same reason.

## THE SMART THING IN TEA GOWNS

OF Grecian design is this tea gown, which is carried out in heavy white meteore, veiled in apricot ninon. The belt and embroideries are of gold.

## Things Worth Knowing

Brass bedsteads can be kept nice and bright by rubbing them occasionally with a dry cloth moistened with sweet oil. Afterward polish with a dry cloth.

* *

To remove the taste of fish from knives and forks rub them with earth for a minute or two and the taste will quickly disappear.

* *

Half a lemon placed in the water in which dish towels are soaked will sweeten them wonderfully.

* *

Oil of lavender sprinkled about in the bookshelves will prevent the volumes from mildewing.

* *

Potato parings dried in the oven are good to kindle fires, as they light more easily than wood.

* *

A pair of scissors is infinitely better for trimming off the rind from ham or bacon than a knife.

* *

When a glass stopper will not come out of a bottle allow one or two drops of glycerin to soak in and it can be removed quite easily.

## THE NURSERY PUDDING

NO matter what other dishes may be prepared for the little ones, it is the pudding that chiefly interests them. When eggs are cheap, which unfortunately they are not at present, they should be freely used in children's puddings. As a rule, children dislike milk puddings, and, indeed, the average nursery dessert is far from appetizing, a stogy mass of boiled rice with a little milk and sugar, but the child who dislikes milk puddings will look with favor on a golden custard tapioca or a little cocoa dissolved in milk turns a homely cornstarch into a dainty chocolate pudding.

An economical, wholesome and generally relished nursery pudding is made of stale bread cut into neat shapes soaked in a little milk and beaten egg, to which a teaspoonful of some fruit sirup has been added, then fried a golden brown and served sprinkled with sugar.

Raisins make a nice dessert. If a cup of boiling water be poured over them at night by the next morning they will be plump and tender, and they are exceedingly wholesome eaten with a milky rice or laid on slices of bread and butter as sweet sandwiches.

All children like jellies, and as they are extremely tempting they can be used to convey nourishment to the little ones whose appetites are flagging by adding well beaten eggs to a jelly made of gelatin.

Most children like junket served with cream and sugar, and it is very good for them. There are several junket tablets on the market by means of which junket is easily made, and the liquid sort is always reliable.

## When the Lamp Is Lit

### MUSINGS OF ELINOR HITE

I THINK it is time that some one gave men a little advice for a change. From the moment a girl can read there are, she finds, people who do nothing apparently but write pages in scolding her, praising her, advising her and condemning her, telling her just what to do and how to do it, how to make herself charming and attractive, how to treat the man she means to marry and what to say to the man she means to refuse.

So now, to turn the tables, here's some advice for the men.

Some men seem to think it doesn't matter what they do or say once they're married, and they wear just "anything" at home.

But when they were courting they tried, I am sure, to look their very best. Then they were most particular about the set of a coat and the crease in the trousers.

They shaved until a baby's face was hairy in comparison. Altogether they looked quite dandified, and quite right too. A girl naturally likes the man she is with to be well groomed. She is proud to see him well turned out.

But afterward are you men quite as keen to look your best and do credit to your women folks after marriage as you were before?

Or are they supposed to admire you just as much no matter how carelessly you are dressed?

Remember, sir, she still has eyes and can compare you with other men, and for the sake of happiness at home it is well that it should be to your advantage.

I cannot see why a man should think he can go about like a scarecrow just because he is married, but many men really seem to have this idea.

Such men, though, would probably make a great fuss if their wives were to go about the house in disarray. Yet these same men will go around the home in shapeless slippers, minus collars, no coats and badly shaved. If men once realized how painfully unattractive they look without collars they would keep them on as long as possible.

As for shaving—well, I have heard it said that a woman should "never let her husband see how far from beautiful she can look," and the advice is equally good for men.

So, my dear sir, if you value your wife's opinion of your good looks, always shave in private. A man shaving is so plain that the sight is enough to make up to a woman for all the times she has been caught in curling pins and with somebody's unrivaled complexion cream on her face.

She knows that at her very worst she couldn't look as bad as that.

## LINGERIE, LIKE GOWNS, MUST CLING

COMBINATION CORSET COVER AND PETTICOAT.

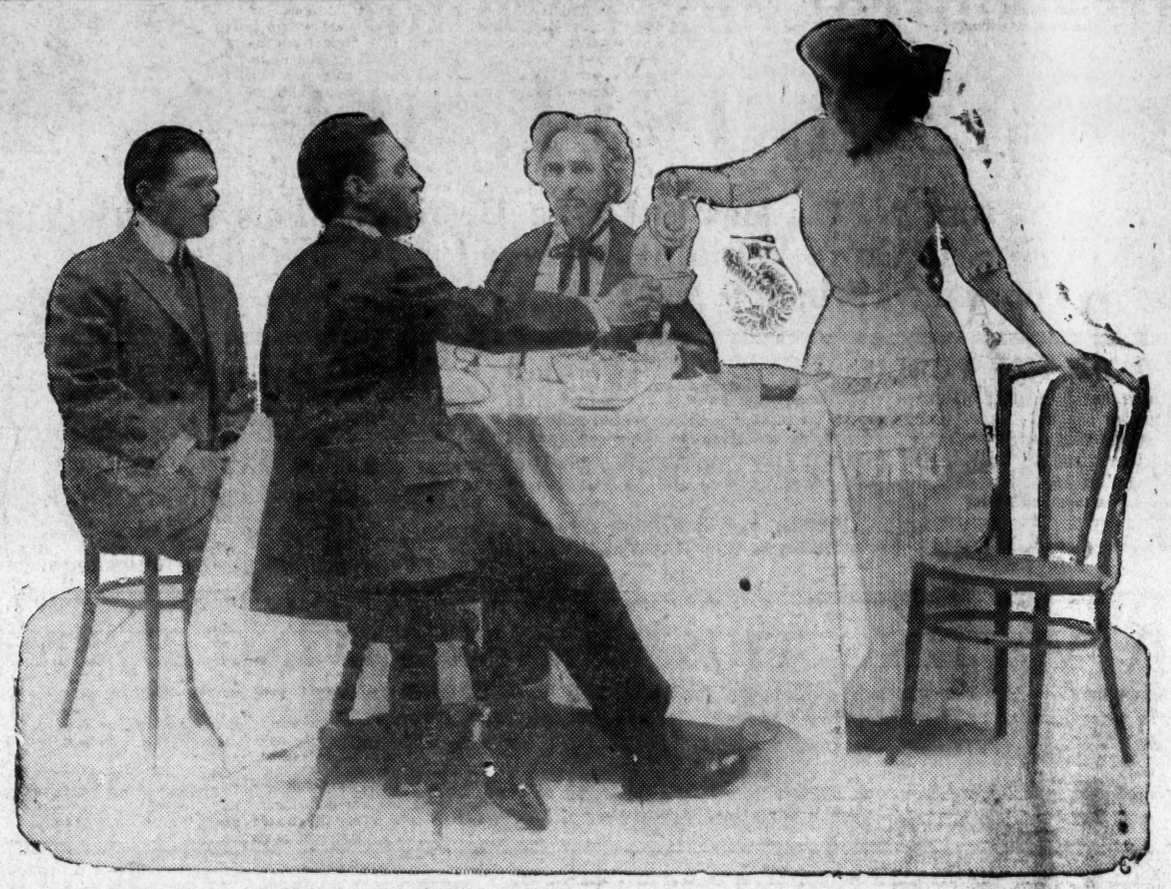
TO be strictly "in the swim" one's gown must cling to the body and unless suitable underwear is chosen it will be found difficult to gain the desired effect. The combination corset cover and petticoat, while having the clinging, well fitting lines, has other good points. The shoulder strap may be unfastened by means of a bow of ribbon. This is a very good point when extremely decollete evening gowns are worn. Madeira hand embroidery adorns the garment.

# Theatrical

**Monday Night—"The Climax."**
**Tuesday Night—Blanche Ring.**
**Saturday Night—"The City."**
**Monday, Feb. 20th—"The Cow and the Moon."**

The present week is destined to be one for Wilmington playgoers. Never before has such a galaxy of standard attractions been crowded into a single week for the Academy of Music. There have been more attractions during the similar period but never such a briliant trio. Tomorrow night comes a return engagement of the wonderful "Climax," which made a brilliant hit with Wilmington theatregoers last season, being prenounced by all who witnessed it as one of the best attractions ever in Wilmington. Tuesday night comes the famed comedienne, Blanch Ring, and Miss Ring and her big New York company only play two North Carolina cities, jumping from Baltimore to Charlotte, from Charlotte to Wilmington and then to Charleston.

Next Saturday the Clyde Fitch play that has gripped fast the hearts of all playgoers, "The City," will be offered. It is also well to note that a week from tomorrow night, Monday, February 20th, will come the great and bewildering extravaganza, "The Cow and the Moon." This is fine variety.



*Scene From "The Climax"—Academy Tomorrow Night.*

### "The Climax."

Joe Weber's much talked of play, "The Climax" is the most original type of play that was seen here last season. The dainty melody drama has made a most emphatic hit with the local theatregoers. Tomorrow night it comes to the Academy for a return engagement.

The piece, in fact, is so very natural and life-like in the telling of the story and the actions of the people that it can be scarcely called a play.

It is living out of a novel and dramatic story of how a young singer's ambition is nearly thwarted by a selfish and bigoted young doctor, who loves the girl but does not wish her to take up an operatic career. A slight operation is necessary on her throat in order to remove a certain huskiness of tone in the middle register. A friend of the young doctor performes the operation and there is no longer danger of a disastrious result, but the young doctor uses his theory of mental suggestion upon the patient to such an extent that she is practically paralyzed with nervous apprehension when she attempts to sing and her vocal chords fail to respond. She believes that her hopes are crushed forever, and is on the point of committing suicide, but is stopped by her old music master. In the last act she is seen happy once more having put aside her thoughts of a theatrical career and being about to wed the young doctor. She has not attempted to use her voice during the interval, feeling that it is gone forever, but in the great flood of happiness which overwhelms her at the hour of her marriage, she does sing—and sings better than ever before. The old music master, and Pietro his son, are both overjoyed, but not so the doctor, who confesses the method he resorted to to keep her from her stage career. She turns from him in righteous anger at his terrible trick, and looks ahead to a glorious career as one of the great song-birds of the world. Now, when it is necessary to have a hero or heroine sing in a drama it is usually done by a substitute who is conveniently behind the scenes, or polite, or rather politically turns his or her back to the audience so it may seem as if she or he is really singing. This same thing is true in nearly all instances where it is necessary that the piano be played by one of the characters. A pianist off stage does the work while the pianist on the stage operates a silen keyboard. But in "The Climax" there is no such substitution.

Adelina stands there facing the audience and sings "The Song of the Soul," and Pietro, young composer, plays the piano—and has a baby grand upon which to show his skill. This is stage realism in its highest altitude. And it is thoroughly appreciated by the audience to whom the singing is doubly sweet and the piano playing doubly clever because neither is "faked," but highly executed by splendid artists.

This season Manager Weber is sending the original New York cast here.

Seats went on sale at Plummer's yesterday.

### Blanche Ring Tuesday Night.

It is a happy turn of fate or circumstances that brings Blanche Ring to the Academy the coming week, as Miss Ring come here with her complete New York organization which ran for a period of six months at the Herald Square Theatre in New York. "The Yankee Girl" is the title of the musical comedy and is the joint work of George Hobart and Silvio Hein. The story is described as an interesting one and in it Miss Ring plays Jessie Gordon, the whole-souled American girl who finds herself in a Latin Republic where, on business for her father, she is confronted with the opportunity to prove her loyalty and patriotism to Uncle Sam by pushing through to success all alone an important contract for the concession of a nitrate mine. In true and gritty Yankee Girl fashion she accomplishes this successfully and incidentally wins the local American Consul for a husband. Around this story Mr. Hobart has woven many humorous complications and given the comedians in her support ample opportunity to display their talents for fun-making, practically throughout the entire three acts of the comedy. Mr. Hein's musical numbers include "Top of the Morning," "Nora Malone" and "Love Among The Roses," and it is unnecessary to state that in the rendition of these songs she is all that can be desired, as the audience thoroughly prove by joining in the chorus.

The cast is a strong one and includes five comedians, heralded by Harry Gilford the inimitable.

Seats go on sale tomorrow morning.

### "The City" Next Saturday.

Clyde Fitch's last play, "The City," which will be presented by the Messrs. Shubert for the first time here at the Academy next Saturday, February 18th, is a vital, absorbing drama showing th effects of metropolitan life on an ambitious and prosperous family who have moved to New York City from a small, up-State town Furthermore, it is a defense of the city so dearly loved and so admirably interpreted by Mr. Fitch as the crucible in which the essential good and bad qualities of men and women are more thoroughly brought to the surface; the place too fraught with life and activity to tolerate the self-deceit and small sypocrisies which may flourish in lesser localities.

The most exact idea of the theme and the sentiment of "The City" is to be found in the dramatic and explanatory speech of the central character, George Rand, Jr., in the last act of the play. This outburst is called forth by the wails and lamentations of the other people in the play who seek to blame the city rather than themselves for the various catastrophies with which they have been overwhelmed.

"No, you're all wrong," declares the young man, on whom the brunt of retributive justice has fallen heavily. "Do not blame the city. It's not her fault; it's your own! What the city does is to bring out what's strongest in us. If at heart we are good, the good in us will win; if bad, God help us! Do not blame the city! She gives man his opportunity; it is up to him what he makes of it!

"The City" is in three acts—each of the three intense with interest, excitement and emotion. The first act, somewhat in the nature of a prologue, takes place in the home of George Rand, Sr., in the up-State town where he is the local banker and leading public figure. This act shows the eagerness of the young people, against the advice of their father, to establish themselves in the metropolis. The other two acts occur in the city home of the son, George Rand, Jr., after the lapse of a few years, when he has attained a position of prominence and has within his grasp the nomination for the governorship of his State.

*Blanche Ring in "The Yankee Girl"—Academy Tuesday Night.*

## HOUSTON DOVE IS GUILTY.

**Lumberman at Durham Convicted of Manslaughter.**

Durham, N. C., Feb. 10.—A manslaughter verdict was returned late tonight against Houston Dove, a prominent lumberman, charged with the murder of Joe Roycroft, a farmer. Sentence was not pronounced.

Roycroft's body was found January 28th, and Dove admitted to the police that he had an altercation with the farmer the preceding night. The men were neighbors.

New York, Feb. 10.—Tom O'Rourke, of the National Sporting Club of America, here, announced tonight that he had matched Ad. Wolgast and "Knockout" Brown for a ten-round bout at the club on Friday, March 3. The boys will meet at 133 pounds, ring-side.

**Backache, Rheumatism, Sleeplessness**

Result from disordered kidneys. Foley Kidney Pills have helped others, they will help you. Mrs. J. B. Miller, Syracuse, N. Y., says: "For a long time I suffered with kidney trouble and rheumatism. I had severe backaches and felt all played out. After taking two bottles of Foley Kidney Pills my backache is gone and where I used to lie awake with rheumatism pains I now sleep in comfort. Foley Kidney Pills did wonderful things for me." Try them now.—Robert R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C.

## MACON WANTS REUNION.

**Georgia City Would Cordially Welcome the Old Soldiers.**

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Macon, Ga., Feb. 11.—Gen. Wm. E. Mickle, of New Orleans, Adjutant General and Chief of Staff, and Gen. Clement A. Evans, of Atlanta, First Honorary Commander in-Chief, United Confederate Veterans, have expressed themselves as favorable to Macon as the place for the 1912 reunion.

"I have enjoyed the hospitality of Macon at a State Reunion, and I know how its people entertain; and I shall be delighted to have a general reunion held there," is an extract from General Mickle's letter to the local Invitation Committee.

Gen. Clement Evans wrote in part as follows:

"What I know is that Macon is so centrally located, so enthusiastically faithful to all the glorious memories of the Confederate soldiers, so able to do all things that are required for such an occasion as a general reunion, that the immense numbers from all our country present in 1912 will have heartfelt gratification in being present there and witnessing the great event."

One hundred and fifty leading citizens of Macon and Central Georgia will go to the reunion at Little Rock in May, carrying the official invitation for the 1912 reunion and they will be prepared to make a whirlwind campaign to secure the event.

Arrangements have been made for chartering a train of ten or twelve sleepers which will be known as the "Macon 1912 Special." Funds for this train and an extensive advertising campaign have been secured. Within the past few weeks more than 5,000 personally written letters of invitation have been issued to the different camp commanders former officers and veterans. Hundreds of favorable replies have already been received.

## GROWING SUMMER APPLES.

**Department of Agriculture Issues Valuable Bulletin on Subject.**

Washington D. C., Feb. 11.—On nearly every farm Summer apples have had a place since very early days, and varieties have been developed extending the season of apple production over the entire Summer, as well as Autumn. While as a rule this fruit has been grown for family consumption, the surplus has found its way to market. The marked decline in the production of peaches within the past few years has brought about a considerable extension of the early apple industry on a commercial scale which extension has been most marked in the Middle Atlantic States, where especially advantageous transportation routes, both rail and water and the proximity of large markets, have stimulated the enterprise which has its center in the truck producing region near Philadelphia. The United States Department of Agriculture, as a result of this extension, has made a study of the early apple industry, with the Middle Atlantic States as a field, and published the information collected in a bulletin entitled "Summer Apples in the Middle Atlantic States," issued by the Bureau of Plant Industry. This bulletin is a compendium of information covering all phases of the question of early apple production, including soils, climate, culture, picking, packing, marketing, etc. Numerous varieties are described, and seasons and other data conveniently presented in tabular form.

Oklahoma City, Okla., Feb. 10.—Mrs. Zerelda Samuel, 86 years old, mother of Frank and Jesse James, the former bandits, died this afternoon on a St. Louis & San Francisco Railway train, 15 miles north of here. She was on the way to Kansas City from the home of her son, Frank, who lives on a farm near Fletcher, Okla.

Real French Drip Coffee can not be made unless the coffee itself is prepared, blended and roasted according to the famous French method. Use

**LUZIANNE COFFEE**

For French Drip Coffee

For all-around family use

THE REILY TAYLOR CO.
NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A.

**STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, DEPARTMENT OF STATE.**
**Certificate of Dissolution.**

To All Whom These Presents May Come, Greeting:

Whereas, It appears to my satisfaction, by duly authenticated record of the proceedings for the voluntary dissolution thereof by the unanimous consent of all the stockholders, deposited in my office that the Gem Cigar Co., a corporation of this State, whose principal office was situated at 10 N. Front street, City of Wilmington, County of New Hanover, State of North Carolina, I. Wm. Struthers, J. P., being the agent therein, and in charge thereof, upon whom process may be served, has complied with the requirements of Chapter 21, Revisal of 1905, entitled "Corporations," preliminary to the issuing of this certificate of dissolution.

Now, therefore, I, J. Bryan Grimes, Secretary of State of the State of North Carolina, do hereby certify that the said corporation did, on the 29 day of December, 1910, file, in my office a duly executed and attested consent in writing to the dissolution of said corporation, executed by all the stockholders thereof, which said consent and the record of the proceedings aforesaid are now on file in my said office, as provided by law.

In testimony whereof I have hereto set my hand and affixed my official seal, at Raleigh, this 4th day of February, 1911.

J. BRYAN GRIMES,
Secretary of State.

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**THE E. SNYDER CO.**
**DECORATORS.**
119 Dock St. Wilmington, N. C.
Painting, Paper Hanging, Decorating
Fresco Work a Specialty.
Estimates and Suggestions cheerfully given.

*Scene From "The City"—Academy Saturday, Feb. 18th.*

## TO THE MEDITERRANEAN.

**Clark's Tourists on "Arabic" Off for a Winter Cruise.**

With a passenger list of over 500 names from more than 40 States, and the Dominion of Canada, the Clark cruising steamer "Arabic" left on February 4th on her Annual Trip to the Mediterranean.

The itinerary of the cruise comprises a total distance traveled in the sum of 14,940 miles; visiting Spain, Algiers, Malta, Greece, Turkey, The Holy Lands, Egypt The Nile, Italy and the Riviera and the party will not be back until April.

This Annual Clark Cruise is a well established feature and favorably known throughout the breadth of the United States, as is evidenced by the number of States represented in the passenger list every year.

Among those on board this year are the following:

Rt. Rev. Dr. A. Dunter Dunn, Lord Bishop of Quebec, and family; Mr. and Mrs. John Robert Gregg, of New York; Mr. A. B. Gwathmey and family, of New York; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. P. James, of New York; Mr. T. Avery Lamb, of New York; Hon. Jos. J. Little and family, of New York; Major General Marshall Ludington, former Quartermaster General United States Army; Senator E. O. Miller and wife, of Los Angeles, Cal.; Mr. G. McClellan, of Dayton, Ohio "News," and family; Dr. Malcolm McLean and wife, of New York; Mrs. O. F. Paxton, of New York; Hon. Waldo Pettingil and family, of Rumford Falls, Me.; Dr. Loton C. Read, of Grand Rapids, Mich.; Mr. John I. Bishop, of Philadelphia, Pa.; Mr. Decatur Sawyer, of Montclair, N. J.; Mr. John T. Winship, chairman of the Democratic State Committee (Michigan), wife and daughter, of Saginaw, Mich.

Lisbon, Feb. 10.—The draft of the bill for the separation of the Church and State has been completed. It guarantees liberty of conscience, education and propaganda, subject to simple control. The churches will be placed at the disposal of the clergy, the only stipulation being that the clergy shall show they are able to keep them up.

Star Business Locals bring satisfactory results every time.

**Nunnally's**

**The Name on a Box of Candy**

that guarantees the purity, quality, freshness of every dainty morsel within. No other candies are so good.

*We receive express shipments almost daily.*

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO.
Agents.

**Pale Export BEER**

This is to notify our customers that they can secure this popular brand by sending their orders to Petersburg, Va.

4 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersb'g, $3.00.
10 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersb'g, $7.50.

DARLEY PARK BREWING COMPANY
G. MORGAN KNIGHT, Manager. PETERSBURG, VA.

**East Carolina Teachers' Training School**

GREENVILLE, N. C.
SPRING AND SUMMER COURSES FOR TEACHERS.
1911
Spring Term, March 14th to May 20th, ten weeks.
Summer Term, June 6th to July 29th, eight weeks.
The aim of this course is beter to equip the teacher for his work.
Text-books:—Those used in the public schools of the State.
For further information, address,
ROBERT H. WRIGHT, President,
Greenville, N. C.

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**GASOLINE ENGINES!**

Either Portable, Stationary or Marine.

**FAIRBANK'S**

Nothing on the market superior. Call on, or write us for prices. We are the agents for this territory.

**Cape Fear Machine Works**

(Where you can get quick service.)
Wilmington, N. C.

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"You can taste the difference."

**Jackson Square Coffee**

"WHITE LABEL."

A square deal in every can is our guarantee, or purchase price refunded. Original coffee flavor with all its goodness, rich, delicious taste preserved by packing only in sealed air-tight cans. Your grocer will supply you.

Importers Coffee Co, Ltd., New Orleans, La.

Awarded First Prize, Blue Ribbon, by the Alabama Agricultural Ass'n (1908), Montgomery, Ala.; State Fair, Macon, Ga., (1908, 1909, 1910); Mecklenburg Fair Ass'n, Charlotte, N. C., (1908, 1909, 1910); State Fair, Columbia, S. C., (1909).

# FAIR WARNING!

# ANOTHER EARTHQUAKE!

## Wilmington, N. C., Its Centre! Prepare for It!

## Wednesday, February 15th, 1911, at 9 A. M.

**The Entire $50,000 00 Stock of PLATT & HAAR, Wilmington, N. C., Has But One Destiny. That's With You.**
**A Bonafide Reduction on Every Item and Garment in Our Store Without Reserve for 10 Days Only,**
**Beginning Wednesday, February 15th, at 9 A. M.**

**FREE FREE FREE**
**$50 in Gold**
GIVEN AWAY
ABSOLUTELY FREE!

### NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC:

To our valued customers, we wish to say that from this date we will discontinue selling goods in any manner but for cash only. We are mailing under separate cover to our credit customers a letter which shows our appreciation of their past business, and at the same time explains in detail, as we hope, to their satisfaction, the change we are muking, from a credit to a strictly cash basis. This is the medium by which we have been prompted to reduce our stock $15,000.00 in the next ten days, and the prices we have put on this new and up-to-date minute merchandise borders on the phenomenal.

As to the character of our stock:—as is known all over Eastern Carolina, we have never carried cheap or shoddy goods, therefore none need expect to find this class of merchandise on sale. Our entire stock is at the mercy of the people, without reserve, for ten days only.

### FREE! FREE!

**To the first twenty-five women entering our store Wednesday, Feb. 15th, 1911, we will give absolutely FREE to each of the 25 women a nice 10-yard dress pattern. Tell your friends about it.**

## THESE HARD TIMES OVERCOME BY VISITING THIS MONEY-SAVING EVENT

We are conducting this sale under Modern methods—where thousands upon thousands of dollars may be sold without the least exertion, and predict the TEN BIGGEST SALE DAYS in the history of Wilmington. We propose to give absolute satisfaction from start to finish. No misrepresentations, exaggerated statements, or price juggling will be tolerated by this store. For nearly seven years the word of PLATT & HAAR has been their bond in Wilmington. Their straight-forward dealings, honesty and integrity will verify any statement they make. We are not advertising a hiprang or hurrah sensation ,but are offering first-class values, good honorable selection of merchandise at ridiculously low prices for ten days only, beginning Wednesday, February 15th, at 9 A. M.

This sale cannot help but stir the community from end to end, for this age has never before contributed a commercial event of such importance. $50,000.00 worth of New, Up-to-Date Merchandise, consisting of wearing apparel for Women and Children; Dry Goods, Millinery, Staples, Rugs, Trunks, Ladies' Tailor-made Garments, Underwear, Matting, Linoleum, etc., to be sold regardless of former value.

## THIS STORE AN OASIS IN A DESERT OF HIGH PRICES FOR TEN DAYS ONLY

### Below We Quote But a Few of the Many Thousands of Bargains to Be Had During This Bargain Feast:

#### NOTIONS.

Ladies' white hemstitched Handkerchiefs, regular price 10c, sale price ..... 3 1-2c
Good Pearl Buttons, price the world over 5c, sale price ... 1c
Good Adamantine Pins, regular 5c sellers, sale price ..... 1c
Good Crash Towels, sale price ..... 5c
One big lot Crash Toweling, sale price ..... 7 1-2c
Large assortment Ladies' Fancy Belts, Buckles, etc, regular price, 50c, sale price ..... 19c
One lot Ladies' Hand Bags, nice leathers, regular price $1.25, sale price ..... 79c
Air Float best Talcum Powders. Elsewhere regular price 15c, sale price ..... 5c
Ladies' fast black Hose. Good ones. Regular price 12 1-2c, sale price ..... 7c
Safety Pins, all sizes, regular price 5c, sale price ..... 3c
Best Needles, all sizes, regular price 7c, sale price ..... 3c
Good Machine Thread, 200 yards on a spool, price 5c, sale price ..... 2c
Good Pearl Buttons, regular price 10c, sale price ..... 3c

#### STAPLE DRY GOODS.

American Print Calicoes, 7c values, sale price ..... 5c
A. F. C. Ginghams, 12 1-2c value, sale price ..... 8c
Scotch Ginghams, 18c value, sale price ..... 12 1-2c
Windsor Percales, 12 1-2c value, sale price ..... 10c
Very best Apron Checks, 10 and 12 1-2c values sale price ..... 7c
Very best 36-inch Shirting, 10c value, sale price ..... 7c
Lonsdale Cambric, 15c value, sale price ..... 11c
Very best bleach and brown Domestic, 10c value, sale price ..... 7c
Turkey red Table Damask, 35c value, sale price ..... 24c
Very best white Table Damask, $1.00 value, sale price ... 75c
Very best Sheets, 90x94 1-2, 90c value, sale price ..... 74c
Very best Sheets, 90x94 1-2, $1.00 value, sale price ..... 79c
Pillow Cases, 15c value, sale price ..... 11c
Pillow Cases, 20c value, sale price ..... 14c
Very best Linen Huck Towels, 15c value, sale price ..... 9c
Very best Linen Huck Towels, 20c value, sale price ..... 14c
Best Turkish and Linen Towels, 25c value, sale price .... 19c
The well known Rubdry Towels, 40c value, sale price .... 29c
The well known Rubdry Towels, 50c value, sale price .... 34c

#### DRESS GOODS AND SILKS.

Best Mohair Dress Goods, 50c sellers, sale price ..... 35c
Best Batiste and Serge, 60c sellers, sale price ..... 42c
Best Panamas and Herringbones, 85c sellers, sale price ..... 69c
All wool Dress Goods, $1.00 sellers, sale price ..... 84c
All $1.00 Broadcloths, all colors, sale price ..... 79c
Oddity Silks, something new, 60c sellers, sale price ..... 48c
All regular 40c Foulard Silks, sale price ..... 32c
All regular 50c Elmira Silks, sale price ..... 39c
All regular 35c Shantung Silks, sale price ..... 29c
All regular 65c Messaline Silks, all colors, sale price ..... 49c
All regular $1.50 black Taffeta Silks, sale price ..... 98c
All regular $1.00 China Silks, sale price ..... 69c
All regular $1.00 Costume Velvets, sale price ..... 75c
All regular 65c Crepe de Chine, all colors, sale price ..... 48c

#### WHITE GOODS.

All regular 20c plain Flaxon, sale price ..... 14c
All regular 25c plain Flaxon, sale price ..... 18c
All regular 25 to 35c plain and fancies, sale price ..... 21c
All regular 12 1-2c India Linons, sale price ..... 9c
All regular 15c India Linons, sale price ..... 11c
All regular 20c India Linons, sale price ..... 14c
All regular 15c and 18c Pagama Checks, sale price ..... 9c
All regular $1.25 Long Cloth, sale price ..... 98c
All regular $1.50 Long Cloth, sale price ..... 19
All regular 12 1-2c and 15c Waisting, sale price ..... 9c
All regular 25c white Waistings, sale price ..... 18c
All regular 20c, 45-inch French Lawn, sale price ..... 9c
All regular 15c Persian Lawn, sale price ..... 8c
All regular 25c Persian Lawn, sale price ..... 15c
All regular 60c White Batiste, sale price ..... 48c
All regular 50c white Batiste, sale price ..... 39c
All regular 25c Linen Lawn, sale price ..... 19c
All regular 20c Linen Lawn, sale price ..... 15c
All regular 15c Linen Lawn, sale price ..... 11c

#### LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S FURNISHINGS.

One lot of R. & G. Corsets, $1.00 value, sale price ..... 50c
One lot of Misses' Corsets, $1.00 value, sale price ..... 75c
One lot Kimonas, $1.50 value, sale price ..... 98c
One lot Kimonas, $3.50 value, sale price ..... $2.48
One lot Wash Skirts, 60c value, sale price ..... 48c
One lot Wash Skirts, $1.25 value, sale price ..... 98c
One lot Middy Blouses, $1.75 value, sale price ..... $1.48
All regular $1.00 Underskirts, $1.00 value, sale price ..... 69c
All regular $1.50 Underskirts, $1.50 value, sale price ..... 98c
All regular $3.50 Underskirts, $3.50 value, sale price .... $2.48
All regular $1.00 Shirt Waists, $1.00 value, sale price ..... 69c
All regular $1.25 Shirt Waists, $1.25 value, sale price ..... 98c
All regular $1.50 Shirt Waists, $1.50 value, sale price ... $1.19
All regular $2.50 Shirt Waists, $2.50 value, sale price ... $1.98
All regular $2.00 Shirt Waists, $2.00 value, sale price ... $1.23

All of our new mannish Lingerie Waists, trimmed in Val Lace, and Linen Waists are included in this sale.

All regular 35c Muslin Underwear, sale price ..... 21c
All regular 50c Muslin Underwear, sale price ..... 39c
All regulalr $1.00 Muslin Underwear, sale price ..... 75c
All regular $1.25 Muslin Underwear, sale price ..... 98c
All regular $1.50 Muslin Underwear, sale price ..... $1.14
All regular $2.00 Muslin Underwear, sale price ..... $1.39
All regular $2.50 Muslin Underwear, sale price ..... $1.69
All regular 25c Ladies' and Children's Cotton Underwear, sale price ..... 19c
All regular 50c Ladies' and Children's Cotton Underwear, sale price ..... 39c
All regular $1.00 Ladies' Wool Underwear, sale price ..... 79c

#### LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.

One big lot Torchon Lace, 5c value, sale price ..... 2 1-2c
One lot Platt Val Lace, 15c value, sale price ..... 9c
One lot Val Lace, 5c value, sale price ..... 3c
One big lot Embroidery, 15c value, sale price ..... 9c
One big lot Embroidery, 40c value, sale price ..... 26c
One big lot $1.25 and $1.50 Shirt Waist Fronts, sale price ..... 98c

#### LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR GOODS.

All regular $18.00 Coat Suits, in all sizes, sale price ... $ 8.98
All regular $22.50 Coat Suits, in all sizes, sale price ... $10.98
All regular $25.00 Coat Suits, in all sizes, sale price ... $12.48
All regular $30.00 Coat Suits, in all sizes, sale price ... $14.98
All regular $35.00 Coat Suits, in all sizes, sale price ... $17.50
All regular $6.00 Skirts, sale price ..... $3.98
One big lot Skirts, $5.00 to $10.00 value, all go in this sale at ..... $2.48
One big lot Short Coats, hip length, value $5.00 to $10.00, all go in this sale ..... $1.98

All Ladies' and Children's Coats at one-half price.

One lot of Rain Coats for children, worth $4.00 to $6.00, sale price ..... $2.98

#### BLANKETS AND COMFORTS.

All regular $10.00 Wool Blankets, sale price ..... $6.98
All regular $7.00 Wool Blankets, sale price ..... $4.98
All regular $6.50 wool Blankets, sale price ..... $4.69
All regular $6.00 Wool Blankets, sale price ..... $4.29
One big lot Cotton Comforts, worth $1.35 to $2.00, sale price ..... 89c
One big lot Cotton Comforts, worth $3.00 to $4.00, sale price ..... $1.89
All regular $15.00 Elderdown Comforts, sale price ..... $10.49
All regular $12.50 Elderdown Comforts, sale price ..... $8.98
All regular $9.00 Elderdown Comforts, sale price ..... $6.49
All regular $8.50 Elderdown Comforts, sale price ..... $6.24
All regular $5.00 Elderdown Comforts, sale price ..... $3.69

#### RUGS AND ART SQUARES.

9x12 Deltox Rugs, $8.00 value, sale price ..... $6.49
8x10 Deltox Rugs, $7.00 value, sale price ..... $5.49
6x9 Deltox Rugs, $4.50 value, sale price ..... $3.49
54x90 Deltox Rugs, $3.50 value, sale price ..... $2.49
36x72 Deltox Rugs, $1.50 value, sale price ..... $1.14
27x54 Deltox Rugs, 99c value, sale price ..... 69c

Same Rugs in Stenciled Designs at reductions just as great.

9x12 Tapestry Brussels, $18.50 value, sale price ..... $13.98
9x12 Smyrna, $35.00 value, sale price ..... $25.98
9x12 Body Brussels, $35.00 value, sale price ..... $25.98
9x12 Axminster, $30.00 value, sale price ..... $22.49
9x12 Axminster, $27.50 value, sale price ..... $21.49
9x12 Axminster, $25.00 value, sale price ..... $18.98

Smaller sizes at reductions equally as great.

#### LINOLEUMS AND MATTINGS.

All of our regular 35c Matting will go in this sale at, per yard ..... 24c
Same quality as above, in remnants of less than 15 yards, at per yard ..... 15c
All regular $1.50 Linoleums will be on sale at, per yard .. $1.11
All regular $1.25 Linoleums will be on sale at, per yard ... 98c
This Linoleum is two yards wide.

#### TRUNKS AND BAGS.

We have a large assortment of Trunks and Bags, just received, and will positively go in this sale at ONE-THIRD OFF.

#### LACE CURTAINS AND NETS.

All Lace Curtains at ONE-HALF Price.

All regular 50c Curtain Net, sale price ..... 43c
All regular 65c Curtain Net, sale price ..... 49c
All regular 35c Curtain Net, sale price ..... 19c

LISTEN TO THIS—Don't overlook the fact that we have the most up-to-date stock of DRAPERY GOODS in this section of the State. The goods in this department go in this sale. A BIG REDUCTION, without reservation.

#### SENSATIONAL MINUTE SALES ON WEDNESDAY, FEB. 15, THURSDAY, FEB. 16, FRIDAY, FEB. 17.

and on Saturday, February 18th, we will sell between the hours of 10 and 10:20 A. M., the very best dress ginghams at 5c the yard, 10 yards to a customer. From 10:40 to 11 A. M. we will sell the very best yard-wide Bleaching at 5c the yard, 10 yards to a customer. From 1:00 to 1:20 P. M. we will sell the best regular 15c Persian Lawn at 5c the yard, 10 yards to a customer. From 2:00 to 2:20 P. M. we will sell the very best grade of Calico on earth at 3c the yard, 10 yards to a customer. Be on hand early and get your share.

**You are Cordially Invited to Inspect the Latest Models of**

## *LaGrecque Corset*

**Which Will Be on Exhibition at This Store From**

## Feb. 15th to 25th, 1911

**We have engaged a New York Corsetiere to show you how to improve your figure. Come and see her.**

## PLATT & HAAR

Wilmington, North Carolina.

## OUR GUARANTEE

**Any article bought during this sale and not proving satisfactory or just as represented or advertised, will be gladly exchanged or money refunded. All articles marked in plain figures.**

OUR GUARANTEE

#### STORE CLOSED.

Our store will be closed all day Monday and Tuesday, February 13th and 14th. An army of clerks will be busy day and night marking down and arranging goods, for this, the greatest selling event in the history of Wilmington.

Look for the big green signs in front of our store. Every word on them means untold savings to you.

# PLATT & HAAR

WILMINGTON, N. C.

## DURING THIS SALE MONEY WILL BE MIGHTY!

#### HELP WANTED.

40 Salesladies; 20 Salesmen and 10 Bundle Wrappers wanted. Apply at store Monday and Tuesday, February 13th and 14th, between 9 A. M. and 2 P. M.